

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.6006, 7.4630, 39.3877)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.6006, 7.4630, 39.3877)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.6039, 7.4468,
39.4593)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0047AB
RGB	0, 71, 171
RGB Percent	0%, 28%, 67%
CMY	0.9999, 0.7216, 0.3294
CMYK	1.00, 0.58, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	215°, 100%, 34%
HSV	215°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593
YIQ	61.1710, -74.4160, 16.0480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

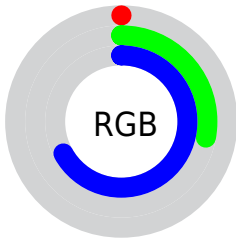
Format	Color
RYB	0, 50, 171
Decimal	18347
CIELab	32.80, 22.53, -58.45
CIELCh	33, 62.638, 291.076
Yxy	7.4468, 0.1700, 0.1318
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278208427 (0xFF0047AB)
YUV	61.1710, 54.1457, -53.6470
Hunter-Lab	27.2888, 15.0650, -66.6304

Details

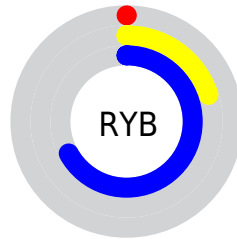
The XYZ color **9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**, and the color name is **cobalt blue**. A complement of this color would be **21.3545, 17.7773, 2.3066**, and the grayscale version is **4.3942, 4.6230, 5.0345**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.6784, 20.9134, 75.4090**, and **3.7094, 2.1867, 17.3661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6030, 7.4449, 39.4592**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5267, 8.9457, 39.7002**.

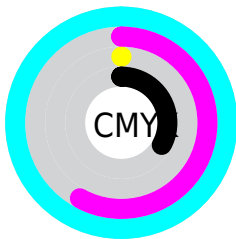
Distribution



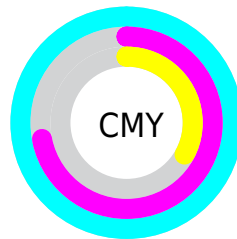
- Red (0%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.6039, 7.4468,
39.4593

■ 9.6039, 7.4468,
39.4593

181.9345,
171.3263, 359.3234

■ 5.1974, 3.7431,
26.8066

■ 24.7043, 20.8666,
75.5675

■ 2.3995, 1.5309,
17.1969

■ 36.1288, 31.3514,
99.8601

■ 0.8448, 0.3103,
10.2115

■ 50.6234, 44.8654,
128.8698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
5.4320

■ 68.5534, 61.7929,
163.0152

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.4398

■ 90.2842, 82.5183,
202.7146

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8080

■ 116.1810,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

107.4261, 248.3868

0.0000

146.6094,
136.9007, 300.4502

■ 9.6039, 7.4468,
39.4593

■ 9.6039, 7.4468,
39.4593

■ 9.6030, 7.4449,
39.4592

■ 10.5267, 8.9457,
39.7002

■ 11.7592, 10.7669,
39.9868

■ 13.3866, 12.9609,
40.3245

■ 15.4495, 15.5548,
40.7164

■ 17.9833, 18.5729,
41.1654

■ 21.0190, 22.0369,
41.6740

■ 24.5849, 25.9667,
42.2446

■ 28.7073, 30.3811,
42.8794

■ 33.4103, 35.2976,
43.5805

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.1418, 7.4468, 42.3779



9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593



13.2246, 7.4468, 25.6360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593



11.8400, 7.4468, 0.5471



2.4890, 7.4468, 5.6113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593



21.3545, 17.7773, 2.3066

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.2105, 7.4468, 1.2229



9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593



8.1047, 7.4468, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593



14.7689, 7.4468, 3.1841



5.0390, 7.4468, 0.0000



2.6656, 7.4468, 16.5190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593



14.9019, 7.4468, 15.5127



5.0390, 7.4468, 0.0000



2.6234, 7.4468, 3.5394

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6043, 7.4470, 39.4595



43.6566, 46.0990, 75.5989



16.8520, 30.0416, 16.9064



9.1311, 9.6190, 16.7631



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6043, 7.4470, 39.4595



17.0000, 12.9365, 70.6029



7.5364, 3.0364, 38.7172



7.8418, 8.2830, 10.1382



7.2888, 5.7114, 29.7628



0.2576, 0.2685, 0.8462

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9323, 9.1135, 6.7752



32.0142, 16.2803, 11.6018



28.4195, 36.2693, 5.5035



8.1380, 8.0684, 9.0373



13.5427, 6.8796, 5.2372



0.4044, 0.2024, 0.2913

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

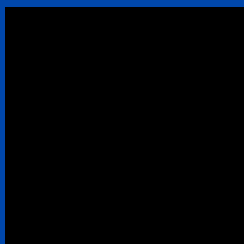
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593

Protanopia

8.6203, 7.3662, 33.3152

Deuteranopia

7.2399, 7.3695, 24.3334



Tritanopia

5.2161, 7.4109, 11.0531

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593

Protanomaly

8.9934, 7.4094, 35.6065

Deuteranomaly

8.0093, 7.3388, 29.4282

Tritanomaly

6.3326, 7.2409, 18.8332

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

5.0760, 5.1515, 13.0387

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 71, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 71, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 71, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 71, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 71, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 71, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 71, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 71, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 71, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 71, 171)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.6039, 7.4468, 39.4593 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 71, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 71,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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