

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784)
contains.

XYZ(9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.7592, 19.3805,
3.6784)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008E0F
RGB	0, 142, 15
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 6%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4431, 0.9411
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.89, 0.44
HSL	126°, 100%, 28%
HSV	126°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784
YIQ	85.0640, -43.8650, -69.6010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

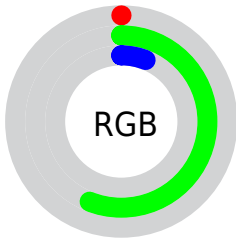
Format	Color
RYB	0, 128, 142
Decimal	36367
CIELab	51.13, -55.22, 51.09
CIELCh	51, 75.226, 137.226
Yxy	19.3805, 0.2974, 0.5905
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226447 (0xFF008E0F)
YUV	85.0640, -34.5416, -74.6011
Hunter-Lab	44.0233, -37.4704, 25.8623

Details

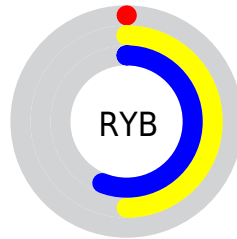
The XYZ color **9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **14.9862, 7.2832, 20.6926**, and the grayscale version is **8.7253, 9.1797, 9.9967**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.0400, 42.4054, 13.3439**, and **3.6562, 7.3123, 1.2187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7597, 19.3813, 3.6788**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.0638, 19.5242, 4.3185**.

Distribution



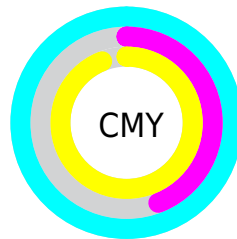
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.7592, 19.3805,
3.6784

■ 9.7592, 19.3805,
3.6784

183.0345,
248.5414, 144.5808

■ 5.3006, 11.9455,
1.4506

■ 24.9954, 42.3761,
13.2610

■ 2.4613, 6.7066,
0.1807

■ 36.5037, 58.7055,
21.4529

■ 0.8758, 3.2793,
0.0000

■ 51.0927, 78.7685,
32.4699

■ 0.0000, 1.2792,
0.0000

■ 69.1277, 102.9495,
46.7306


■ 0.0000, 0.1250,
0.0000


■ 90.9740, 131.6329,
64.6535


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 116.9970,


165.2031, 86.6571


 147.5620,
204.0444, 113.1600


 9.7592, 19.3805,
3.6784


 9.7592, 19.3805,
3.6784

 9.7597, 19.3813,
3.6788

 10.0638, 19.5242,
4.3185

 10.5533, 19.7554,
5.3010

 11.2981, 20.1098,
6.6672

 12.3271, 20.6019,
8.4512

 13.6654, 21.2438,
10.6834

■ 15.3352, 22.0464,
13.3911

■ 17.3569, 23.0197,
16.5997

■ 19.7488, 24.1726,
20.3327

■ 22.5284, 25.5138,
24.6120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4851, 19.3805, 1.1507



9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



7.6615, 19.3805, 13.2492

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



15.4231, 19.3805, 92.0392



35.8327, 19.3805, 11.1119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



14.9862, 7.2832, 20.6926

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2847, 19.3805, 31.5697



9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



23.0112, 19.3805, 89.8484

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



10.2851, 19.3805, 68.0055



31.1070, 19.3805, 63.1926



30.0013, 19.3805, 3.0172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



7.5277, 19.3805, 26.7122



31.1070, 19.3805, 63.1926



36.6655, 19.3805, 16.3382

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.7597, 19.3813, 3.6788



30.3650, 40.4754, 28.8915



18.5458, 23.9207, 3.6397



6.4750, 8.8924, 5.9679



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.7597, 19.3813, 3.6788



17.1785, 34.1634, 6.3232



11.3211, 20.0059, 11.9012



5.3646, 6.0381, 5.8860



8.7661, 17.4023, 3.3226



0.0875, 0.1678, 0.0510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9862, 7.2832, 20.6926



26.3899, 12.8284, 36.2995



11.8894, 6.0444, 4.3850



5.6020, 5.5013, 6.6683



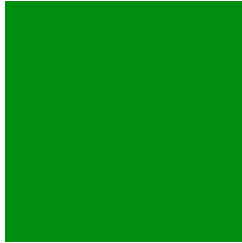
13.4588, 6.5405, 18.5991



0.1332, 0.0644, 0.2019

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

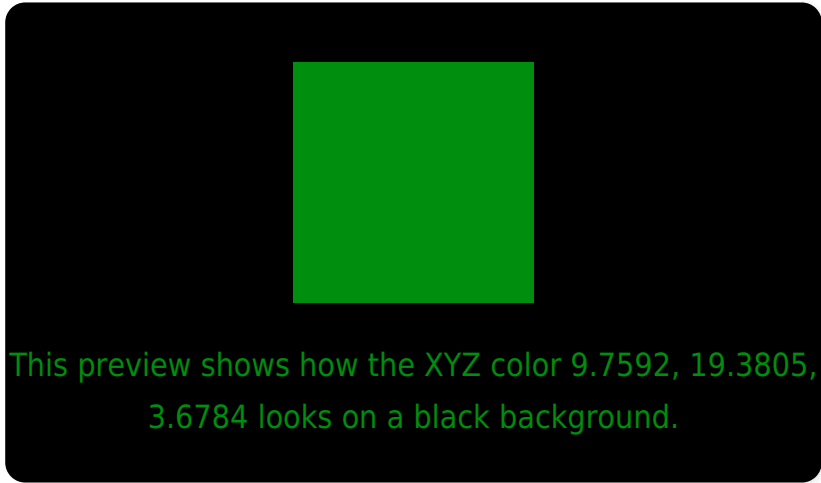
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.7592, 19.3805,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784

Protanopia

17.3035, 19.2484, 2.9469

Deuteranopia

19.3684, 19.0524, 4.1700



Tritanopia

15.0128, 19.4155, 28.9429

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



Protanomaly

11.8300, 17.7465, 3.0603



Deuteranomaly

12.4612, 17.2878, 3.7170



Tritanomaly

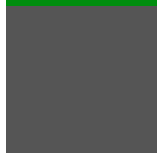
11.7148, 18.8649, 14.0902

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784



Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927



Achromatomaly

7.4910, 11.4186, 6.0842

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 142, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 142, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 142, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 142, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 142, 15) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 142, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 142, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 142, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 142, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 142, 15)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.7592, 19.3805, 3.6784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 142, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 142,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor