

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.7205, 4.9575, 2.8750)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.7205, 4.9575, 2.8750)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82002C
RGB	130, 0, 44
RGB Percent	51%, 0%, 17%
CMY	0.4902, 0.9999, 0.8275
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.66, 0.49
HSL	340°, 100%, 25%
HSV	340°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248
YIQ	43.8860, 63.3560, 41.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

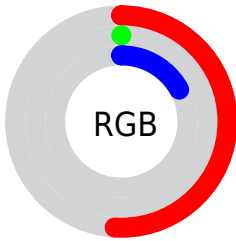
Format	Color
RYB	130, 0, 44
Decimal	8519724
CIELab	26.53, 50.03, 14.12
CIElCh	27, 51.985, 15.757
Yxy	4.9277, 0.5548, 0.2830
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286709804 (0xFF82002C)
YUV	43.8860, 0.0562, 75.5220
Hunter-Lab	22.1984, 38.8339, 7.9941

Details

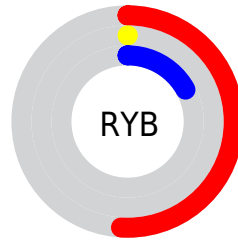
The XYZ color **9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **9.6632, 16.6373, 11.5099**, and the grayscale version is **2.3792, 2.5031, 2.7259**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.8566, 15.6743, 11.1666**, and **2.7477, 1.4165, 0.1286** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6602, 4.9275, 2.8236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9834, 5.2875, 3.8146**.

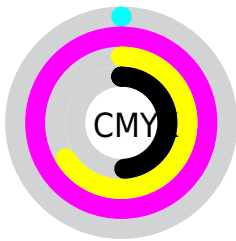
Distribution



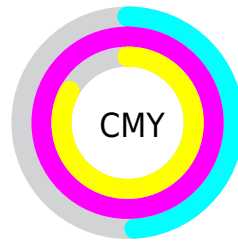
- Red (51%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.6605, 4.9277,
2.8248

9.6605, 4.9277,
2.8248

182.3363,
149.1238, 134.0969

5.2350, 2.2049,
1.0059

24.8105, 15.6619,
11.1930

2.4220, 0.7227,
0.0000

36.2656, 24.4421,
18.5793

0.8561, 0.0000,
0.0000

50.7947, 36.0103,
28.6585


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


68.7630, 50.7508,
41.8492

90.5360, 69.0479,
58.5698


116.4790, 91.2862,


79.2390

 146.9573,
117.8500, 104.2752


 9.6605, 4.9277,
2.8248


 9.6605, 4.9277,
2.8248

 9.6602, 4.9275,
2.8236

 9.9834, 5.2875,
3.8146

 10.4234, 5.8245,
5.0183

 11.0312, 6.6377,
6.4616

 11.8243, 7.7592,
8.1584

 12.8176, 9.2166,
10.1214

■ 14.0247, 11.0344,
12.3623

■ 15.4577, 13.2346,
14.8919

■ 17.1278, 15.8379,
17.7207

■ 19.0455, 18.8630,
20.8584

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.7047, 4.9277, 8.6914



9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248



8.0501, 4.9277, 0.5940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248



2.3697, 4.9277, 0.6619



3.7701, 4.9277, 25.7685

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248



9.6632, 16.6373, 11.5099

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.4173, 4.9277, 18.3959



9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248



1.7858, 4.9277, 3.0190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248



3.6828, 4.9277, 0.0000



1.8001, 4.9277, 9.0993



5.8512, 4.9277, 25.5470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248



6.5177, 4.9277, 0.0000



1.8001, 4.9277, 9.0993



3.2306, 4.9277, 23.9470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6606, 4.9280, 2.8249



27.0342, 23.0162, 25.9004



7.7310, 3.5203, 21.3908



5.9105, 4.8881, 5.4984



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6606, 4.9280, 2.8249



16.9496, 8.6527, 4.6408



9.4476, 5.2292, 0.5119



4.3832, 4.3664, 4.8222



9.2657, 4.7260, 2.7230



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.6606, 4.9280, 2.8249



16.9496, 8.6527, 4.6408



9.6597, 12.8723, 23.0943



4.3832, 4.3664, 4.8222



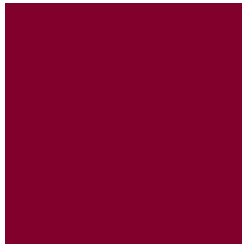
9.2657, 4.7260, 2.7230



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

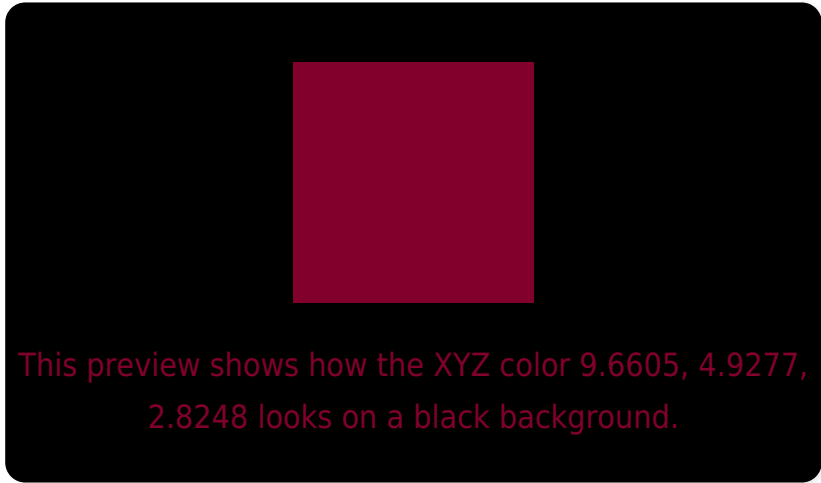
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

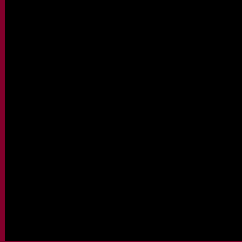
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248

Protanopia

5.2862, 5.5070, 5.7854

Deuteranopia

5.5207, 5.4443, 2.5936



Tritanopia

9.3631, 5.1372, 0.9883

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248

Protanomaly

5.8809, 4.1755, 4.3669

Deuteranomaly

6.2874, 4.3234, 2.5106

Tritanomaly

9.3594, 4.9811, 1.4454

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248

Achromatopsia

2.3940, 2.5187, 2.7428

Achromatomaly

3.7715, 2.5082, 2.6682

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 0, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 0, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 0, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 0, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 0, 44) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 0, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 0, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 0, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 0, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 0, 44)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.6605, 4.9277, 2.8248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 0, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 0,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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