

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.6283, 18.9148, 4.2633)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.6283, 18.9148, 4.2633)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.5877, 18.8400,
4.2298)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008C1C
RGB	0, 140, 28
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 11%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4510, 0.8902
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.80, 0.45
HSL	132°, 100%, 27%
HSV	132°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298
YIQ	85.3720, -47.4880, -64.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

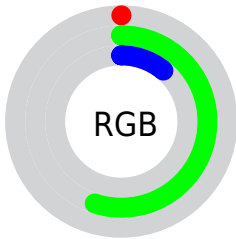
Format	Color
RYB	0, 117, 140
Decimal	35868
CIELab	50.50, -53.88, 46.92
CIELCh	50, 71.447, 138.952
Yxy	18.8400, 0.2936, 0.5769
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225948 (0xFF008C1C)
YUV	85.3720, -28.2844, -74.8712
Hunter-Lab	43.4051, -36.5302, 24.6058

Details

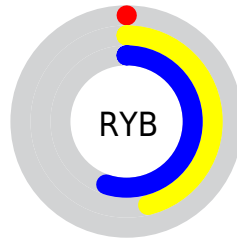
The XYZ color **9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **13.7403, 6.7456, 15.9070**, and the grayscale version is **8.7781, 9.2352, 10.0572**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.6565, 41.5091, 14.4971**, and **3.4897, 6.9794, 1.1632** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5881, 18.8408, 4.2301**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9292, 18.9981, 5.0810**.

Distribution



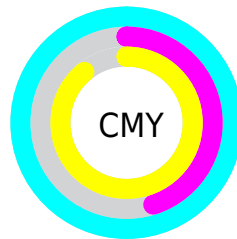
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.5877, 18.8400,
4.2298

■ 9.5877, 18.8400,
4.2298

181.8194,
245.5640, 150.7463

■ 5.1866, 11.5547,
1.7522

■ 24.6738, 41.4636,
14.5364

■ 2.3930, 6.4413,
0.3962

■ 36.0896, 57.5706,
23.2025

■ 0.8416, 3.1152,
0.0000

■ 50.5743, 77.3871,
34.7685

■ 0.0000, 1.1922,
0.0000

■ 68.4933, 101.2973,
49.6530


■ 0.0000, 0.0553,
0.0000


■ 90.2120, 129.6858,
68.2744


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 116.0956,


162.9368, 91.0515


 146.5097,
201.4347, 118.4026


 9.5877, 18.8400,
4.2298


 9.5877, 18.8400,
4.2298


 9.5881, 18.8408,
4.2301

 9.9292, 18.9981,
5.0810

 10.4419, 19.2376,
6.2265

 11.1921, 19.5927,
7.6927

 12.2057, 20.0762,
9.5013

 13.5049, 20.6993,
11.6721

■ 15.1098, 21.4718,
14.2235

■ 17.0385, 22.4028,
17.1724

■ 19.3077, 23.5006,
20.5350

■ 21.9328, 24.7727,
24.3264

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9005, 18.8400, 1.4203



9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



7.7175, 18.8400, 14.0073

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



15.4614, 18.8400, 85.8651



33.7917, 18.8400, 10.4093

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



13.7403, 6.7456, 15.9070

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.5265, 18.8400, 28.7750



9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



22.6173, 18.8400, 82.3604

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



10.4743, 18.8400, 65.1562



30.0227, 18.8400, 57.4086



28.2182, 18.8400, 3.0547

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



7.6691, 18.8400, 27.0784



30.0227, 18.8400, 57.4086



34.6584, 18.8400, 15.1061

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5881, 18.8408, 4.2302



29.8055, 39.3832, 29.9237



16.0609, 22.2018, 3.4390



6.5635, 8.9278, 6.4335



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5881, 18.8408, 4.2302



16.8558, 33.1968, 7.2055



11.5832, 19.6388, 14.7361



5.0101, 5.6235, 5.5743



8.5252, 16.7427, 3.7905



0.0609, 0.1129, 0.0479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.7403, 6.7456, 15.9070



24.1660, 11.8691, 27.7392



11.2336, 5.7429, 2.7071



5.1917, 5.1121, 6.0980



12.2154, 5.9963, 14.1703



0.0862, 0.0419, 0.1207

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

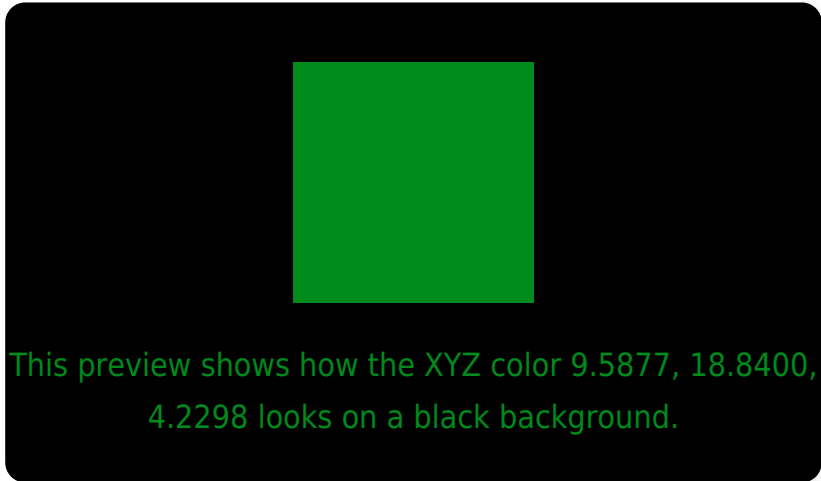
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5877, 18.8400,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298

Protanopia

16.8628, 18.6457, 3.5208

Deuteranopia

18.9780, 18.6719, 4.6113



Tritanopia

14.5353, 18.7879, 28.0596

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



Protanomaly

11.6026, 17.2274, 3.6334



Deuteranomaly

12.1207, 16.7262, 4.2587



Tritanomaly

11.5883, 18.3636, 14.9904

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298



Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927



Achromatomaly

7.4983, 11.2576, 6.6282

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 140, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 140, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 140, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 140, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 140, 28) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 140, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 140, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 140, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 140, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 140, 28)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.5877, 18.8400, 4.2298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 140, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 140,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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