

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.5428, 17.8738, 3.9906)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.5428, 17.8738, 3.9906)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.5977, 17.9945,
4.0044)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20881B
RGB	32, 136, 27
RGB Percent	13%, 53%, 11%
CMY	0.8745, 0.4667, 0.8941
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.80, 0.47
HSL	117°, 67%, 32%
HSV	117°, 80%, 53%
XYZ	9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044
YIQ	92.4780, -26.9950, -55.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

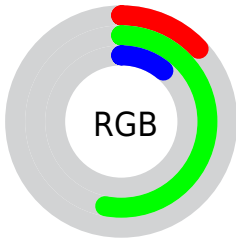
Format	Color
R_YB	27, 136, 131
Decimal	2131995
CIE Lab	49.49, -49.45, 46.40
CIE LCh	49, 67.811, 136.820
Yxy	17.9945, 0.3038, 0.5695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280322075 (0xFF20881B)
YUV	92.4780, -32.2807, -53.0392
Hunter-Lab	42.4199, -33.8484, 24.0970

Details

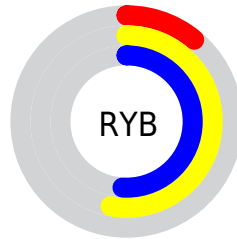
The XYZ color **9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **14.1971, 7.3875, 23.9711**, and the grayscale version is **10.3607, 10.9003, 11.8704**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.5807, 39.8390, 13.9836**, and **3.2485, 6.4970, 1.0828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.1488, 17.7778, 3.3439**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.2792, 18.3238, 5.0570**.

Distribution



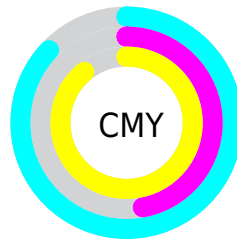
- Red (13%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.5977, 17.9945,
4.0044

■ 9.5977, 17.9945,
4.0044

181.8905,
240.8400, 148.2743

■ 5.1933, 10.9460,
1.6278

■ 24.6926, 40.0280,
14.0199

■ 2.3970, 6.0306,
0.3105

■ 36.1138, 55.7817,
22.4959

■ 0.8436, 2.8637,
0.0000

■ 50.6046, 75.2061,
33.8420

■ 0.0000, 1.0610,
0.0000

■ 68.5304, 98.6854,
48.4768

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.2565, 126.6040,
66.8189

■ 116.1484,

159.3464, 89.2869

146.5712,
197.2970, 116.2991

9.5977, 17.9945,
4.0044

9.5977, 17.9945,
4.0044

9.1488, 17.7778,
3.3439

10.2792, 18.3238,
5.0570

8.8825, 17.6492,
2.9385

11.2176, 18.7755,
6.5483

12.4356, 19.3610,
8.5195

13.9530, 20.0898,
11.0071

15.7880, 20.9705,
14.0437

■ 17.9570, 22.0109,
17.6594

■ 20.4756, 23.2184,
21.8821

■ 23.3583, 24.6000,
26.7380

■ 26.6186, 26.1621,
32.2515

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7788, 17.9945, 1.5055



9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



7.6903, 17.9945, 12.5960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



14.4439, 17.9945, 77.9782



31.8227, 17.9945, 11.0506

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



14.1971, 7.3875, 23.9711

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.1302, 17.9945, 28.7943



9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



20.9236, 17.9945, 76.5299

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



9.9793, 17.9945, 58.2525



27.7577, 17.9945, 55.0355



27.0002, 17.9945, 3.4791

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



7.5517, 17.9945, 24.0909



27.7577, 17.9945, 55.0355



32.4931, 17.9945, 15.6929

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5981, 17.9953, 4.0048



29.8971, 37.9502, 28.2021



18.4079, 21.4262, 4.2027



6.6513, 8.6581, 6.0773



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5981, 17.9953, 4.0048



15.7476, 31.1462, 5.3839



10.5630, 18.3646, 9.8353



4.9917, 5.6185, 5.3738



8.4090, 16.7050, 2.7812



0.0583, 0.1122, 0.0186

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.1971, 7.3875, 23.9711



24.1003, 11.6329, 42.0235



12.2642, 6.7059, 9.6549



5.2116, 5.1175, 6.3189



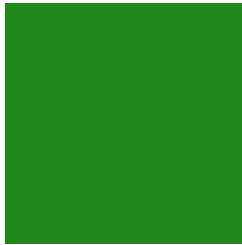
12.8873, 6.1578, 22.5550



0.0889, 0.0426, 0.1500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

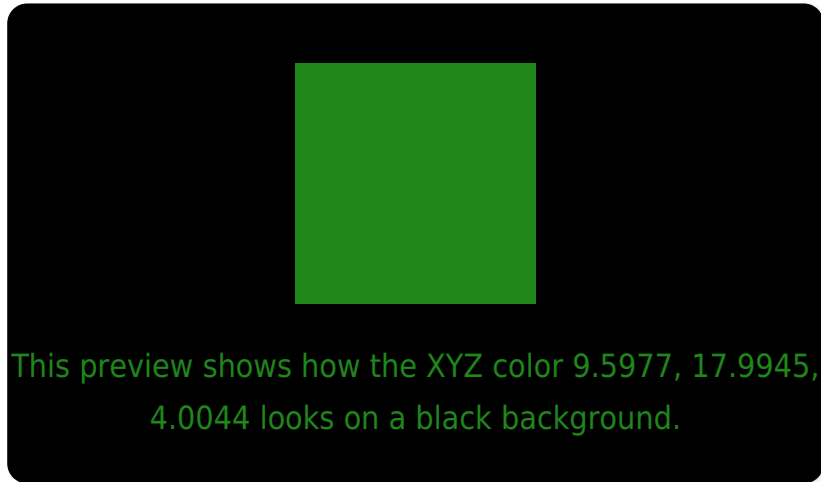
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5977, 17.9945,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044

Protanopia

16.0218, 17.6860, 3.3284

Deuteranopia

17.9047, 17.6264, 4.3780



Tritanopia

14.1546, 18.0416, 26.4033

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



Protanomaly

12.1964, 16.9680, 3.4965



Deuteranomaly

12.8455, 16.5575, 4.1090



Tritanomaly

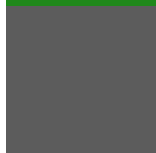
11.5565, 17.5584, 14.0893

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044



Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548



Achromatomaly

8.9317, 12.4446, 7.4001

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 136, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 136, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 136, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 136, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 136, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 136, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 136, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 136, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 136, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 136,  
27) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.5977, 17.9945, 4.0044 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 136, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 136,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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