

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.8118, 19.5927, 3.3661)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.8118, 19.5927, 3.3661)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.8444, 19.6537,
3.3896)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008F04
RGB	0, 143, 4
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 2%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4392, 0.9843
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.97, 0.44
HSL	122°, 100%, 28%
HSV	122°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896
YIQ	84.3970, -40.6090, -73.5450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

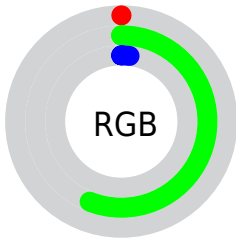
Format	Color
RYB	0, 139, 143
Decimal	36612
CIELab	51.44, -55.89, 53.37
CIELCh	51, 77.278, 136.325
Yxy	19.6537, 0.2993, 0.5976
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226692 (0xFF008F04)
YUV	84.3970, -39.6357, -74.0162
Hunter-Lab	44.3325, -37.9445, 26.4995

Details

The XYZ color **9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **15.9878, 7.7037, 25.0672**, and the grayscale version is **8.5955, 9.0431, 9.8480**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1060, 42.7963, 12.5675**, and **3.7411, 7.4822, 1.2470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8448, 19.6545, 3.3900**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.1171, 19.7849, 3.8541**.

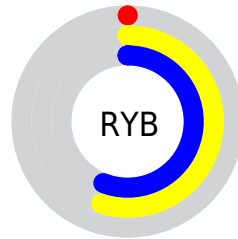
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (56%)

Blue (2%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (56%)

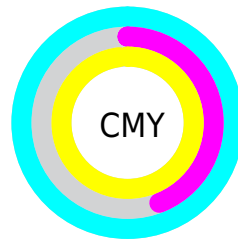


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.8444, 19.6537,
3.3896

■ 9.8444, 19.6537,
3.3896

183.6348,
250.0342, 141.1778

■ 5.3574, 12.1436,
1.2968

■ 25.1548, 42.8358,
12.5756

■ 2.4953, 6.8415,
0.0592

■ 36.7088, 59.2766,
20.5058

■ 0.8929, 3.3632,
0.0000

■ 51.3493, 79.4630,
31.2190

■ 0.0000, 1.3242,
0.0000

■ 69.4415, 103.7796,
45.1337


■ 0.0000, 0.1598,
0.0000


■ 91.3508, 132.6105,
62.6684


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 117.4425,


166.3404, 84.2416


 148.0821,
205.3535, 110.2719


 9.8444, 19.6537,
3.3896


 9.8444, 19.6537,
3.3896


 9.8448, 19.6545,
3.3900

 10.1171, 19.7849,
3.8541

 10.5765, 20.0044,
4.6568

 11.3025, 20.3522,
5.8875

 12.3271, 20.8437,
7.5945

 13.6779, 21.4922,
9.8195

■ 15.3795, 22.3096,
12.5999

■ 17.4538, 23.3065,
15.9695

■ 19.9212, 24.4928,
19.9594

■ 22.8006, 25.8774,
24.5985

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7980, 19.6537, 1.0170



9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



7.6222, 19.6537, 12.8145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



15.3749, 19.6537, 95.3858



36.9344, 19.6537, 11.5080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



15.9878, 7.7037, 25.0672

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.2159, 19.6537, 33.1542



9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



23.1882, 19.6537, 94.0098

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



10.1656, 19.6537, 69.4661



31.6593, 19.6537, 66.4529



30.9720, 19.6537, 2.9975

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



7.4412, 19.6537, 26.4520



31.6593, 19.6537, 66.4529



37.7435, 19.6537, 17.0352

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8449, 19.6545, 3.3900



30.9994, 41.6135, 28.1820



20.7427, 25.2751, 3.7854



6.7721, 9.3810, 5.9164



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8449, 19.6545, 3.3900



17.6191, 35.1925, 6.0141



11.0550, 20.1386, 9.7628



5.3486, 6.0317, 5.8018



8.7057, 17.3781, 3.0043



0.0842, 0.1665, 0.0339

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9878, 7.7037, 25.0672



28.6193, 13.7912, 44.8313



12.4060, 6.2711, 6.2061



5.6198, 5.5085, 6.7619



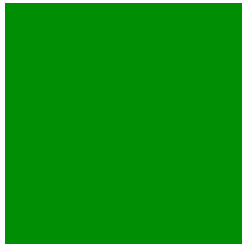
14.1370, 6.8118, 22.1703



0.1365, 0.0657, 0.2190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

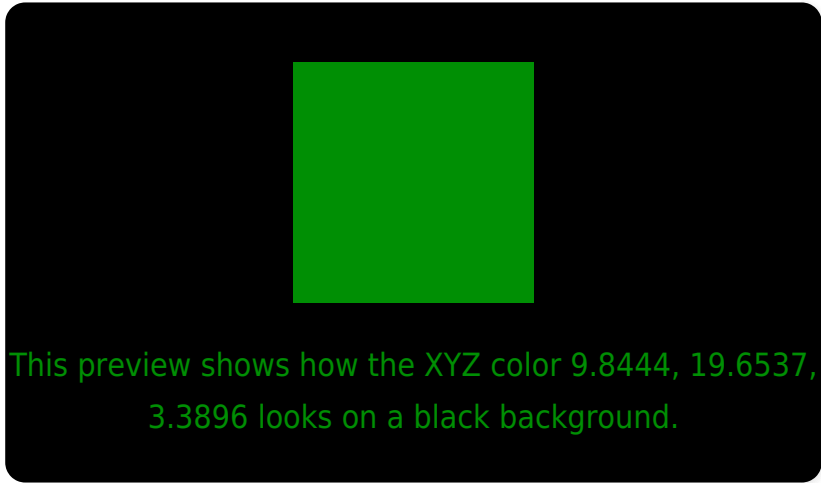
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

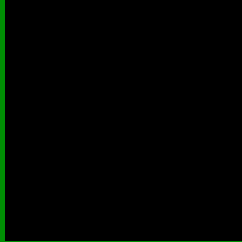
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8444, 19.6537,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896

Protanopia

17.4408, 19.3223, 2.8104

Deuteranopia

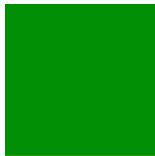
19.6296, 19.3620, 3.9990



Tritanopia

15.2850, 19.7493, 29.3920

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



Protanomaly

12.0126, 18.0422, 2.8781



Deuteranomaly

12.5260, 17.5172, 3.4304



Tritanomaly

11.7208, 19.0937, 13.4236

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896



Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546



Achromatomaly

7.2094, 11.1359, 5.3839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 143, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 143, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 143, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 143, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 143, 4) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 143, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 143, 4)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 143, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143, 4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8444, 19.6537, 3.3896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 143, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 143,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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