

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.8916, 19.6360, 3.2688)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.8916, 19.6360, 3.2688)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.9226, 19.6965,
3.2788)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	088F00
RGB	8, 143, 0
RGB Percent	3%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.9686, 0.4392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	117°, 100%, 28%
HSV	117°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788
YIQ	86.3330, -34.5570, -73.0930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

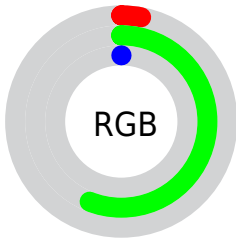
Format	Color
RYB	0, 143, 135
Decimal	560896
CIELab	51.49, -55.48, 54.14
CIELCh	51, 77.523, 135.700
Yxy	19.6965, 0.3016, 0.5987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278750976 (0xFF088F00)
YUV	86.3330, -42.5622, -68.6980
Hunter-Lab	44.3807, -37.7574, 26.6862

Details

The XYZ color **9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **14.9514, 7.1351, 26.5768**, and the grayscale version is **9.0103, 9.4795, 10.3232**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.3270, 42.9173, 12.2592**, and **3.7411, 7.4822, 1.2470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9229, 19.6972, 3.2790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.2243, 19.8432, 3.7178**.

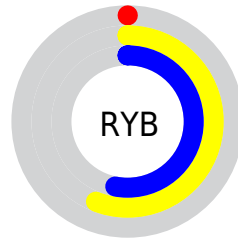
Distribution



Red (3%)

Green (56%)

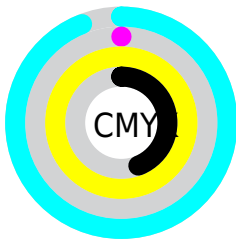
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (53%)

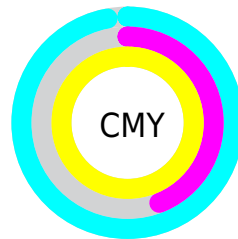


Cyan (94%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (97%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.9226, 19.6965,
3.2788

■ 9.9226, 19.6965,
3.2788

184.1839,
250.2673, 139.8360

■ 5.4095, 12.1746,
1.2387

■ 25.3008, 42.9078,
12.3090

■ 2.5267, 6.8627,
0.0107

■ 36.8967, 59.3659,
20.1361

■ 0.9087, 3.3764,
0.0000

■ 51.5842, 79.5716,
30.7294

■ 0.0000, 1.3313,
0.0000

■ 69.7287, 103.9093,
44.5073


■ 0.0000, 0.1652,
0.0000


■ 91.6956, 132.7633,
61.8883


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 117.8502,


166.5181, 83.2911


 148.5579,
205.5579, 109.1341


 9.9226, 19.6965,
3.2788


 9.9226, 19.6965,
3.2788


 9.9229, 19.6972,
3.2790

 10.2243, 19.8432,
3.7178

 10.7331, 20.0899,
4.4493

 11.5001, 20.4602,
5.6200

 12.5536, 20.9675,
7.2840

 13.9181, 21.6236,
9.4878

■ 15.6155, 22.4387,
12.2723

■ 17.6658, 23.4225,
15.6748

■ 20.0874, 24.5836,
19.7291

■ 22.8972, 25.9302,
24.4668

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9560, 19.6965, 0.9894



9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



7.6409, 19.6965, 12.5058

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



15.2623, 19.6965, 95.5634



37.1412, 19.6965, 11.8128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



14.9514, 7.1351, 26.5768

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.2908, 19.6965, 33.8707



9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



23.0699, 19.6965, 94.8312

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



10.0929, 19.6965, 69.0736



31.6050, 19.6965, 67.4708



31.2397, 19.6965, 3.0716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



7.4285, 19.6965, 25.9912



31.6050, 19.6965, 67.4708



37.9112, 19.6965, 17.4645

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.9231, 19.6973, 3.2792



31.3807, 41.8223, 27.6452



19.7801, 22.7438, 3.3477



6.8641, 9.4314, 5.7871



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.9231, 19.6973, 3.2792



17.7208, 35.2482, 5.8696



10.6917, 19.9932, 7.8491



5.3691, 6.0429, 5.7728



8.7795, 17.4186, 2.8994



0.0884, 0.1688, 0.0279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9514, 7.1351, 26.5768



26.7256, 12.7519, 47.5908



12.8149, 6.4347, 8.3588



5.5969, 5.4959, 6.7946



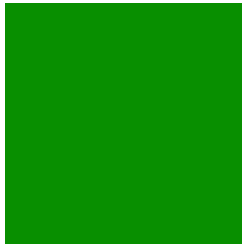
13.2251, 6.3114, 23.4983



0.1323, 0.0634, 0.2249

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

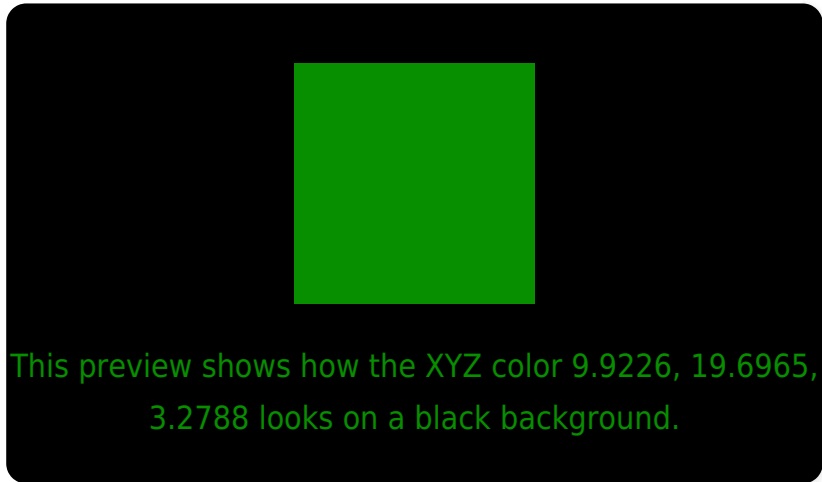
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

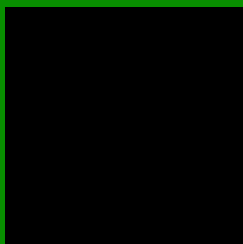
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9226, 19.6965,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788

Protanopia

17.4408, 19.3223, 2.8104

Deuteranopia

19.8191, 19.4597, 4.0078



Tritanopia

15.2850, 19.7493, 29.3920

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



Protanomaly

12.2970, 18.1894, 2.8628



Deuteranomaly

12.9539, 17.7389, 3.4030



Tritanomaly

11.7919, 19.1354, 13.1972

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788



Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341



Achromatomaly

7.6922, 11.6908, 5.4656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 143, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 143, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 143, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 143, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 143, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 143, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 143, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 143, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 143, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 143, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.9226, 19.6965, 3.2788 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 143, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 143,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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