

# Converting Colors

XYZ(90.9523, 98.0741,  
100.2785)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(90.9523, 98.0741, 100.2785)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(90.9528, 98.0690,  
100.5217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8FFF5
RGB	248, 255, 245
RGB Percent	97%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0274, 0.0000, 0.0392
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	102°, 100%, 98%
HSV	102°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217
YIQ	251.7670, -0.9620, -4.5940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

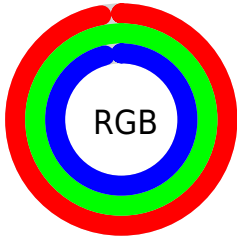
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	245, 255, 252
Decimal	16318453
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.25, -4.05, 3.96
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 5.662, 135.608
Yxy	98.0690, 0.3141, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294508533 (0xFFFF8FFF5)
YUV	251.7670, -3.3361, -3.3037
Hunter-Lab	99.0298, -9.3608, 9.1376

# Details

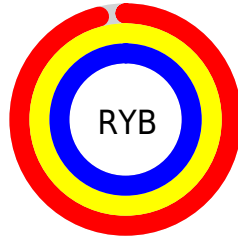
The XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 90.8480, 93.2214, 107.8131, and the grayscale version is 92.3597, 97.1696, 105.8176.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.1176, 55.2688, 56.1179 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 81.2943, 93.5091, 81.1291, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

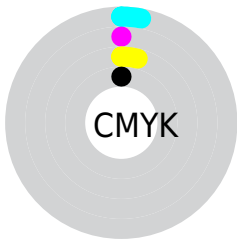
# Distribution



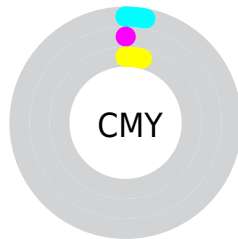
- Red (97%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90.9528, 98.0690,  
100.5217

90.9528, 98.0690,  
100.5217

519.3172,  
553.9441, 583.1250

69.1100, 74.6919,  
76.1170

147.5328,  
158.4978, 163.9321

51.0783, 55.3605,  
56.0212

183.0008,  
196.3184, 203.7748

36.4922, 39.6905,  
39.8158

223.7412,  
239.7222, 249.6006

24.9865, 27.2973,  
27.0823

270.1194,  
289.0936, 301.8281

16.1956, 17.7966,  
17.4020

322.5007,  
344.8172, 360.8757

9.7544, 10.8041,  
10.3566

381.2506,

5.2975, 5.9352,

407.2772, 427.1620

5.5273

446.7343,  
476.8580, 501.1056

■ 2.4594, 2.8057,  
2.4958

■ 0.8748, 1.0312,  
0.8379

■ 90.9528, 98.0690,  
100.5217

■ 90.9528, 98.0690,  
100.5217

■ 81.2943, 93.5091,  
81.1291

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 72.7365, 89.4572,  
64.4734

■ 65.2393, 85.8953,  
50.4324

■ 58.7593, 82.8038,  
38.8731

■ 53.2498, 80.1620,  
29.6510

■ 48.6601, 77.9471,  
22.6063

■ 44.9345, 76.1343,  
17.5593

■ 42.0101, 74.6958,  
14.3016

■ 39.8137, 73.5994,  
12.5786

# Harmonies

## Analogous

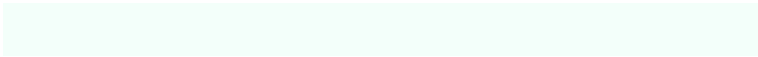
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.3568, 98.0690, 98.2287



90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217



90.1586, 98.0690, 104.5278

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217



92.4217, 98.0690, 115.8676



96.3150, 98.0690, 104.3435

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217



90.8480, 93.2214, 107.8131

# Split Complementary

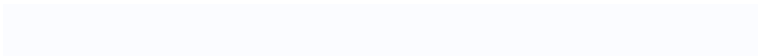
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.3328, 98.0690, 109.0653



90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217



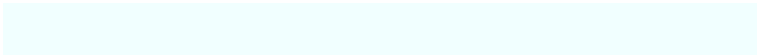
94.0717, 98.0690, 115.8147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



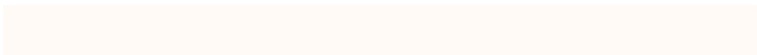
90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217



90.9998, 98.0690, 113.4363



95.5076, 98.0690, 113.2938



95.4590, 98.0690, 100.3902

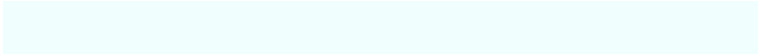


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



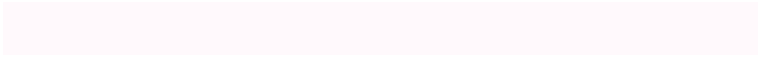
90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217



90.0757, 98.0690, 107.6749



95.5076, 98.0690, 113.2938



96.4195, 98.0690, 105.8910

# Sweetspot

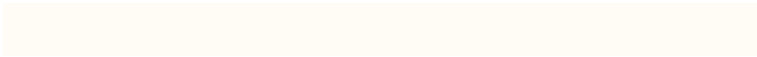
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.9536, 98.0694, 100.5232



93.9885, 99.4999, 106.7215



92.4800, 97.3692, 100.3076



20.1286, 21.3023, 22.8657



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.9536, 98.0694, 100.5232



89.8570, 97.5523, 98.2949



90.1799, 97.6380, 101.9552



19.0818, 20.8088, 20.7324



20.3944, 38.2518, 6.3084



2.0904, 3.7784, 0.6191



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.8480, 93.2214, 107.8131



89.7232, 91.4149, 107.5237



91.6492, 93.6684, 106.3174



19.0493, 19.3177, 22.9746



19.2425, 8.8304, 50.1248



1.9840, 0.9167, 4.8856



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

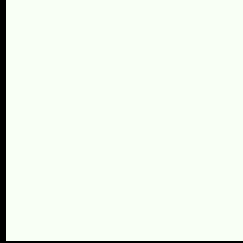
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

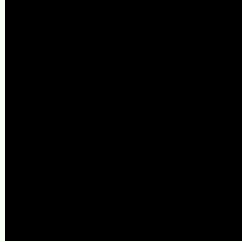
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.9528, 98.0690,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217

**Protanopia**

93.3057, 97.7829, 104.3987

**Deuteranopia**

93.6211, 97.9091, 106.0594

## **Tritanopia**

93.6833, 98.3532, 108.6542

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217

## Protanomaly

92.2134, 97.7233, 102.8093

## Deuteranomaly

92.3690, 97.7856, 103.6287

## Tritanomaly

92.6381, 98.3579, 105.3692

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217

## Achromatopsia

92.5260, 97.3445, 106.0082

## Achromatomaly

92.0078, 97.5993, 103.6118

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 255, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 255, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 255, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 255, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 255, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 255, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 255, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 255, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 255, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 255,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 90.9528, 98.0690, 100.5217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 255, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
255, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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