

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.8823, 17.4645, 2.8501)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.8823, 17.4645, 2.8501)
contains.

XYZ(9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.9631, 17.5873,
2.8696)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	378500
RGB	55, 133, 0
RGB Percent	22%, 52%, 0%
CMY	0.7843, 0.4784, 1.0000
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	95°, 100%, 26%
HSV	95°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696
YIQ	94.5160, -3.7950, -57.8990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

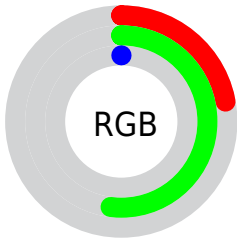
Format	Color
RYB	0, 133, 78
Decimal	3638528
CIELab	48.99, -44.38, 52.54
CIELCh	49, 68.775, 130.192
Yxy	17.5873, 0.3275, 0.5781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281828608 (0xFF378500)
YUV	94.5160, -46.5964, -34.6555
Hunter-Lab	41.9372, -30.9836, 25.2991

Details

The XYZ color **9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **7.3769, 3.3140, 22.4421**, and the grayscale version is **10.8705, 11.4367, 12.4545**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.4066, 39.3670, 11.2606**, and **3.0173, 6.0346, 1.0058** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9631, 17.5879, 2.8697**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4998, 17.8559, 3.2845**.

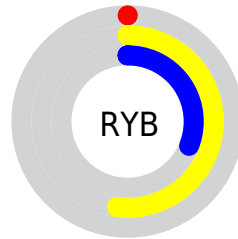
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (52%)

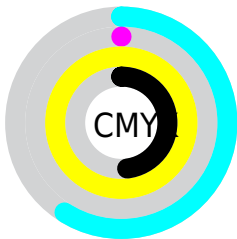
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (31%)

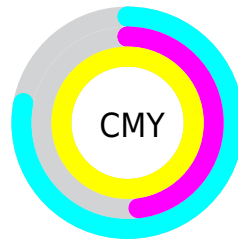


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.9631, 17.5873,
2.8696

■ 9.9631, 17.5873,
2.8696

184.4676,
238.5345, 134.6821

■ 5.4366, 10.6541,
1.0284

■ 25.3764, 39.3328,
11.3049

■ 2.5430, 5.8348,
0.0000

■ 36.9938, 54.9139,
18.7362

■ 0.9170, 2.7449,
0.0000

■ 51.7057, 74.1465,
28.8679

■ 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000


■ 69.8772, 97.4149,
42.1186


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 91.8738, 125.1034,
58.9068


■ 118.0609,


157.5966, 79.6511


 148.8037,
195.2789, 104.7700


 9.9631, 17.5873,
2.8696


 9.9631, 17.5873,
2.8696


 9.9631, 17.5879,
2.8697

 10.4998, 17.8559,
3.2845

 11.1507, 18.1777,
3.9344

 11.9444, 18.5652,
4.9534

 12.8919, 19.0229,
6.3860

 14.0030, 19.5551,
8.2701

■ 15.2863, 20.1656,
10.6396

■ 16.7501, 20.8579,
13.5251

■ 18.4018, 21.6352,
16.9544

■ 20.2484, 22.5005,
20.9538

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6309, 17.5873, 1.1884



9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696



7.6024, 17.5873, 9.5140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696



12.8816, 17.5873, 75.1673



31.9975, 17.5873, 13.5633

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696



7.3769, 3.3140, 22.4421

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1811, 17.5873, 33.7553



9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696



18.9908, 17.5873, 79.0384

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696



8.9649, 17.5873, 52.1082



25.9871, 17.5873, 60.6859



27.9950, 17.5873, 4.2175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696



7.1797, 17.5873, 19.2682



25.9871, 17.5873, 60.6859



32.2979, 17.5873, 19.0315

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.9635, 17.5880, 2.8700



29.8035, 37.2604, 23.8327



12.3686, 10.3774, 1.3514



6.4967, 8.2916, 4.9341



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.9635, 17.5880, 2.8700



17.6704, 31.4069, 5.1308



8.4490, 16.8002, 3.1169



4.7852, 5.2918, 4.9986



9.4985, 16.7566, 2.7337



0.0409, 0.0622, 0.0098

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.3769, 3.3140, 22.4421



13.0274, 5.8401, 40.1790



13.1813, 6.3901, 18.9251



4.6766, 4.6694, 5.8555



7.0351, 3.1609, 21.3760



0.0327, 0.0152, 0.0744

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

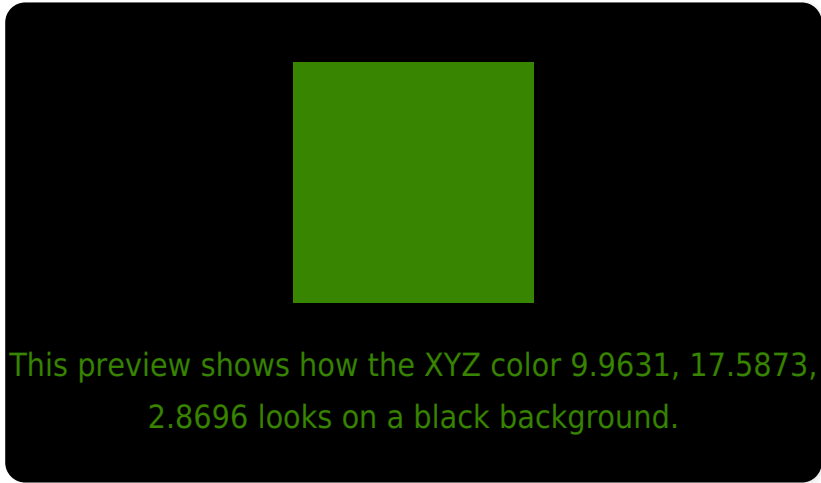
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9631, 17.5873,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696

Protanopia

15.6055, 17.3161, 2.5198

Deuteranopia

17.6396, 17.3467, 3.5171



Tritanopia

14.4912, 17.6730, 25.2017

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696

Protanomaly

12.5531, 16.8026, 2.5816

Deuteranomaly

13.3977, 16.5112, 3.0531

Tritanomaly

11.6130, 17.0636, 11.2759

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696

Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620

Achromatomaly

9.5925, 12.9690, 6.2727

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 133, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 133, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 133, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 133, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 133, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 133, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 133, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 133, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 133, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 133, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.9631, 17.5873, 2.8696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 133, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 133,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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