

# Converting Colors

XYZ(9.8167, 18.4101, 0.0201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(9.8167, 18.4101, 0.0201)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(10.4139, 18.6482,  
3.0506)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	358900
RGB	53, 137, 0
RGB Percent	21%, 54%, 0%
CMY	0.7922, 0.4627, 1.0000
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 1.00, 0.46
HSL	97°, 100%, 27%
HSV	97°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506
YIQ	96.2660, -6.0870, -60.4150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

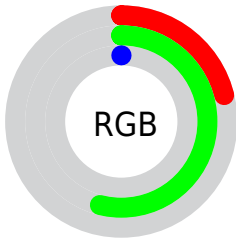
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 137, 84
Decimal	3508480
CIELab	50.27, -46.40, 53.52
CIELCh	50, 70.836, 130.927
Yxy	18.6482, 0.3243, 0.5807
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281698560 (0xFF358900)
YUV	96.2660, -47.4591, -37.9443
Hunter-Lab	43.1836, -32.5252, 26.0401

# Details

The XYZ color **10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **8.1729, 3.6918, 23.9497**, and the grayscale version is **11.2966, 11.8849, 12.9427**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1697, 41.0345, 11.6954**, and **3.3278, 6.6556, 1.1093** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4140, 18.6488, 3.0507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9726, 18.9279, 3.4804**.

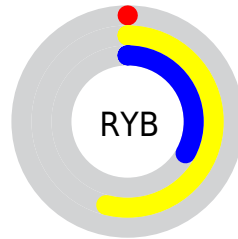
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (54%)

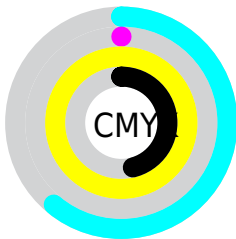
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (33%)

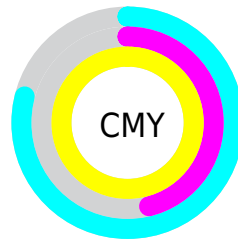


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 10.4139, 18.6482,  
3.0506

■ 10.4139, 18.6482,  
3.0506

187.5937,  
244.4997, 137.0025

■ 5.7386, 11.4164,  
1.1205

■ 26.2138, 41.1388,  
11.7530

■ 2.7259, 6.3476,  
0.0000

■ 38.0691, 57.1663,  
19.3625

■ 1.0105, 3.0576,  
0.0000

■ 53.0485, 76.8945,  
29.7022

■ 0.0000, 1.1619,  
0.0000

■ 71.5173, 100.7078,  
43.1906


■ 0.0000, 0.0302,  
0.0000


■ 93.8409, 128.9906,  
60.2463


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 120.3846,


162.1272, 81.2878


 151.5137,  
200.5021, 106.7337


 10.4139, 18.6482,  
3.0506

 10.4139, 18.6482,  
3.0506


 10.4140, 18.6488,  
3.0507

 10.9726, 18.9279,  
3.4804

 11.6602, 19.2679,  
4.1665

 12.5068, 19.6812,  
5.2477

 13.5247, 20.1733,  
6.7718

 14.7249, 20.7488,  
8.7799

■ 16.1173, 21.4121,  
11.3084

■ 17.7108, 22.1670,  
14.3903

■ 19.5139, 23.0173,  
18.0557

■ 21.5346, 23.9664,  
22.3326

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3408, 18.6482, 1.2166



10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506



7.9552, 18.6482, 10.2959

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506



13.7556, 18.6482, 80.9886



34.0791, 18.6482, 13.9547

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506



8.1729, 3.6918, 23.9497

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.3350, 18.6482, 35.3131



10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506



20.3433, 18.6482, 84.5310

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506



9.5121, 18.6482, 56.4495



27.8416, 18.6482, 64.2862



29.6699, 18.6482, 4.2531



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506



7.5393, 18.6482, 20.9218



27.8416, 18.6482, 64.2862



34.4474, 18.6482, 19.6999

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4143, 18.6490, 3.0510



31.5129, 39.5998, 25.3679



13.3498, 11.3842, 1.4941



6.8281, 8.7684, 5.2192



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4143, 18.6490, 3.0510



18.4776, 33.3070, 5.4550



9.0235, 17.9231, 3.3891



5.1429, 5.6964, 5.3808



9.7129, 17.3771, 2.8422



0.0800, 0.1234, 0.0196



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1729, 3.6918, 23.9497



14.4488, 6.5145, 42.8791



13.9112, 6.7565, 19.4095



5.0496, 5.0340, 6.3114



7.6259, 3.4454, 22.3088



0.0671, 0.0314, 0.1490



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

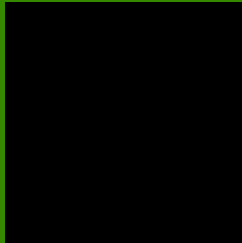
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.4139, 18.6482,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506

### Protanopia

16.4283, 18.2620, 2.6590

### Deuteranopia

18.7046, 18.3830, 3.7248



## Tritanopia

15.1573, 18.5502, 26.8264

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506

## Protanomaly

13.2866, 17.9250, 2.7596

## Deuteranomaly

14.1389, 17.6076, 3.2257

## Tritanomaly

12.2616, 18.1661, 12.0927

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506

## Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

## Achromatomaly

9.8350, 13.4113, 6.4852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 137, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 137, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 137, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 137, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 137, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 137, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 137, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 137, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 137, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 137, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.4139, 18.6482, 3.0506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 137, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 137,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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