

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.9338, 6.6273, 26.6629)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.9338, 6.6273, 26.6629)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.9394, 6.6505,
26.7464)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53388F
RGB	83, 56, 143
RGB Percent	33%, 22%, 56%
CMY	0.6745, 0.7804, 0.4392
CMYK	0.42, 0.61, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	259°, 44%, 39%
HSV	259°, 61%, 56%
XYZ	9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464
YIQ	73.9910, -11.8350, 32.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

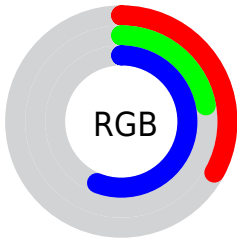
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 56, 143
Decimal	5453967
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 32.99, -44.23
CIE _{LCh}	31, 55.174, 306.720
Yxy	6.6505, 0.2294, 0.1535
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283644047 (0xFF53388F)
YUV	73.9910, 34.0214, 7.9009
Hunter-Lab	25.7886, 23.6673, -43.4401

Details

The XYZ color **9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **17.7385, 23.6434, 7.3702**, and the grayscale version is **6.4507, 6.7866, 7.3906**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1817, 19.1661, 55.1955**, and **2.5581, 1.2733, 10.2361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5337, 5.0399, 26.5098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.6675, 8.7213, 27.0552**.

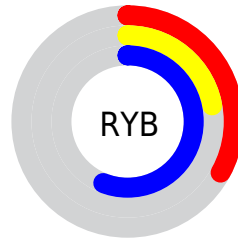
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (22%)

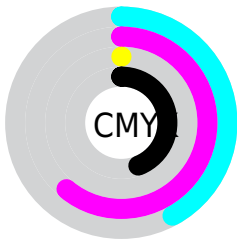
Blue (56%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (56%)

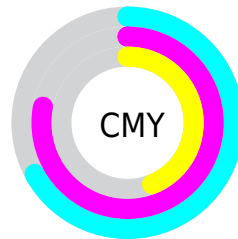


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.9394, 6.6505,
26.7464

■ 9.9394, 6.6505,
26.7464

■ 184.3017,
164.7272, 300.1484

■ 5.4208, 3.2445,
17.1521

■ 25.3322, 19.2666,
55.4754

■ 2.5335, 1.2607,
10.1799

■ 36.9370, 29.2455,
75.4473

■ 0.9122, 0.1104,
5.4112

■ 51.6346, 42.1841,
99.7153

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.4276

■ 69.7903, 58.4668,
128.6982

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8014

■ 91.7696, 78.4781,
162.8144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.9376,

102.6024, 202.4824

148.6599,
131.2239, 248.1209

■ 9.9394, 6.6505,
26.7464

■ 9.9394, 6.6505,
26.7464

■ 8.5337, 5.0399,
26.5098

■ 11.6675, 8.7213,
27.0552

■ 7.4269, 3.8515,
26.3387

■ 13.7373, 11.2849,
27.4409

■ 6.5934, 3.0419,
26.2264

■ 16.1676, 14.3715,
27.9086

■ 6.0132, 2.5272,
26.1576

■ 18.9754, 18.0087,
28.4627

■ 22.1767, 22.2223,
29.1072

■ 25.7864, 27.0360,
29.8461

■ 29.8187, 32.4727,
30.6830

■ 34.2872, 38.5537,
31.6212

■ 39.2046, 45.2994,
32.6641

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.9450, 6.6505, 34.1045



9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464



12.3515, 6.6505, 14.8017

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464



8.5900, 6.6505, 0.1931



2.4541, 6.6505, 9.1138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464



17.7385, 23.6434, 7.3702

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6647, 6.6505, 2.8273



9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464



5.7358, 6.6505, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464



11.4307, 6.6505, 1.5091



3.7086, 6.6505, 0.6445



3.0192, 6.6505, 20.1746

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464



13.0067, 6.6505, 8.1210



3.7086, 6.6505, 0.6445



2.4397, 6.6505, 6.4275

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.9397, 6.6507, 26.7466



35.3248, 34.0084, 51.2405



12.9386, 15.5233, 28.3011



7.7691, 7.3649, 11.6843



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.9397, 6.6507, 26.7466



14.4881, 8.1530, 47.3481



14.9175, 9.2169, 26.9795



5.2773, 5.3311, 6.7796



5.3364, 2.2446, 23.1291



0.0716, 0.0321, 0.2221

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.8942, 9.9290, 17.6011



26.4699, 14.7742, 27.8314



13.3144, 21.3627, 7.1631



5.5560, 5.4829, 6.4257



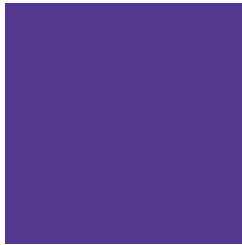
12.0006, 5.9573, 10.9204



0.1247, 0.0609, 0.1567

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9394, 6.6505,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464

Protanopia

7.7583, 6.7085, 29.7401

Deuteranopia

6.6128, 6.6708, 22.4118



Tritanopia

6.2806, 6.7057, 8.5527

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464

Protanomaly

7.7501, 6.2790, 28.4073

Deuteranomaly

6.9757, 6.1595, 23.7429

Tritanomaly

7.2030, 6.4100, 13.6896

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464

Achromatopsia

6.5089, 6.8478, 7.4573

Achromatomaly

7.3199, 6.4929, 12.6718

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 56, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 56, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 56, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 56, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 56, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 56, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 56, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 56, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 56, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 56,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.9394, 6.6505, 26.7464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 56, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 56,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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