

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.6683, 4.9774, 0.7577)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.6683, 4.9774, 0.7577)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85000B
RGB	133, 0, 11
RGB Percent	52%, 0%, 4%
CMY	0.4784, 0.9999, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.92, 0.48
HSL	355°, 100%, 26%
HSV	355°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708
YIQ	41.0210, 75.7370, 31.6170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

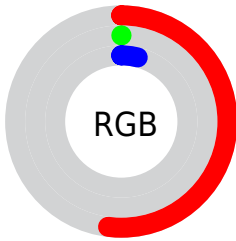
Format	Color
RYB	133, 0, 11
Decimal	8716299
CIELab	26.77, 49.59, 35.12
CIELCh	27, 60.770, 35.307
Yxy	5.0107, 0.6274, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286906379 (0xFF85000B)
YUV	41.0210, -14.8004, 80.6656
Hunter-Lab	22.3846, 38.4426, 13.6276

Details

The XYZ color **9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **11.9014, 18.1806, 21.2987**, and the grayscale version is **2.1186, 2.2289, 2.4273**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.0048, 15.8794, 5.3616**, and **2.8240, 1.4558, 0.1322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7332, 5.0107, 0.7704**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9775, 5.3452, 1.3271**.

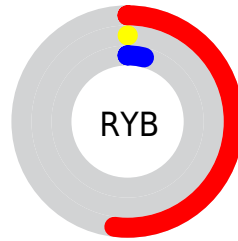
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (0%)

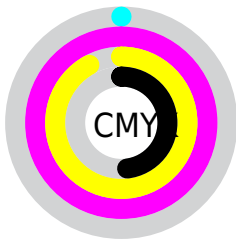
Blue (4%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (4%)

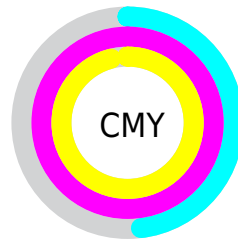


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (96%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.7333, 5.0107,
0.7708

 9.7333, 5.0107,
0.7708


 182.8515,
149.9267, 99.0426


 5.2834, 2.2535,
0.0000

 24.9469, 15.8410,
5.3152


 2.4509, 0.7490,
0.0000


 36.4413, 24.6830,
10.0333

 0.8706, 0.0000,
0.0000

 51.0146, 36.3220,
16.9444

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 69.0321, 51.1425,
26.4669


 90.8592, 69.5288,
39.0195


 116.8612, 91.8653,


55.0206

 147.4036,
118.5365, 74.8888


 9.7333, 5.0107,
0.7708

 9.7333, 5.0107,
0.7708

 9.7332, 5.0107,
0.7704

 9.9775, 5.3452,
1.3271

 10.3654, 5.8766,
2.2097

 10.9541, 6.7086,
3.4713

 11.7663, 7.8766,
5.1484

 12.8212, 9.4114,
7.2730

■ 14.1364, 11.3402,
9.8743

■ 15.7275, 13.6876,
12.9786

■ 17.6092, 16.4761,
16.6106

■ 19.7948, 19.7269,
20.7933

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1606, 5.0107, 4.3009



9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708



7.0137, 5.0107, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708



1.6369, 5.0107, 1.5380



5.2116, 5.0107, 32.9260

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708



11.9014, 18.1806, 21.2987

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.0533, 5.0107, 29.1804



9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708



1.4436, 5.0107, 6.8009

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708



2.5260, 5.0107, 0.0000



1.8600, 5.0107, 17.5556



8.0364, 5.0107, 25.5288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708



5.1584, 5.0107, 0.0000



1.8600, 5.0107, 17.5556



4.3874, 5.0107, 32.9677

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.7334, 5.0110, 0.7709



27.9509, 24.1952, 22.8267



12.2482, 5.8254, 22.6691



6.0574, 5.0970, 4.6764



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.7334, 5.0110, 0.7709



17.4037, 8.9625, 1.2398



11.0594, 7.7595, 0.9153



4.6870, 4.6945, 4.9643



9.2725, 4.7734, 0.7415



0.0331, 0.0169, 0.0076

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.7334, 5.0110, 0.7709



17.4037, 8.9625, 1.2398



6.9291, 7.0842, 23.1924



4.6870, 4.6945, 4.9643



9.2725, 4.7734, 0.7415



0.0331, 0.0169, 0.0076

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

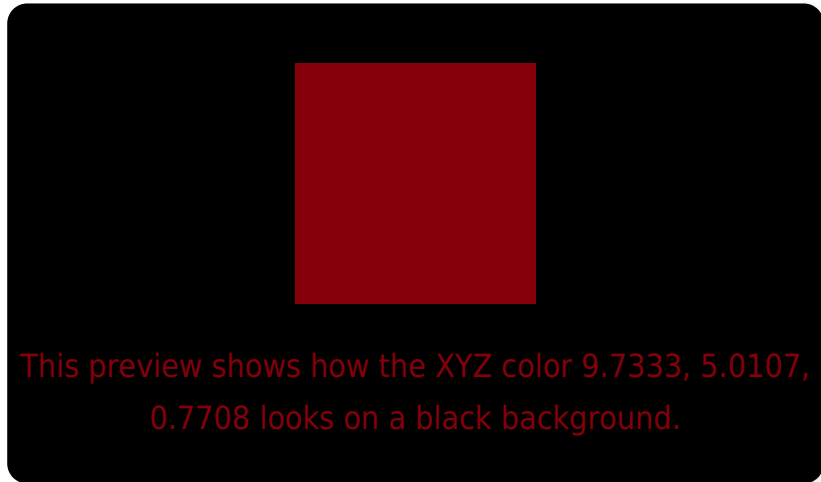
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708

Protanopia

5.0635, 5.5720, 1.6192

Deuteranopia

5.5797, 5.5981, 0.7865



Tritanopia

9.6472, 5.1685, 0.4892

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708

Protanomaly

5.8053, 4.2616, 1.1327

Deuteranomaly

6.2943, 4.4194, 0.6361

Tritanomaly

9.6245, 5.0880, 0.5897

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708

Achromatopsia

2.1076, 2.2174, 2.4147

Achromatomaly

3.4278, 2.2884, 1.4893

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 0, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 0, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 0, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 0, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 0, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 0, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 0, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 0, 11)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.7333, 5.0107, 0.7708 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 0, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 0,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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