

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.8631, 12.8654, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.8631, 12.8654, 0.0000)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(10.2947, 13.1121,
1.9883)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	626B00
RGB	98, 107, 0
RGB Percent	38%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5804, 1.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	65°, 100%, 21%
HSV	65°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883
YIQ	92.1110, 28.9830, -35.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

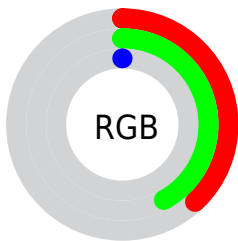
Format	Color
RYB	0, 107, 9
Decimal	6449920
CIELab	42.93, -15.68, 48.94
CIELCh	43, 51.389, 107.762
Yxy	13.1121, 0.4054, 0.5163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284640000 (0xFF626B00)
YUV	92.1110, -45.4107, 5.1647
Hunter-Lab	36.2106, -12.6210, 22.0919

Details

The XYZ color **10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **2.7669, 1.1199, 13.9811**, and the grayscale version is **10.2956, 10.8317, 11.7958**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.9914, 31.4554, 8.9766**, and **2.7881, 3.8361, 0.5935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2949, 13.1127, 1.9884**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4514, 13.1866, 2.3022**.

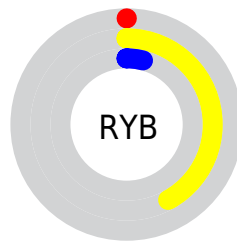
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (42%)

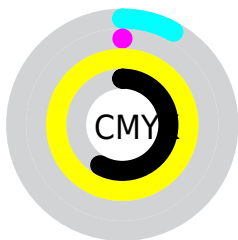
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (4%)

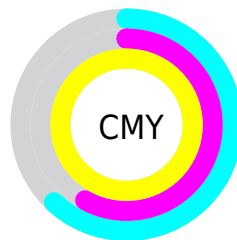


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.2947, 13.1121,
1.9883

10.2947, 13.1121,
1.9883

186.7726,
211.6349, 122.1948

5.6585, 7.5058,
0.5481

25.9930, 31.5050,
9.0088

2.6773, 3.7804,
0.0000

37.7859, 45.0604,
15.4831

0.9855, 1.5515,
0.0000

52.6951, 62.0343,
24.4916

0.0000, 0.3246,
0.0000


71.0859, 82.8111,
36.4528


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


93.3237, 107.7751,
51.7851


119.7738,


137.3108, 70.9072


 150.8017,
171.8026, 94.2376


 10.2947, 13.1121,
1.9883


 10.2947, 13.1121,
1.9883


 10.2949, 13.1127,
1.9884

 10.4514, 13.1866,
2.3022

 10.6306, 13.2697,
2.7304

 10.8536, 13.3704,
3.3828

 11.1249, 13.4906,
4.2846

 11.4489, 13.6320,
5.4575

■ 11.8291, 13.7960,
6.9210

■ 12.2690, 13.9840,
8.6927

■ 12.7716, 14.1972,
10.7888

■ 13.3397, 14.4368,
13.2245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1357, 13.1121, 1.8466



10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883



7.6596, 13.1121, 4.1049

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883



8.0383, 13.1121, 37.0695



21.4124, 13.1121, 19.3786

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883



2.7669, 1.1199, 13.9811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9432, 13.1121, 34.3503



10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883



10.9271, 13.1121, 47.6345

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883



6.5581, 13.1121, 21.9572



14.9154, 13.1121, 46.4383



21.1429, 13.1121, 8.6357

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883



6.6906, 13.1121, 7.5477



14.9154, 13.1121, 46.4383



20.8568, 13.1121, 24.1444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2950, 13.1127, 1.9886



21.8965, 25.0083, 15.2717



6.1607, 3.3197, 0.3162



5.2370, 6.0263, 3.4406



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2950, 13.1127, 1.9886



18.3843, 23.4533, 3.5580



6.3222, 11.0647, 1.8026



3.3093, 3.5712, 3.3324



12.5114, 15.9451, 2.4183



63.3945, 81.0632, 12.3055

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.7669, 1.1199, 13.9811



4.9010, 1.9776, 25.0311



4.6672, 2.0995, 14.0701



2.9699, 3.0362, 3.8644



3.3521, 1.3551, 17.0071



16.7518, 6.7355, 86.6434

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 10.2947, 13.1121,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883

Protanopia

11.6908, 13.0801, 1.9086

Deuteranopia

13.1941, 12.9986, 2.3858



Tritanopia

13.0595, 13.0494, 15.7404

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883

Protanomaly

11.1347, 13.0888, 1.9395

Deuteranomaly

11.9537, 12.9204, 2.1805

Tritanomaly

11.3883, 12.8037, 7.3400

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883

Achromatopsia

10.1725, 10.7023, 11.6548

Achromatomaly

9.6802, 11.2448, 5.7979

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 107, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 107, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 107, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 107, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 107, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 107, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 107, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 107, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 10.2947, 13.1121, 1.9883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 107, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 107,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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