

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.9692, 11.2510, 11.3544)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.9692, 11.2510, 11.3544)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.9579, 11.2660,
11.3226)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56615A
RGB	86, 97, 90
RGB Percent	34%, 38%, 35%
CMY	0.6627, 0.6196, 0.6471
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.07, 0.62
HSL	142°, 6%, 36%
HSV	142°, 11%, 38%
XYZ	9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226
YIQ	92.9130, -4.3090, -4.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

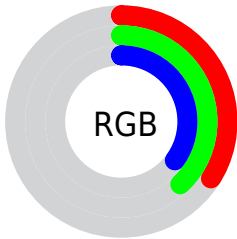
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 94, 97
Decimal	5661018
CIE Lab	40.02, -5.78, 2.54
CIE LCh	40, 6.311, 156.222
Yxy	11.2660, 0.3060, 0.3462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283851098 (0xFF56615A)
YUV	92.9130, -1.4361, -6.0627
Hunter-Lab	33.5649, -5.7818, 3.4948

Details

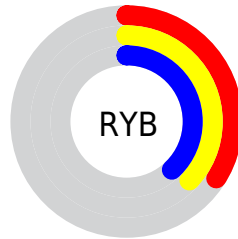
The XYZ color **9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **10.2337, 9.9875, 11.7448**, and the grayscale version is **10.3884, 10.9294, 11.9021**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.4769, 28.3075, 28.9321**, and **2.5719, 3.0285, 2.9316** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8728, 10.7360, 9.9568**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1867, 11.8682, 12.8096**.

Distribution



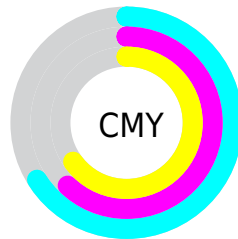
- Red (34%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.9579, 11.2660,
11.3226

■ 9.9579, 11.2660,
11.3226

184.4312,
199.4835, 210.6839

■ 5.4331, 6.2460,
6.1674

■ 25.3667, 28.1510,
28.9009

■ 2.5409, 2.9953,
2.8767

■ 36.9814, 40.7848,
42.1610

■ 0.9159, 1.1293,
1.0320

■ 51.6901, 56.7254,
58.9599

■ 0.0000, 0.0028,
0.0000

■ 69.8582, 76.3572,
79.7160

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 91.8510, 100.0645,
104.8479

118.0338,

128.2317, 134.7742

148.7721,
161.2432, 169.9133

■ 9.9579, 11.2660,
11.3226

■ 9.9579, 11.2660,
11.3226

■ 8.8728, 10.7360,
9.9568

■ 11.1867, 11.8682,
12.8096

■ 7.9251, 10.2741,
8.7084

■ 12.5634, 12.5436,
14.4198

■ 7.1094, 9.8779,
7.5745

■ 14.0930, 13.2953,
16.1565

■ 6.4195, 9.5441,
6.5518

■ 15.7803, 14.1256,
18.0222

■ 5.8488, 9.2696,
5.6370

■ 17.6296, 15.0367,
20.0195

■ 5.3900, 9.0506,
4.8264

■ 19.6452, 16.0307,
22.1511

■ 5.0351, 8.8829,
4.1162

■ 21.8311, 17.1096,
24.4194

■ 4.7736, 8.7614,
3.5023

■ 24.1913, 18.2755,
26.8268

■ 4.5823, 8.6728,
3.0438

■ 26.7296, 19.5302,
29.3757

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2195, 11.2660, 10.4274



9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226



9.8948, 11.2660, 12.5292

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226



10.7993, 11.2660, 14.8157



11.3997, 11.2660, 10.9000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226



10.2337, 9.9875, 11.7448

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5645, 11.2660, 12.0080



9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226



11.2118, 11.2660, 14.3106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226



10.3730, 11.2660, 14.6014



11.4948, 11.2660, 13.2620



11.0501, 11.2660, 10.1953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226



9.9723, 11.2660, 13.3602



11.4948, 11.2660, 13.2620



11.4790, 11.2660, 11.2347

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.9582, 11.2665, 11.3228



18.7887, 20.1533, 21.4960



10.4842, 11.5568, 10.4823



4.6291, 4.9863, 5.2942



49.6657, 52.2522, 56.9026



4.8358, 5.0876, 5.5404

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.9582, 11.2665, 11.3228



16.4727, 19.0195, 18.6681



10.1943, 11.3609, 12.5661



2.5780, 2.8700, 2.9379



6.2130, 11.7912, 4.0277



32.7985, 62.8344, 19.4499

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.2337, 9.9875, 11.7448



17.0608, 16.2892, 19.5687



10.0049, 9.8960, 10.5397



2.6331, 2.6142, 3.0223



7.8579, 3.9180, 6.3715



41.5456, 20.7577, 31.7568

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

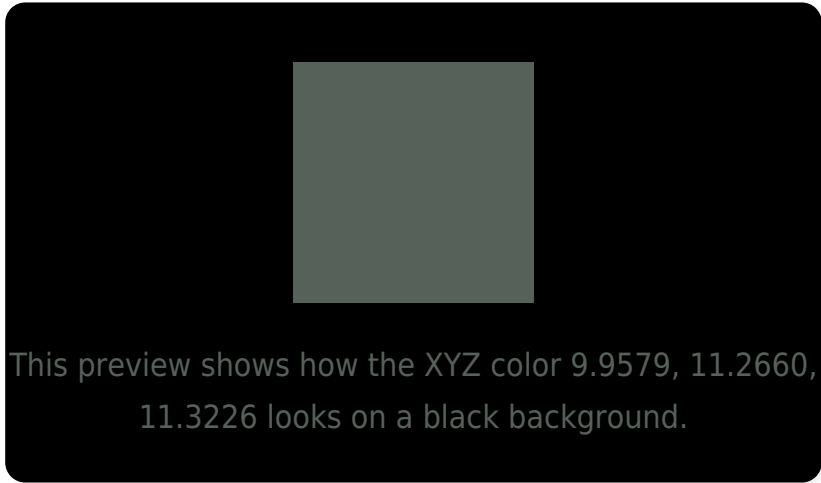
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

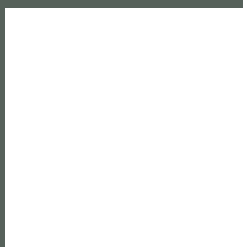
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.9579, 11.2660,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226

Protanopia

10.6939, 11.2514, 10.8406

Deuteranopia

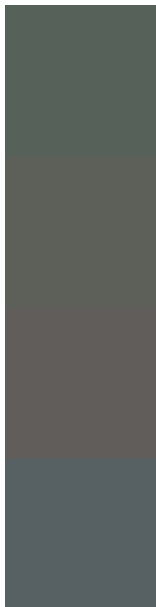
11.3383, 11.1806, 11.4580



Tritanopia

10.5649, 11.2384, 14.4444

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226

Protanomaly

10.4096, 11.2328, 11.0707

Deuteranomaly

10.7324, 11.1254, 11.4793

Tritanomaly

10.3180, 11.2738, 13.1875

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.1509, 10.9518, 11.7041

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(86, 97, 90) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 97, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 97, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 97, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 97, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 97, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 97, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 97, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 97, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 97, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.9579, 11.2660, 11.3226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 97, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 97,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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