

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.7126, 5.7756, 2.0272)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.7126, 5.7756, 2.0272)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	802121
RGB	128, 33, 33
RGB Percent	50%, 13%, 13%
CMY	0.4980, 0.8706, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.74, 0.50
HSL	0°, 59%, 32%
HSV	0°, 74%, 50%
XYZ	9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435
YIQ	61.4050, 56.6200, 20.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

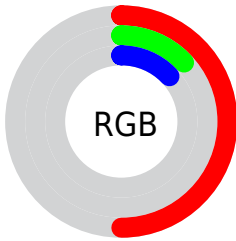
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 33, 33
Decimal	8397089
CIE Lab	28.87, 40.43, 24.21
CIE LCh	29, 47.121, 30.914
Yxy	5.7867, 0.5539, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286587169 (0xFF802121)
YUV	61.4050, -14.0037, 58.4038
Hunter-Lab	24.0556, 30.0320, 11.8023

Details

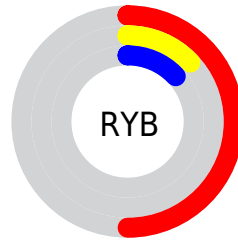
The XYZ color **9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **12.2420, 17.3189, 23.1197**, and the grayscale version is **4.5073, 4.7420, 5.1641**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.8378, 17.4719, 9.0845**, and **2.6725, 1.3777, 0.1251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.2840, 5.1480, 1.1756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3607, 6.7237, 3.3160**.

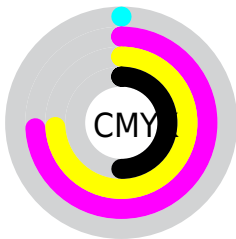
Distribution



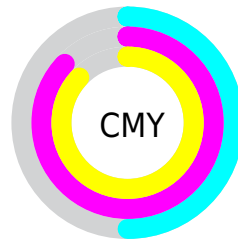
- Red (50%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.7205, 5.7867,
2.0435

9.7205, 5.7867,
2.0435

182.7611,
157.1633, 123.0486

5.2749, 2.7158,
0.5818

24.9229, 17.4869,
9.1594

2.4458, 0.9852,
0.0000

36.4104, 26.8851,
15.6990

0.8680, 0.0000,
0.0000

50.9759, 39.1611,
24.7845

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

68.9848, 54.6994,
36.8344

90.8024, 73.8844,
52.2672

116.7941, 97.1004,

71.5015

147.3252,
124.7319, 94.9558

9.7205, 5.7867,
2.0435

9.7205, 5.7867,
2.0435

9.2840, 5.1480,
1.1756

10.3607, 6.7237,
3.3160

9.0230, 4.7662,
0.6569

11.2249, 7.9883,
5.0339

8.9022, 4.5893,
0.4166

12.3313, 9.6073,
7.2334

13.6963, 11.6047,
9.9469

15.3347, 14.0021,
13.2039

■ 17.2603, 16.8198,
17.0319

■ 19.4859, 20.0765,
21.4563

■ 22.0235, 23.7897,
26.5011

■ 24.8846, 27.9763,
32.1888

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5787, 5.7867, 6.1188



9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435



7.6951, 5.7867, 0.6008

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435



2.6818, 5.7867, 2.1974



5.5645, 5.7867, 26.2482

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435



12.2420, 17.3189, 23.1197

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.7681, 5.7867, 22.6690



9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435



2.3801, 5.7867, 6.4862

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435



3.6824, 5.7867, 0.6534



2.7217, 5.7867, 14.2602



7.8349, 5.7867, 22.2404

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435



6.1597, 5.7867, 0.2267



2.7217, 5.7867, 14.2602



4.8893, 5.7867, 25.8797

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.7206, 5.7870, 2.0436



27.5430, 25.4488, 24.3288



13.3423, 7.2355, 21.1154



6.2840, 5.7175, 5.3689



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.7206, 5.7870, 2.0436



16.0048, 8.5649, 1.3919



12.0821, 10.5099, 2.8307



4.3278, 4.3443, 4.5306



8.8271, 4.5507, 0.4131



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.2420, 17.3189, 23.1197



20.7033, 30.0537, 40.6660



7.4290, 7.6927, 21.5154



4.4464, 4.8869, 5.5222



11.5167, 16.8519, 22.8957



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

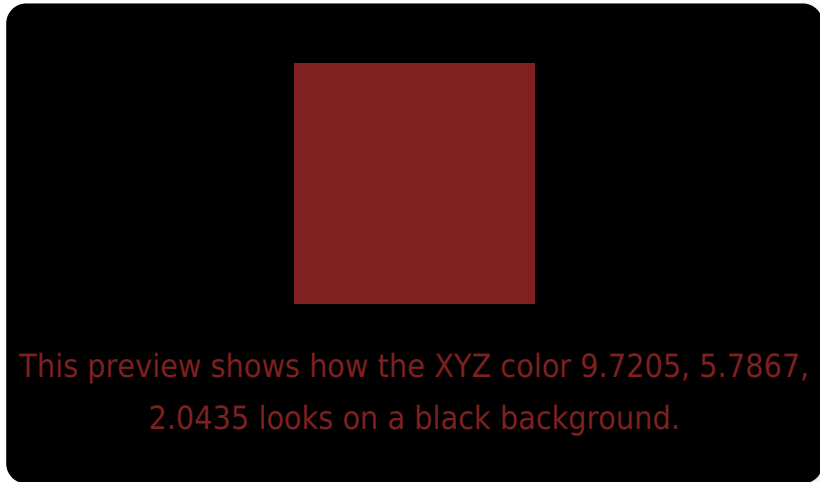
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435.

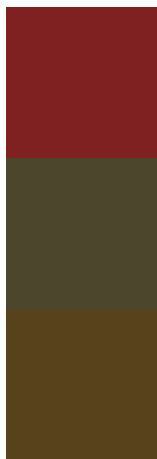


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435

Protanopia

5.6443, 6.1063, 3.3638

Deuteranopia

6.0765, 6.0018, 1.8751



Tritanopia

9.7347, 5.7924, 2.1183

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435

Protanomaly

6.5827, 5.5192, 2.8162

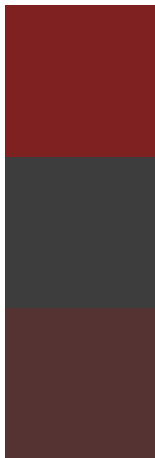
Deuteranomaly

7.0204, 5.5518, 1.8640

Tritanomaly

9.7347, 5.7924, 2.1183

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

5.5277, 4.5380, 3.7165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 33, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 33, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 33, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 33, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 33, 33) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 33, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 33, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 33, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 33, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 33,  
33) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.7205, 5.7867, 2.0435 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 33, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 33,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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