

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.6646, 15.4192, 3.7135)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.6646, 15.4192, 3.7135)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.7012, 15.4886,
3.7066)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	447B1E
RGB	68, 123, 30
RGB Percent	27%, 48%, 12%
CMY	0.7333, 0.5176, 0.8823
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.76, 0.52
HSL	95°, 61%, 30%
HSV	95°, 76%, 48%
XYZ	9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066
YIQ	95.9530, -2.9270, -40.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

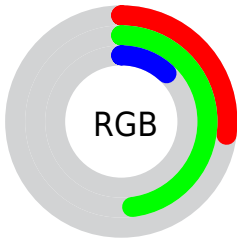
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 123, 85
Decimal	4487966
CIE Lab	46.30, -34.85, 42.59
CIE LCh	46, 55.030, 129.294
Yxy	15.4886, 0.3357, 0.5360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282678046 (0xFF447B1E)
YUV	95.9530, -32.5148, -24.5148
Hunter-Lab	39.3556, -24.8717, 21.9648

Details

The XYZ color **9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **7.7866, 4.2904, 19.1575**, and the grayscale version is **11.1841, 11.7666, 12.8138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.8957, 35.7097, 13.3651**, and **2.5342, 4.8432, 0.8013** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.0976, 15.1927, 3.0126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4298, 15.8429, 4.7274**.

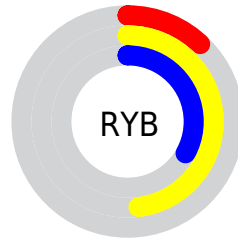
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (48%)

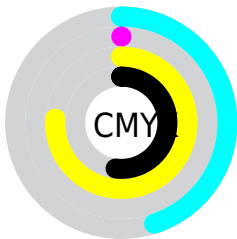
Blue (12%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (33%)

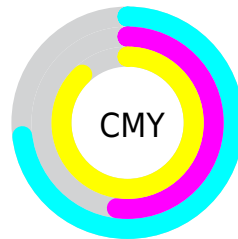


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.7012, 15.4886,
3.7066

■ 9.7012, 15.4886,
3.7066

182.6245,
226.3048, 144.9062

■ 5.2620, 9.1630,
1.4658

■ 24.8868, 35.7081,
13.3272

■ 2.4381, 4.8477,
0.1923

■ 36.3639, 50.3708,
21.5442

■ 0.8642, 2.1582,
0.0000

■ 50.9177, 68.5813,
32.5902

■ 0.0000, 0.6970,
0.0000


■ 68.9135, 90.7240,
46.8839


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 90.7168, 117.1833,
64.8438


■ 116.6928,


148.3436, 86.8885


 147.2069,
184.5893, 113.4364


 9.7012, 15.4886,
3.7066


 9.7012, 15.4886,
3.7066


 9.0976, 15.1927,
3.0126


 10.4298, 15.8429,
4.7274


 8.6049, 14.9476,
2.5868

 11.2911, 16.2572,
6.1077

 8.4113, 14.8512,
2.4232

 12.2929, 16.7355,
7.8775

 13.4424, 17.2809,
10.0633

 14.7459, 17.8961,
12.6892

■ 16.2096, 18.5838,
15.7776

■ 17.8391, 19.3465,
19.3492

■ 19.6398, 20.1865,
23.4236

■ 21.6169, 21.1061,
28.0193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.3076, 15.4886, 2.0377



9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066



7.7744, 15.4886, 9.2593

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066



11.7475, 15.4886, 54.5887



25.5820, 15.4886, 13.0150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066



7.7866, 4.2904, 19.1575

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.9146, 15.4886, 27.7903



9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066



16.2321, 15.4886, 57.5603

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066



8.7690, 15.4886, 39.1831



21.2296, 15.4886, 45.9311



22.8959, 15.4886, 5.1988

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066



7.3990, 15.4886, 16.5470



21.2296, 15.4886, 45.9311



25.7532, 15.4886, 17.1860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.7016, 15.4893, 3.7069



26.9165, 32.2867, 23.7829



11.5931, 10.6849, 2.6799



6.1602, 7.5197, 5.2308



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.7016, 15.4893, 3.7069



15.6047, 26.8638, 4.7948



7.9647, 14.5810, 4.2076



4.0916, 4.5225, 4.2818



8.6951, 15.3597, 2.5064



40.5618, 72.7958, 11.9132

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.7866, 4.2904, 19.1575



11.9235, 5.6496, 34.0187



11.7422, 6.3835, 16.9093



4.0036, 3.9997, 5.0042



6.5148, 2.9313, 19.6077



30.0927, 13.4754, 93.4847

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

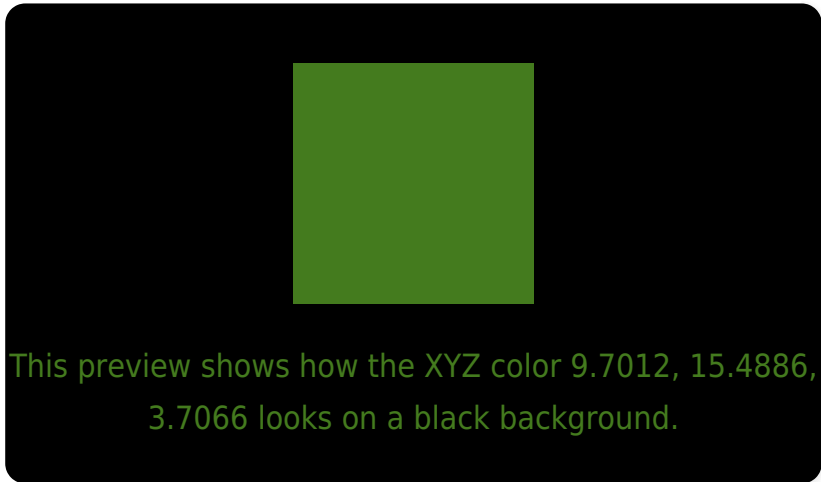
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066

Protanopia

13.8348, 15.2274, 3.2469

Deuteranopia

15.4535, 15.2748, 3.9676



Tritanopia

13.2485, 15.5105, 21.3643

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066

Protanomaly

11.8204, 15.0020, 3.3713

Deuteranomaly

12.5434, 14.8697, 3.7991

Tritanomaly

11.3845, 15.2728, 12.0208

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

10.1615, 12.7544, 8.0572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 123, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 123, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 123, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 123, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 123, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 123, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 123, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 123, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 123, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 123,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.7012, 15.4886, 3.7066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 123, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 123,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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