

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.9439, 10.3944, 2.8643)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.9439, 10.3944, 2.8643)
contains.

XYZ(9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.8965, 10.3748,
2.8474)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B5920
RGB	107, 89, 32
RGB Percent	42%, 35%, 13%
CMY	0.5804, 0.6510, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.70, 0.58
HSL	46°, 54%, 27%
HSV	46°, 70%, 42%
XYZ	9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474
YIQ	87.8840, 29.0250, -13.9110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

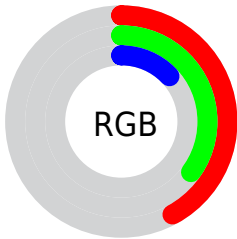
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 107, 32
Decimal	7035168
CIE _{Lab}	38.51, 0.28, 34.61
CIE _{LCh}	39, 34.614, 89.533
Yxy	10.3748, 0.4281, 0.4488
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285225248 (0xFF6B5920)
YUV	87.8840, -27.5508, 16.7647
Hunter-Lab	32.2099, -1.5233, 17.3056

Details

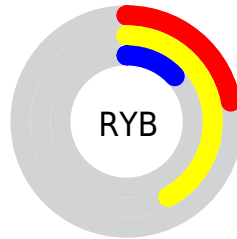
The XYZ color **9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4.3901, 3.6497, 14.3830**, and the grayscale version is **9.3044, 9.7890, 10.6602**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.3418, 26.6068, 11.1971**, and **2.5880, 2.6712, 0.3792** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5642, 9.9063, 2.1322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.2840, 10.8781, 3.8145**.

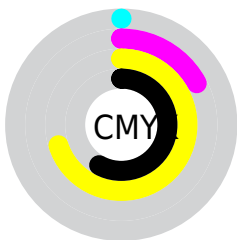
Distribution



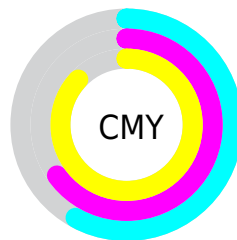
- Red (42%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.8965, 10.3748,
2.8474

■ 9.8965, 10.3748,
2.8474

184.0009,
193.3266, 134.3927

■ 5.3921, 5.6482,
1.0173

■ 25.2521, 26.4981,
11.2495

■ 2.5162, 2.6323,
0.0000

■ 36.8340, 38.6636,
18.6586

■ 0.9034, 0.9430,
0.0000

■ 51.5058, 54.0774,
28.7643

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 69.6329, 73.1241,
41.9853

■ 91.5806, 96.1879,
58.7401

■ 117.7143,

123.6534, 79.4472

148.3992,
155.9048, 104.5253

9.8965, 10.3748,
2.8474

9.8965, 10.3748,
2.8474

9.5642, 9.9063,
2.1322

10.2840, 10.8781,
3.8145

9.2816, 9.4691,
1.6432

10.7303, 11.4165,
5.0548

9.0299, 9.0588,
1.2726

11.2393, 11.9922,
6.5880

11.8144, 12.6066,
8.4316

12.4589, 13.2612,
10.6021

■ 13.1756, 13.9572,
13.1146

■ 13.9673, 14.6957,
15.9831

■ 14.8366, 15.4781,
19.2212

■ 15.7861, 16.3053,
22.8414

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2400, 10.3748, 3.5918



9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474



7.8648, 10.3748, 3.5446

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474



6.5341, 10.3748, 18.6339



14.1148, 10.3748, 18.8809

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474



4.3901, 3.6497, 14.3830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1691, 10.3748, 26.0090



9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474



7.8120, 10.3748, 25.8320

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474



6.1132, 10.3748, 11.1950



9.8255, 10.3748, 28.9398



14.8928, 10.3748, 11.3984

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474



6.9029, 10.3748, 4.9775



9.8255, 10.3748, 28.9398



13.5623, 10.3748, 21.4883

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.8967, 10.3753, 2.8476



22.1280, 23.5655, 18.3628



7.1720, 4.3957, 3.5737



5.2974, 5.6451, 4.2453



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.8967, 10.3753, 2.8476



16.7984, 17.2406, 3.2239



9.5667, 12.7066, 3.3150



3.2747, 3.4666, 3.3140



10.9615, 10.9728, 1.5402



55.1571, 54.5178, 7.6159

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.3901, 3.6497, 14.3830



6.2640, 4.4189, 25.4305



4.5231, 2.7920, 14.2104



3.0020, 3.1323, 3.8812



3.6473, 2.1290, 17.1409



18.0018, 9.6821, 87.1462

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

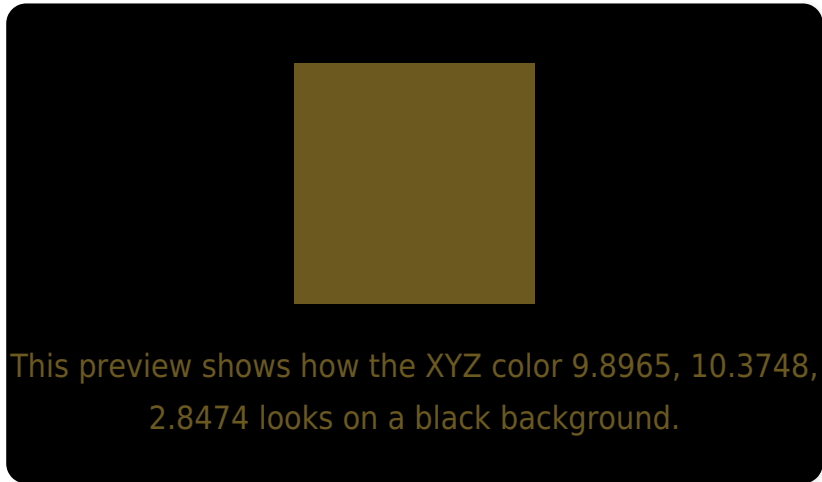
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

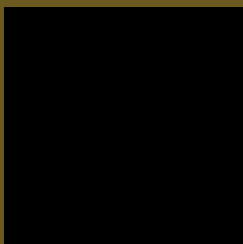
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.8965, 10.3748,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474

Protanopia

9.4951, 10.4168, 2.9490

Deuteranopia

10.4124, 10.2761, 2.8735



Tritanopia

11.4943, 10.3042, 11.0560

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474

Protanomaly

9.6396, 10.3652, 2.9315

Deuteranomaly

10.2383, 10.3057, 2.8884

Tritanomaly

10.7531, 10.2417, 7.0403

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

9.2524, 9.8297, 6.8785

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 89, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 89, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 89, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 89, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 89, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 89, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 89, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 89, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 89, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 89,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.8965, 10.3748, 2.8474 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 89, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 89,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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