

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.9232, 19.0327, 5.8164)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.9232, 19.0327, 5.8164)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.8912, 18.9614,
5.8279)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008C2F
RGB	0, 140, 47
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 18%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4510, 0.8157
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.66, 0.45
HSL	140°, 100%, 27%
HSV	140°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279
YIQ	87.5380, -53.5870, -58.6030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

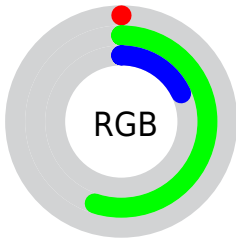
Format	Color
RYB	0, 105, 140
Decimal	35887
CIELab	50.64, -52.07, 39.53
CIELCh	51, 65.371, 142.795
Yxy	18.9614, 0.2852, 0.5467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225967 (0xFF008C2F)
YUV	87.5380, -19.9852, -76.7708
Hunter-Lab	43.5447, -35.6568, 22.5461

Details

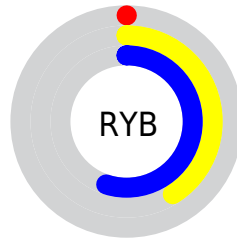
The XYZ color **9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **12.7917, 6.3662, 10.9118**, and the grayscale version is **9.2263, 9.7068, 10.5707**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.2401, 41.7323, 18.0341**, and **3.4897, 6.9794, 1.1632** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8915, 18.9621, 5.8279**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.2809, 19.1388, 6.9327**.

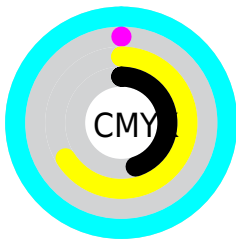
Distribution



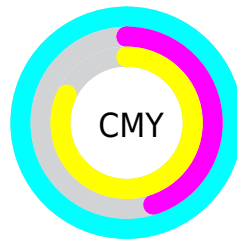
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.8912, 18.9614,
5.8279

■ 9.8912, 18.9614,
5.8279

183.9637,
246.2356, 166.7776

■ 5.3886, 11.6424,
2.6736

■ 25.2422, 41.6689,
18.0441

■ 2.5141, 6.5007,
0.9301

■ 36.8213, 57.8261,
27.9431

■ 0.9024, 3.1518,
0.0000

■ 51.4899, 77.6982,
40.9274

■ 0.0000, 1.2115,
0.0000

■ 69.6135, 101.6696,
57.4156

■ 0.0000, 0.0711,
0.0000

■ 91.5572, 130.1246,
77.8261

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.6866,

163.4477, 102.5776

148.3670,
202.0232, 132.0886

■ 9.8912, 18.9614,
5.8279

■ 9.8912, 18.9614,
5.8279

■ 9.8915, 18.9621,
5.8279

■ 10.2809, 19.1388,
6.9327

■ 10.8292, 19.3925,
8.2655

■ 11.6002, 19.7559,
9.8412

■ 12.6179, 20.2411,
11.6714

■ 13.9029, 20.8585,
13.7668

■ 15.4736, 21.6174,
16.1377

■ 17.3467, 22.5262,
18.7936

■ 19.5376, 23.5926,
21.7439

■ 22.0606, 24.8238,
24.9971

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.6631, 18.9614, 2.2197



9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



8.3638, 18.9614, 16.5342

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



16.5227, 18.9614, 79.0516



31.9116, 18.9614, 9.7813

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



12.7917, 6.3662, 10.9118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.1928, 18.9614, 25.3879



9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



23.2221, 18.9614, 73.1496

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



11.5592, 18.9614, 63.3518



29.7060, 18.9614, 50.1237



26.5329, 18.9614, 3.3763

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



8.4894, 18.9614, 29.4746



29.7060, 18.9614, 50.1237



32.8807, 18.9614, 13.7836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8917, 18.9622, 5.8283



30.3554, 39.6032, 32.8197



13.9268, 21.1017, 3.3392



6.6995, 8.9822, 7.1496



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8917, 18.9622, 5.8283



17.3704, 33.4026, 9.9155



12.5700, 20.0335, 19.9323



5.0366, 5.6341, 5.7139



8.7972, 16.8515, 5.2228



0.0647, 0.1145, 0.0678

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7917, 6.3662, 10.9118



22.4744, 11.1925, 18.8316



10.9738, 5.6390, 1.3386



5.1637, 5.1009, 5.9503



11.3748, 5.6601, 9.7442



0.0824, 0.0403, 0.1007

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

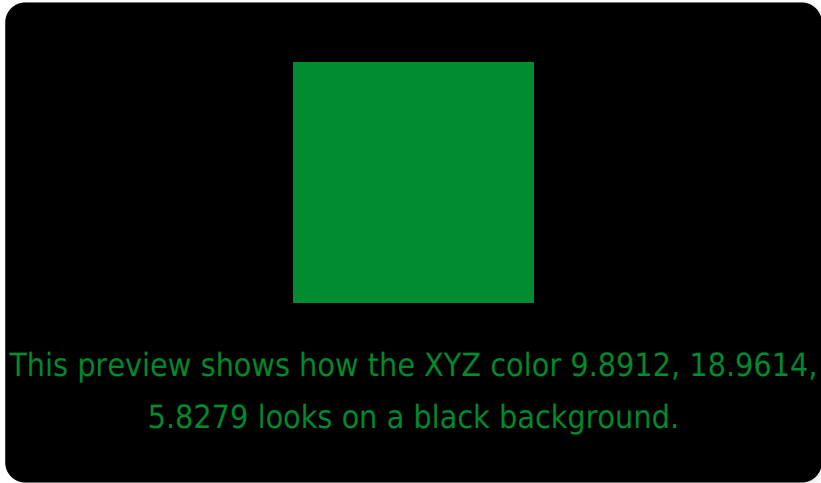
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8912, 18.9614,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279

Protanopia

16.9659, 18.6684, 4.8997

Deuteranopia

18.9196, 18.6064, 6.2086



Tritanopia

14.6861, 19.0555, 28.4952

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



Protanomaly

11.7903, 17.2919, 5.0991



Deuteranomaly

12.3189, 16.7935, 5.8410



Tritanomaly

11.9065, 18.4868, 16.8507

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279



Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273



Achromatomaly

8.0912, 11.8372, 8.1617

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 140, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 140, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 140, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 140, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 140, 47) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 140, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 140, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 140, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 140, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 140, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8912, 18.9614, 5.8279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 140, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 140,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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