

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.6336, 6.6537, 38.9282)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.6336, 6.6537, 38.9282)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.6380, 6.6876,
38.8131)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	223EAA
RGB	34, 62, 170
RGB Percent	13%, 24%, 67%
CMY	0.8666, 0.7569, 0.3333
CMYK	0.80, 0.64, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	228°, 67%, 40%
HSV	228°, 80%, 67%
XYZ	9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131
YIQ	65.9400, -51.3560, 27.6520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

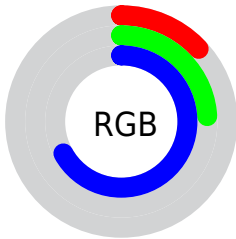
Format	Color
R_{YB}	34, 57, 170
Decimal	2244266
CIE _{Lab}	31.08, 30.21, -60.63
CIE _{LCh}	31, 67.736, 296.484
Yxy	6.6876, 0.1748, 0.1213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280434346 (0xFF223EAA)
YUV	65.9400, 51.3016, -28.0114
Hunter-Lab	25.8604, 21.2701, -70.8843

Details

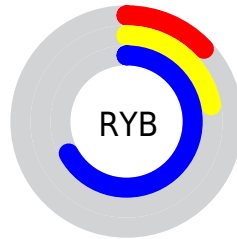
The XYZ color **9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **26.5414, 28.0113, 5.5220**, and the grayscale version is **5.0984, 5.3639, 5.8413**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.6756, 19.2530, 74.3672**, and **3.4791, 1.8207, 16.9977** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5645, 5.1764, 38.5782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1717, 8.7067, 39.1222**.

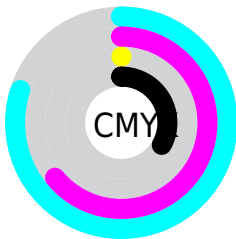
Distribution



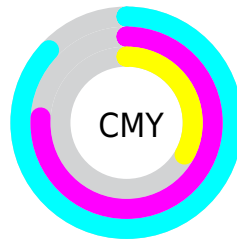
- Red (13%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.6380, 6.6876,
38.8131

■ 9.6380, 6.6876,
38.8131

182.1767,
165.0421, 356.4974

■ 5.2200, 3.2675,
26.3076

■ 24.7683, 19.3419,
74.5699

■ 2.4130, 1.2729,
16.8261

■ 36.2112, 29.3450,
98.6583

■ 0.8516, 0.1201,
9.9499

■ 50.7266, 42.3111,
127.4448

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
5.2606

■ 68.6797, 58.6247,
161.3480

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.3396

■ 90.4359, 78.6702,
200.7863

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7533

■ 116.3606,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

102.8320, 246.1782

0.0000

146.8191,
131.4945, 297.9424

■ 9.6380, 6.6876,
38.8131

■ 9.6380, 6.6876,
38.8131

■ 8.5645, 5.1764,
38.5782

■ 11.1717, 8.7067,
39.1222

■ 7.8568, 4.1042,
38.4085

■ 13.2129, 11.2767,
39.5107

■ 7.8564, 4.1037,
38.4084

■ 15.8040, 14.4360,
39.9839

■ 18.9824, 18.2195,
40.5467

■ 22.7820, 22.6590,
41.2033

■ 27.2344, 27.7844,
41.9580

■ 32.3686, 33.6235,
42.8144

■ 38.2122, 40.2025,
43.7763

■ 44.7910, 47.5464,
44.8471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.9740, 6.6876, 44.8321



9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131



13.2761, 6.6876, 22.6950

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131



10.5580, 6.6876, 0.0000



1.8851, 6.6876, 6.2202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131



26.5414, 28.0113, 5.5220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.3897, 6.6876, 1.1420



9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131



6.7547, 6.6876, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131



13.9240, 6.6876, 1.8026



3.9196, 6.6876, 0.0000



2.1921, 6.6876, 18.8099

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131



14.7699, 6.6876, 12.4262



3.9196, 6.6876, 0.0000



1.9591, 6.6876, 3.7985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6384, 6.6877, 38.8133



45.6759, 46.1242, 75.4974



19.8081, 30.9992, 29.9581



9.5721, 9.5781, 16.7319



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6384, 6.6877, 38.8133



14.5356, 7.8427, 69.7496



10.5411, 5.4456, 38.5260



7.2523, 7.5414, 9.4918



5.8129, 3.0859, 28.2648



0.1754, 0.1431, 0.6990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.0195, 10.0386, 5.5452



30.8105, 15.9529, 4.7883



24.0968, 33.7281, 6.7544



7.5919, 7.5666, 8.1683



12.4347, 6.3826, 1.8345



0.3197, 0.1622, 0.1350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

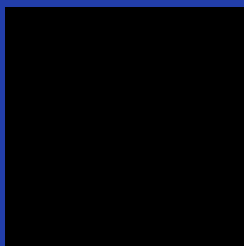
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6380, 6.6876,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131

Protanopia

7.6150, 6.5502, 29.2967

Deuteranopia

6.3468, 6.5645, 21.0112



Tritanopia

4.6221, 6.5567, 9.8261

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131

Protanomaly

8.2446, 6.5268, 32.7235

Deuteranomaly

7.2997, 6.4417, 26.8452

Tritanomaly

5.8113, 6.2601, 17.7316

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131

Achromatopsia

5.1784, 5.4480, 5.9329

Achromatomaly

5.9103, 5.5643, 13.8592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 62, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 62, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 62, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 62, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 62, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 62, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 62, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 62, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 62, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 62,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.6380, 6.6876, 38.8131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 62, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 62,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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