

# Converting Colors

XYZ(90.7386, 100.0000,  
102.0018)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(90.7386, 100.0000, 102.0018)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(89.3567, 97.2285,  
101.2462)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3FFF6
RGB	243, 255, 246
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0471, 0.0000, 0.0353
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	135°, 100%, 98%
HSV	135°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462
YIQ	250.3860, -4.2630, -5.3430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

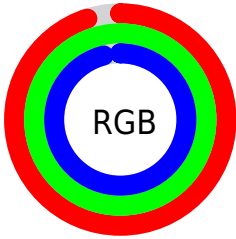
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 253, 255
Decimal	15990774
CIE Lab	98.92, -5.52, 2.92
CIE LCh	99, 6.248, 152.091
Yxy	97.2285, 0.3104, 0.3378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294180854 (0xFFFF3FFF6)
YUV	250.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775
Hunter-Lab	98.6045, -10.7989, 8.1447

# Details

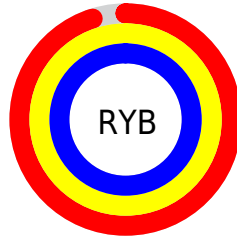
The XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 90.8617, 92.3904, 105.1395, and the grayscale version is 91.2049, 95.9546, 104.4946.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 49.9819, 54.6707, 56.6334 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 78.3729, 91.8880, 86.1904, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

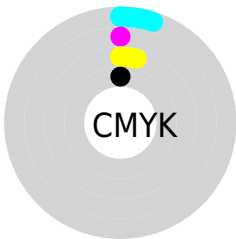
# Distribution



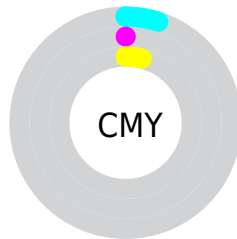
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



89.3567, 97.2285,  
101.2462

89.3567, 97.2285,  
101.2462

514.2051,  
551.2749, 585.4615

67.7817, 73.9911,  
76.7190

145.3274,  
157.3398, 164.9355

49.9932, 54.7868,  
56.5121

180.4538,  
194.9825, 204.9347

35.6258, 39.2310,  
40.2069

220.8281,  
238.1958, 250.9283

24.3141, 26.9395,  
27.3849

266.8157,  
287.3641, 303.3348

15.6928, 17.5278,  
17.6275

318.7818,  
342.8718, 362.5729

9.3965, 10.6115,  
10.5162

377.0918,

5.0599, 5.8063,

405.1032, 429.0610

5.6325

442.1112,  
474.4428, 503.2177

■ 2.3175, 2.7276,  
2.5578

■ 0.8036, 0.9912,  
0.8705

■ 89.3567, 97.2285,  
101.2462

■ 89.3567, 97.2285,  
101.2462

■ 78.3729, 91.8880,  
86.1904

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 68.8536, 87.2687,  
72.7319

■ 60.7366, 83.3394,  
60.8193

■ 53.9540, 80.0665,  
50.3971

■ 48.4324, 77.4133,  
41.4061

■ 44.0910, 75.3395,  
33.7834

■ 40.8394, 73.7998,  
27.4614

■ 38.5731, 72.7419,  
22.3665

■ 37.1658, 72.1023,  
18.4173

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5673, 97.2285, 97.6048



89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



88.9618, 97.2285, 106.2312

# Triad

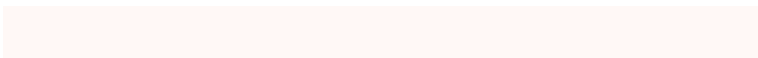
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



92.5404, 97.2285, 116.1929



95.4073, 97.2285, 100.6330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



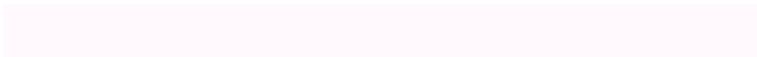
89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



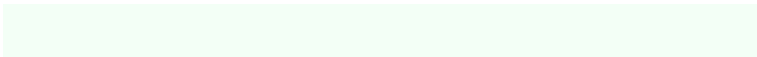
90.8617, 92.3904, 105.1395

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.9518, 97.2285, 105.5003



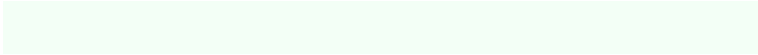
89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



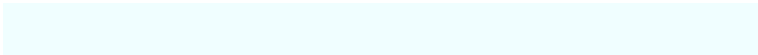
94.2832, 97.2285, 114.5793

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



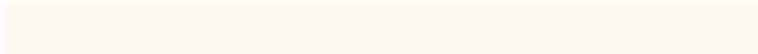
89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



90.7855, 97.2285, 114.9649



95.5377, 97.2285, 110.6228

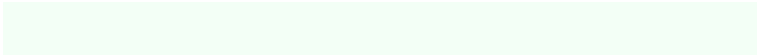


94.0594, 97.2285, 97.2590



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



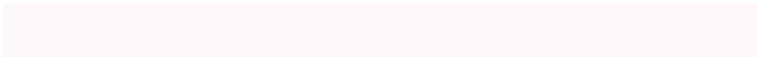
89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



89.2101, 97.2285, 109.6768



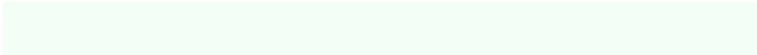
95.5377, 97.2285, 110.6228



95.6912, 97.2285, 102.1432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.3576, 97.2289, 101.2477



93.8116, 99.3970, 107.2429



92.0829, 98.6867, 98.9905



20.0926, 21.2814, 22.9719



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

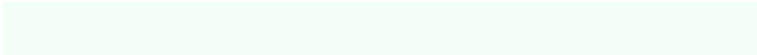


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

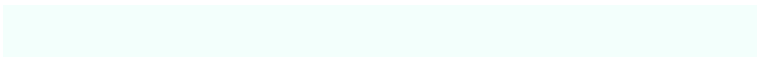
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.3576, 97.2289, 101.2477



87.8506, 96.4957, 99.2063



90.2935, 97.6033, 106.1761



18.6430, 20.5759, 21.0160



19.2152, 37.5827, 9.0186



1.9124, 3.6759, 1.0966



# Inverse Universe

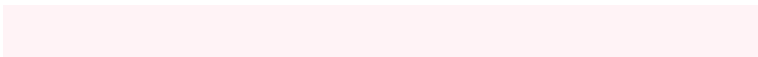
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.8617, 92.3904, 105.1395



89.7519, 90.3797, 104.1254



89.9258, 92.0161, 100.2111



19.0923, 19.1308, 22.1783



26.5391, 13.1050, 27.2873

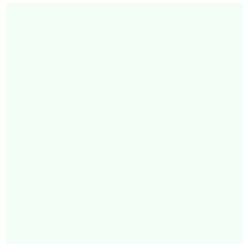


2.6277, 1.2935, 2.8869



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

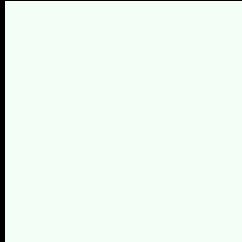
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

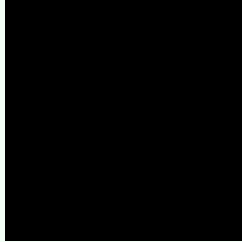
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462.



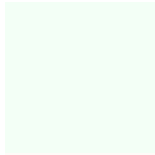
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.3567, 97.2285,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462



### Protanopia

92.6805, 97.0317, 102.6511

### Deuteranopia

93.1498, 97.2194, 105.1225

## **Tritanopia**

92.6441, 97.3500, 108.5153

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462

**Protanomaly**

91.3826, 96.8454, 101.8723

**Deuteranomaly**

91.6929, 96.9696, 103.5068

**Tritanomaly**

91.4074, 97.2353, 106.0461

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462

**Achromatopsia**

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055

**Achromatomaly**

90.2671, 96.2345, 103.4401

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 255, 246) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 255, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 255, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 255, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 255, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 255, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 255, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 255, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 255, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 255,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.3567, 97.2285, 101.2462 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 255, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
255, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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