

# Converting Colors

XYZ(9.8111, 11.0825, 29.5975)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(9.8111, 11.0825, 29.5975)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(9.8071, 11.0618,  
29.6352)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006394
RGB	0, 99, 148
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 58%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6118, 0.4196
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	200°, 100%, 29%
HSV	200°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352
YIQ	74.9850, -74.7330, -5.7490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

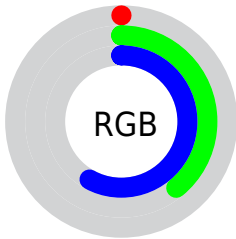
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 59, 148
Decimal	25492
CIELab	39.68, -5.50, -33.60
CIELCh	40, 34.052, 260.699
Yxy	11.0618, 0.1942, 0.2190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215572 (0xFF006394)
YUV	74.9850, 35.9964, -65.7618
Hunter-Lab	33.2593, -5.5698, -29.5480

# Details

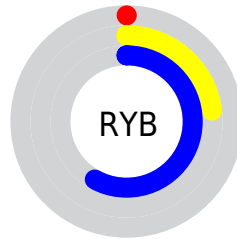
The XYZ color **9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **13.3120, 8.4942, 0.9385**, and the grayscale version is **6.6331, 6.9786, 7.5997**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1343, 27.9160, 59.9407**, and **3.4308, 3.4093, 11.7865** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8067, 11.0608, 29.6353**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4798, 12.1190, 29.8041**.

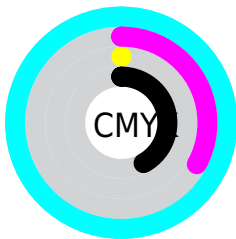
# Distribution



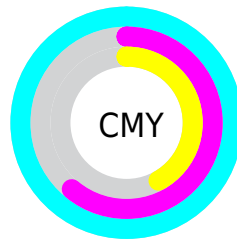
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 9.8071, 11.0618,  
29.6352

■ 9.8071, 11.0618,  
29.6352

■ 183.3723,  
198.0910, 314.3545

■ 5.3325, 6.1084,  
19.3122

■ 25.0850, 27.7744,  
60.1390

■ 2.4804, 2.9111,  
11.7170

■ 36.6191, 40.3024,  
81.1568

■ 0.8854, 1.0855,  
6.4311

■ 51.2370, 56.1240,  
106.5766

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
3.0359

■ 69.3042, 75.6238,  
136.8169

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.1130

■ 91.1859, 99.1859,  
172.2963

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 117.2476,

127.1949, 213.4334

147.8546,  
160.0352, 260.6466

■ 9.8071, 11.0618,  
29.6352

■ 9.8071, 11.0618,  
29.6352

■ 9.8067, 11.0608,  
29.6353

■ 10.4798, 12.1190,  
29.8041

■ 11.3173, 13.3036,  
29.9886

■ 12.3860, 14.6506,  
30.1922

■ 13.7117, 16.1741,  
30.4164

■ 15.3165, 17.8860,  
30.6623

■ 17.2199, 19.7972,  
30.9308

■ 19.4395, 21.9172,  
31.2231

■ 21.9917, 24.2552,  
31.5398

■ 24.8913, 26.8194,  
31.8819

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.9266, 11.0618, 24.9327



9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352



12.1762, 11.0618, 28.4507

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352



15.2801, 11.0618, 8.0587



7.4173, 11.0618, 5.6139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352



13.3120, 8.4942, 0.9385

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.0102, 11.0618, 3.5936



9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352



13.6107, 11.0618, 4.6000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352



15.5772, 11.0618, 14.2368



11.2539, 11.0618, 3.3074



6.6872, 11.0618, 10.0895



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352



13.7102, 11.0618, 24.6078



11.2539, 11.0618, 3.3074



7.8575, 11.0618, 4.7066

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8075, 11.0622, 29.6355



34.0437, 38.4318, 55.0584



11.1009, 21.3844, 6.2192



7.4167, 8.4380, 12.5226



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8075, 11.0622, 29.6355



17.1407, 19.1910, 52.2354



5.7409, 2.9290, 28.2800



5.8040, 6.2419, 7.3686



8.4020, 9.4988, 25.3217



0.1299, 0.1705, 0.3190



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4652, 7.1972, 12.4315



25.4400, 12.6653, 21.4995



19.0346, 19.9393, 2.8460



5.9545, 5.8769, 6.8665



12.3680, 6.1523, 10.6849



0.1651, 0.0808, 0.2028



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8071, 11.0618,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352

### Protanopia

11.6901, 11.1438, 27.1260

### Deuteranopia

11.3520, 11.1674, 29.9910



## Tritanopia

7.8196, 11.0483, 16.7593

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352

## Protanomaly

10.3452, 10.8264, 27.9300

## Deuteranomaly

10.4444, 10.9670, 30.0001

## Tritanomaly

8.3895, 10.9580, 20.7417

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352

## Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

## Achromatomaly

6.7875, 7.9283, 13.7430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 99, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 99, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 99, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 99, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 99, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 99, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 99, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 99, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 99, 148)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8071, 11.0618, 29.6352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 99, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 99,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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