

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.6157, 11.6853,
16.5005)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F666E
RGB	63, 102, 110
RGB Percent	25%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6000, 0.5686
CMYK	0.43, 0.07, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	190°, 27%, 34%
HSV	190°, 43%, 43%
XYZ	9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005
YIQ	91.2510, -25.8120, -5.7800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

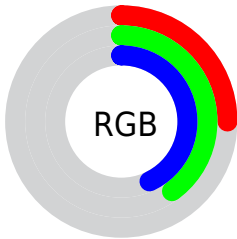
Format	Color
R_{YB}	63, 84, 110
Decimal	4154990
CIE _{Lab}	40.71, -11.47, -8.85
CIE _{LCh}	41, 14.485, 217.663
Yxy	11.6853, 0.2544, 0.3091
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282345070 (0xFF3F666E)
YUV	91.2510, 9.2433, -24.7761
Hunter-Lab	34.1838, -9.6106, -4.6906




Details

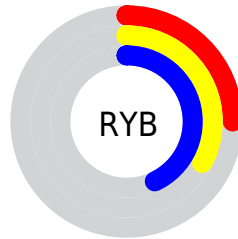
The XYZ color **9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **9.5809, 8.1804, 5.7768**, and the grayscale version is **9.9851, 10.5051, 11.4401**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.7229, 28.9018, 38.4580**, and **2.3873, 3.1583, 5.0412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8004, 10.9952, 16.4105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5763, 12.4570, 16.5990**.

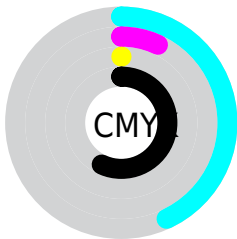
Distribution







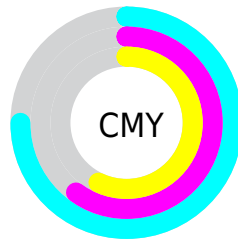
-  Red (25%)
-  Green (40%)
-  Blue (43%)






-  Red (25%)
-  Yellow (33%)
-  Blue (43%)



-  Cyan (43%)
-  Magenta (7%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (57%)



-  Cyan (75%)
-  Magenta (60%)
-  Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.6157, 11.6853,
16.5005

■ 9.6157, 11.6853,
16.5005

182.0184,
202.3106, 244.2229

■ 5.2052, 6.5298,
9.7208

■ 24.7264, 28.9206,
38.2437

■ 2.4042, 3.1698,
5.1111

■ 36.1573, 41.7692,
54.0444

■ 0.8472, 1.2210,
2.2527

■ 50.6591, 57.9510,
73.6892

■ 0.0000, 0.0788,
0.7045

■ 68.5971, 77.8502,
97.5965

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.3367, 101.8514,
126.1850

■ 116.2432,

130.3390, 159.8732

146.6820,
163.6972, 199.0797

■ 9.6157, 11.6853,
16.5005

■ 9.6157, 11.6853,
16.5005

■ 8.8004, 10.9952,
16.4105

■ 10.5763, 12.4570,
16.5990

■ 8.1209, 10.3810,
16.3277

■ 11.6888, 13.3130,
16.7056

■ 7.5681, 9.8382,
16.2521

■ 12.9609, 14.2574,
16.8209

■ 7.1316, 9.3614,
16.1831

■ 14.3992, 15.2938,
16.9451

■ 6.7977, 8.9434,
16.1200

■ 16.0100, 16.4255,
17.0786

■ 6.5796, 8.6560,
16.0760

■ 17.7993, 17.6556,
17.2218

■ 19.7729, 18.9871,
17.3748

■ 21.9361, 20.4228,
17.5379

■ 24.2942, 21.9654,
17.7113

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.2624, 11.6853, 13.4923



9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005



10.3729, 11.6853, 18.7030

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005



13.0347, 11.6853, 14.9957



10.8453, 11.6853, 7.9017

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005



9.5809, 8.1804, 5.7768

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.8740, 11.6853, 8.1770



9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005



13.1805, 11.6853, 11.9841

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005



12.3571, 11.6853, 17.7451



12.7440, 11.6853, 9.5716



9.9433, 11.6853, 8.7514

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005



11.0262, 11.6853, 19.2508



12.7440, 11.6853, 9.5716



11.1872, 11.6853, 7.8684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6161, 11.6858, 16.5008



22.6148, 24.9311, 29.5275



8.7580, 12.6616, 7.9158



5.1685, 5.7325, 6.8628



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6161, 11.6858, 16.5008



15.5033, 19.3516, 28.8254



7.6366, 7.7267, 15.8409



3.4290, 3.7233, 4.2922



7.8860, 10.3623, 19.3061



38.7350, 50.5219, 95.9893

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6064, 7.8295, 13.5231



17.5381, 11.8212, 22.6196



11.3602, 11.7389, 6.3699



3.4912, 3.4442, 4.1135



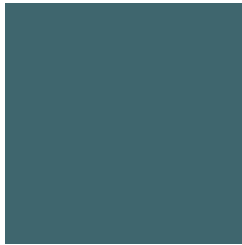
9.9988, 4.8919, 12.3356



49.5316, 24.2580, 59.9909

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

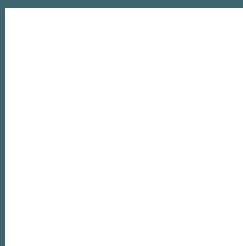
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6157, 11.6853,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005

Protanopia

11.2581, 11.5840, 15.0072

Deuteranopia

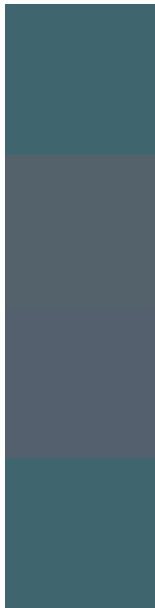
11.7687, 11.5399, 16.9364



Tritanopia

9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005

Protanomaly

10.5888, 11.6359, 15.5978

Deuteranomaly

10.7984, 11.4447, 16.6788

Tritanomaly

9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005

Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927

Achromatomaly

9.6902, 10.8156, 13.1322

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 102, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 102, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 102, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 102, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 102, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 102, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 102, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 102, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 102, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 102,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.6157, 11.6853, 16.5005 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 102, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 102,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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