

# Converting Colors

XYZ(90.8137, 94.9163,  
107.9446)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(90.8137, 94.9163, 107.9446)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(90.9926, 95.1111,  
108.1702)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9F9FF
RGB	249, 249, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0235, 0.0235, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 99%
HSV	240°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702
YIQ	249.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

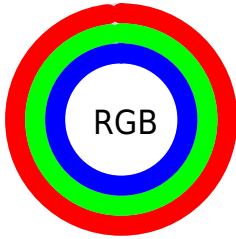
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	249, 249, 255
Decimal	16382463
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.08, 1.07, -2.88
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 3.070, 290.433
Y <sub>xy</sub>	95.1111, 0.3092, 0.3232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294572543 (0xFFFF9F9FF)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	249.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999
Hunter-Lab	97.5249, -4.1247, 2.5057

# Details

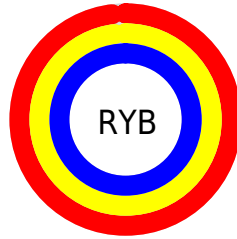
The XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 94.0978, 99.6170, 103.8925, and the grayscale version is 90.5880, 95.3056, 103.7878.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.2553, 53.5546, 61.0617 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 75.1640, 76.0433, 105.3240, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

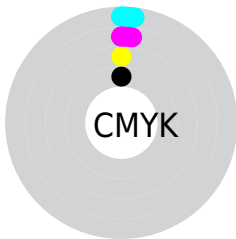
# Distribution



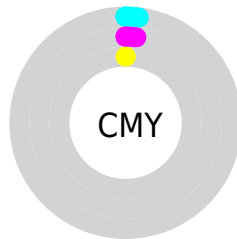
- Red (98%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90.9926, 95.1111,  
108.1702

90.9926, 95.1111,  
108.1702

519.4444,  
544.5206, 607.5504

69.1432, 72.2274,  
82.4863

147.5878,  
154.4181, 174.4899

51.1054, 53.3445,  
61.2283

183.0642,  
191.6102, 215.9628

36.5139, 38.0779,  
43.9777

223.8137,  
234.3406, 263.5357

25.0033, 26.0431,  
30.3159

270.2016,  
282.9937, 317.6273

16.2082, 16.8559,  
19.8244

322.5932,  
337.9538, 378.6560

9.7634, 10.1318,  
12.0847

381.3540,

5.3034, 5.4864,

399.6054, 447.0404

6.6781

446.8493,  
468.3329, 523.1990

■ 2.4630, 2.5354,  
3.1863

■ 0.8766, 0.8943,  
1.1905

■ 90.9926, 95.1111,  
108.1702

■ 90.9926, 95.1111,  
108.1702

■ 75.1640, 76.0433,  
105.3240

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 61.5426, 59.6329,  
102.8744

■ 50.0326, 45.7656,  
100.8044

■ 40.5285, 34.3143,  
99.0950

■ 32.9154, 25.1407,  
97.7256

■ 27.0671, 18.0929,  
96.6734

■ 22.8418, 13.0002,  
95.9131

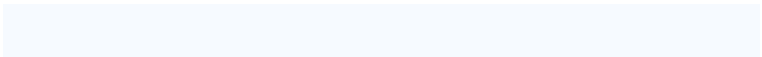
■ 20.0762, 9.6659,  
95.4153

■ 18.5727, 7.8521,  
95.1445

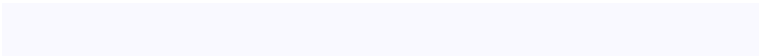
# Harmonies

## Analogous


The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.1192, 95.1111, 108.4150



90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702



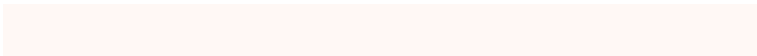
91.7117, 95.1111, 106.6791

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702



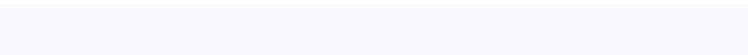
91.4830, 95.1111, 99.8668



88.7410, 95.1111, 102.7561

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



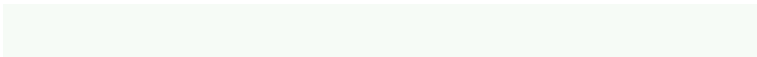
90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702



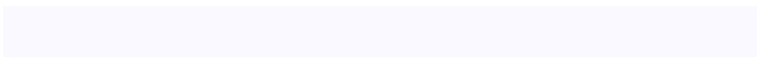
94.0978, 99.6170, 103.8925

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.1014, 95.1111, 100.5019



90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702



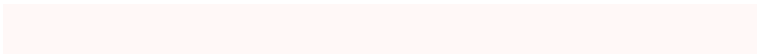
90.6819, 95.1111, 98.8518

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



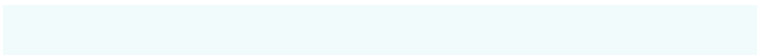
90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702



91.9960, 95.1111, 101.8763



89.8105, 95.1111, 99.0823

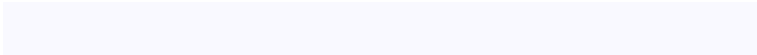


88.8230, 95.1111, 105.2618

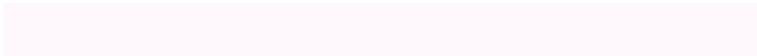


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



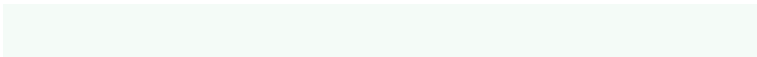
90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702



92.0049, 95.1111, 105.1922



89.8105, 95.1111, 99.0823



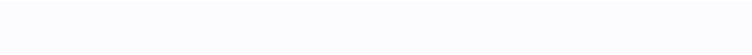
88.8144, 95.1111, 101.9444

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.9950, 95.1151, 108.1708



93.3105, 97.9045, 108.5872



92.8615, 98.8736, 108.7136



19.9906, 20.9777, 23.2454



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.9950, 95.1151, 108.1708



89.9008, 93.7969, 107.9741



92.0352, 95.6494, 108.2191



18.9554, 19.7306, 23.0593



9.4329, 3.7755, 49.6661

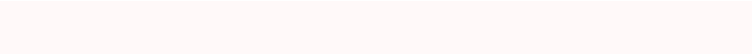


0.9188, 0.3683, 4.8359

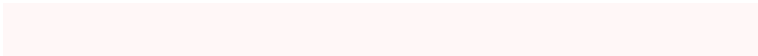


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.2160, 95.8524, 103.2684



91.4513, 94.7332, 101.7487



93.0406, 99.0739, 103.8434



19.3737, 19.9832, 21.3797



21.5495, 11.1091, 1.0123

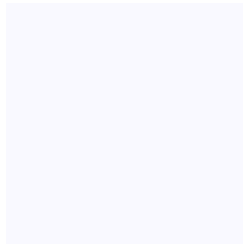


2.0984, 1.0817, 0.0995



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

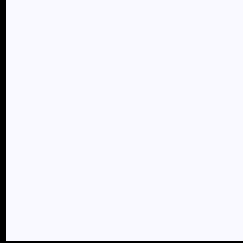
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

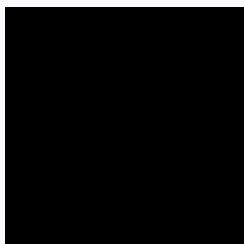
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

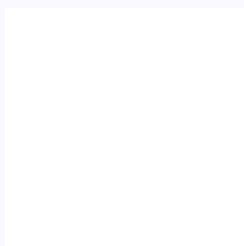
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.9926, 95.1111,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702

### Protanopia

91.6017, 94.9860, 107.2721

### Deuteranopia

91.9134, 94.7466, 104.7103

## **Tritanopia**

91.3500, 95.2954, 108.1869

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702

## Protanomaly

91.2405, 94.7998, 107.2552

## Deuteranomaly

91.6461, 95.0457, 105.6109

## Tritanomaly

91.3500, 95.2954, 108.1869

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702

## Achromatopsia

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055

## Achromatomaly

91.1806, 95.7235, 105.7662

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 249, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 249, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 249, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 249, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 249, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 249, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 249, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 249, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 249, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 249,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 90.9926, 95.1111, 108.1702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 249, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
249, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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