

# Converting Colors

XYZ(9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(9.5260, 17.9589,  
3.9416)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1E881A
RGB	30, 136, 26
RGB Percent	12%, 53%, 10%
CMY	0.8824, 0.4667, 0.8980
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.81, 0.47
HSL	118°, 68%, 32%
HSV	118°, 81%, 53%
XYZ	9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416
YIQ	91.7660, -27.8660, -56.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

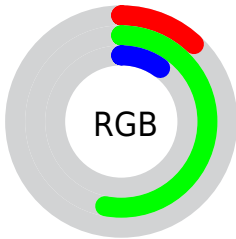
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	26, 136, 132
Decimal	2000922
CIE Lab	49.45, -49.84, 46.68
CIE LCh	49, 68.287, 136.878
Yxy	17.9589, 0.3031, 0.5715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280191002 (0xFF1E881A)
YUV	91.7660, -32.4226, -54.1688
Hunter-Lab	42.3779, -34.0370, 24.1500

# Details

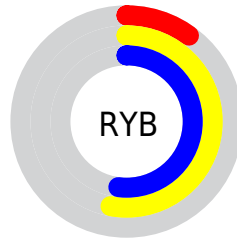
The XYZ color **9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **14.3305, 7.4228, 23.9709**, and the grayscale version is **10.1960, 10.7270, 11.6817**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4408, 39.7711, 13.7856**, and **3.2485, 6.4970, 1.0828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.1026, 17.7548, 3.3082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.1815, 18.2754, 4.9633**.

# Distribution



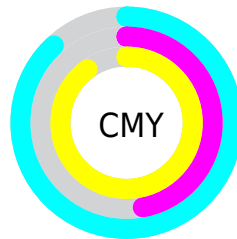
- Red (12%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (47%)




- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (90%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 9.5260, 17.9589,  
3.9416


 9.5260, 17.9589,  
3.9416


181.3800,  
240.6393, 147.5740


 5.1457, 10.9205,  
1.5934


 24.5579, 39.9673,  
13.8748


 2.3686, 6.0134,  
0.2861

 35.9402, 55.7060,  
22.2969


 0.8294, 2.8532,  
0.0000

 50.3872, 75.1137,  
33.5807

 0.0000, 1.0556,  
0.0000


 68.2642, 98.5746,  
48.1447


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 89.9367, 126.4733,  
66.4075


 115.7699,


159.1940, 88.7877


 146.1292,  
197.1212, 115.7036


 9.5260, 17.9589,  
3.9416


 9.5260, 17.9589,  
3.9416

 9.1026, 17.7548,  
3.3082


 10.1815, 18.2754,  
4.9633

 8.8663, 17.6409,  
2.9377

 11.0946, 18.7148,  
6.4205

 12.2887, 19.2888,  
8.3550

 13.7842, 20.0072,  
10.8035

 15.5998, 20.8787,  
13.7988

■ 17.7525, 21.9116,  
17.3714

■ 20.2581, 23.1135,  
21.5491

■ 23.1316, 24.4913,  
26.3584

■ 26.3869, 26.0519,  
31.8238

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7173, 17.9589, 1.4580



9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



7.6195, 17.9589, 12.5513

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



14.4071, 17.9589, 78.5090



31.8913, 17.9589, 10.9517

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



14.3305, 7.4228, 23.9709

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.2114, 17.9589, 28.7715



9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



20.9274, 17.9589, 76.9971

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



9.9209, 17.9589, 58.5981



27.8101, 17.9589, 55.2435



27.0220, 17.9589, 3.4025



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



7.4834, 17.9589, 24.1215



27.8101, 17.9589, 55.2435



32.5708, 17.9589, 15.6031

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5264, 17.9596, 3.9420



29.8321, 37.9167, 28.1991



18.3899, 21.4084, 4.1405



6.6351, 8.6498, 6.0765



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5264, 17.9596, 3.9420



15.6889, 31.1171, 5.3309



10.5179, 18.3436, 9.7337



4.9876, 5.6163, 5.3736



8.3931, 16.6968, 2.7804



0.0577, 0.1119, 0.0186



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.3305, 7.4228, 23.9709



24.4127, 11.7656, 42.0327



12.2233, 6.6535, 9.5508



5.2162, 5.1199, 6.3192



13.0757, 6.2549, 22.5638

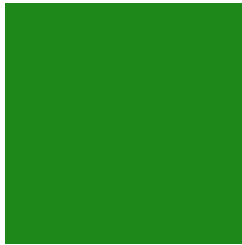


0.0895, 0.0429, 0.1500



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

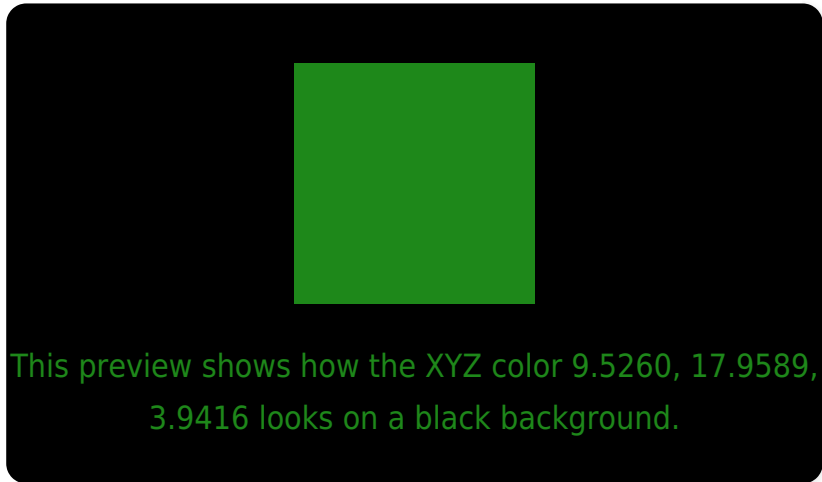
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5260, 17.9589,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416

### Protanopia

16.0124, 17.6823, 3.2785

### Deuteranopia

17.8884, 17.6198, 4.2919



## Tritanopia

14.1546, 18.0416, 26.4033

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



## Protanomaly

12.0816, 16.9101, 3.4378



## Deuteranomaly

12.7141, 16.4915, 4.0264



## Tritanomaly

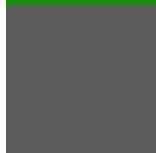
11.5055, 17.5321, 14.0869

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416



## Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548



## Achromatomaly

8.8602, 12.4077, 7.3968

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 136, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 136, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 136, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 136, 26) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 136, 26) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 136, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 136, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 136, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 136, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 136,  
26) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.5260, 17.9589, 3.9416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 136, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 136,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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