

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.5505, 10.1434, 18.9760)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.5505, 10.1434, 18.9760)
contains.

XYZ(9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.5251, 10.0793,
18.8962)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	455B77
RGB	69, 91, 119
RGB Percent	27%, 36%, 47%
CMY	0.7294, 0.6431, 0.5333
CMYK	0.42, 0.24, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	214°, 27%, 37%
HSV	214°, 42%, 47%
XYZ	9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962
YIQ	87.6140, -22.1000, 4.0440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

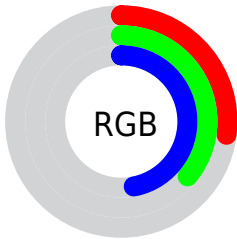
Format	Color
R_{YB}	69, 84, 119
Decimal	4545399
CIE _{Lab}	37.98, -0.45, -18.48
CIE _{LCh}	38, 18.487, 268.618
Yxy	10.0793, 0.2474, 0.2618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282735479 (0xFF455B77)
YUV	87.6140, 15.4733, -16.3245
Hunter-Lab	31.7479, -2.0048, -13.0656

Details

The XYZ color **9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **12.9568, 12.9012, 7.4379**, and the grayscale version is **9.1630, 9.6402, 10.4982**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4833, 25.9120, 42.2392**, and **2.3710, 2.5449, 6.1606** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2196, 8.5980, 18.6793**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0512, 11.7499, 19.1384**.

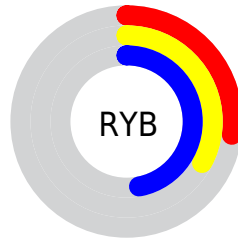
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (36%)

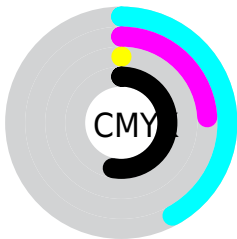
Blue (47%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (47%)

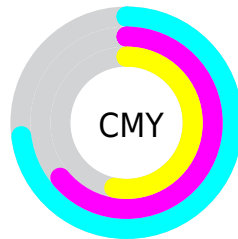


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.5251, 10.0793,
18.8962

■ 9.5251, 10.0793,
18.8962

181.3736,
191.2371, 258.2787

■ 5.1451, 5.4516,
11.4192

■ 24.5562, 25.9445,
42.3930

■ 2.3683, 2.5146,
6.2319

■ 35.9380, 37.9509,
59.2499

■ 0.8293, 0.8839,
2.9155

■ 50.3844, 53.1855,
80.0706

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.0517

■ 68.2609, 72.0328,
105.2735

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.9326, 94.8772,
135.2772

115.7651,

122.1032, 170.5003

146.1237,
154.0950, 211.3613

■ 9.5251, 10.0793,
18.8962

■ 9.5251, 10.0793,
18.8962

■ 8.2196, 8.5980,
18.6793

■ 11.0512, 11.7499,
19.1384

■ 7.1222, 7.2970,
18.4860

■ 12.8076, 13.6159,
19.4060

■ 6.2206, 6.1680,
18.3156

■ 14.8043, 15.6847,
19.7001

■ 5.5006, 5.2017,
18.1670

■ 17.0508, 17.9627,
20.0214

■ 4.9458, 4.3874,
18.0391

■ 19.5557, 20.4562,
20.3707

■ 4.5740, 3.8203,
17.9492

■ 22.3273, 23.1711,
20.7486

■ 25.3736, 26.1130,
21.1559

■ 28.7023, 29.2876,
21.5932

■ 32.3204, 32.6999,
22.0611

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.4395, 10.0793, 17.5576



9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962



10.7159, 10.0793, 17.7742

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962



11.7275, 10.0793, 8.1310



7.7600, 10.0793, 7.9094

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962



12.9568, 12.9012, 7.4379

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.5275, 10.0793, 6.1768



9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962



10.8190, 10.0793, 6.2850

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962



12.0489, 10.0793, 11.1331



9.6353, 10.0793, 5.6493



7.4739, 10.0793, 10.8177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962



11.3975, 10.0793, 15.8902



9.6353, 10.0793, 5.6493



7.9669, 10.0793, 7.1944

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5254, 10.0797, 18.8964



26.0149, 27.5784, 35.2051



11.1858, 15.3128, 13.5538



6.0023, 6.3680, 8.3195



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5254, 10.0797, 18.8964



14.8800, 15.5829, 33.4766



8.0936, 6.9471, 18.3673



3.6209, 3.8305, 4.6387



4.8502, 4.0401, 19.0668



22.8110, 18.0386, 92.6398

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6245, 8.9338, 11.0097



19.2562, 13.6097, 16.9403



14.9403, 17.3709, 8.1960



3.7447, 3.7252, 4.1822



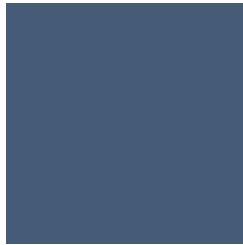
8.7453, 4.4318, 3.8669



42.2007, 21.4304, 16.6521

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

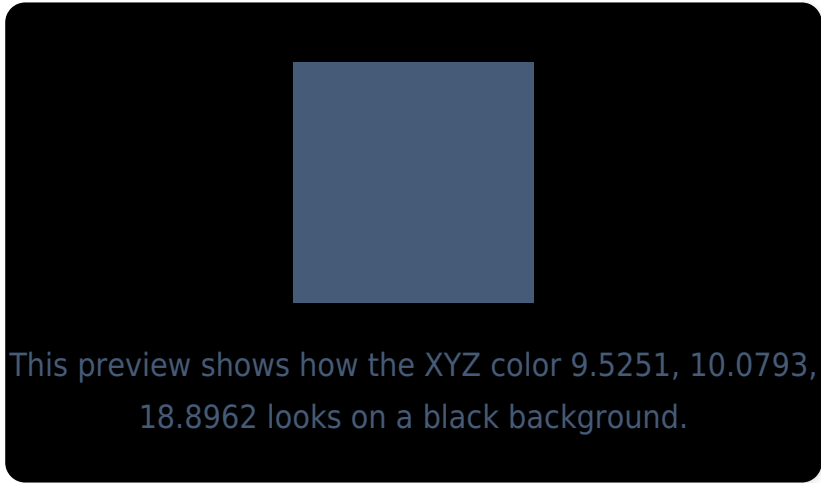
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

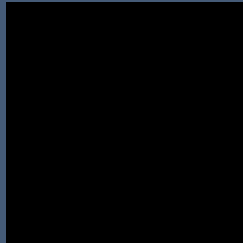
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

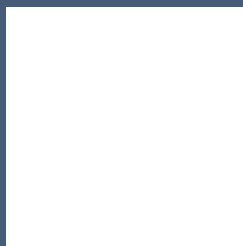
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962.

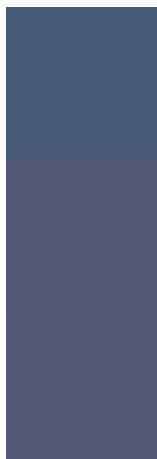


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5251, 10.0793,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962

Protanopia

10.0939, 10.0131, 18.2303

Deuteranopia

10.2732, 10.0848, 19.1744



Tritanopia

8.5153, 10.0547, 14.0623

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962

Protanomaly

9.9030, 10.0305, 18.5537

Deuteranomaly

10.0231, 10.0786, 19.1864

Tritanomaly

8.8679, 10.0697, 15.6636

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

9.2178, 9.7949, 13.2092

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(69, 91, 119) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 91, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 91, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 91, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 91, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 91, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 91, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 91, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 91, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 91,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.5251, 10.0793, 18.8962 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 91, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 91,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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