

# Converting Colors

XYZ(91.0343, 98.2399, 94.4102)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(91.0343, 98.2399, 94.4102)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(91.1909, 98.3299,  
94.2941)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FCFFED
RGB	252, 255, 237
RGB Percent	99%, 100%, 93%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0000, 0.0706
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	70°, 100%, 96%
HSV	70°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941
YIQ	252.0510, 3.9900, -6.2340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

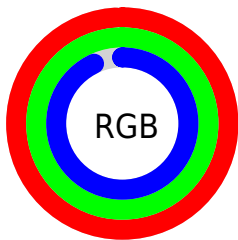
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 255, 240
Decimal	16580589
CIE Lab	99.35, -4.06, 8.24
CIE LCh	99, 9.188, 116.197
Yxy	98.3299, 0.3213, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294770669 (0xFFFCFFED)
YUV	252.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447
Hunter-Lab	99.1614, -9.3802, 13.0333

# Details

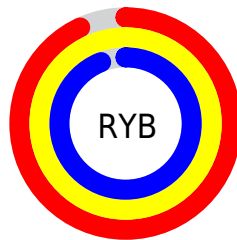
The XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 84.2702, 86.3149, 106.8267, and the grayscale version is 92.6266, 97.4504, 106.1235.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.0403, 55.3265, 51.7050 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 86.2045, 96.1595, 75.9756, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

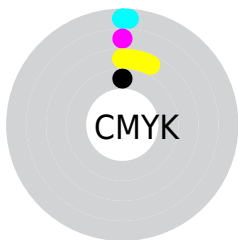
# Distribution



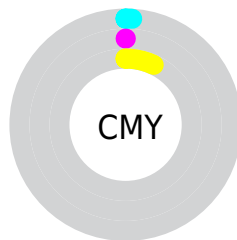
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91.1909, 98.3299,  
94.2941

91.1909, 98.3299,  
94.2941

520.0776,  
554.7713, 562.8291

69.3083, 74.9095,  
70.9540

147.8615,  
158.8571, 155.2762

51.2404, 55.5388,  
51.8230

183.3802,  
196.7327, 193.7552

36.6218, 39.8333,  
36.4828

224.1750,  
240.1955, 238.1176

25.0871, 27.4086,  
24.5146

270.6112,  
289.6299, 288.7819

16.2711, 17.8803,  
15.5001

323.0542,  
345.4203, 346.1667

9.8082, 10.8641,  
9.0206

381.8694,

5.3333, 5.9755,

407.9510, 410.6905

4.6576

447.4220,  
477.6066, 482.7718

■ 2.4809, 2.8302,  
1.9926

■ 0.8856, 1.0437,  
0.5507

■ 91.1909, 98.3299,  
94.2941

■ 91.1909, 98.3299,  
94.2941

■ 86.2045, 96.1595,  
75.9756

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 81.7592, 94.2096,  
60.3306

■ 77.8317, 92.4707,  
47.2349

■ 74.3960, 90.9324,  
36.5530

■ 71.4238, 89.5834,  
28.1370

■ 68.8837, 88.4110,  
21.8224

■ 66.7400, 87.4011,  
17.4228

■ 64.9508, 86.5367,  
14.7190

■ 63.4628, 85.7966,  
13.4310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

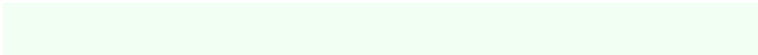
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8037, 98.3299, 92.9303



91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941



89.2199, 98.3299, 99.0194

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941



90.6066, 98.3299, 119.8745



98.7255, 98.3299, 108.0518

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941



84.2702, 86.3149, 106.8267

# Split Complementary

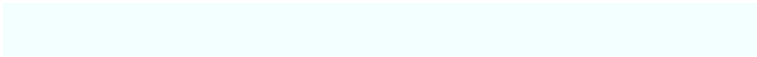
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.8315, 98.3299, 115.5341



91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941



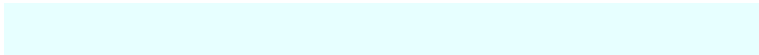
93.1164, 98.3299, 122.5639

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



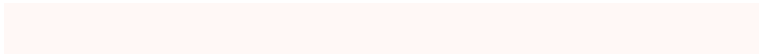
91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941



88.8872, 98.3299, 113.7498



95.7657, 98.3299, 120.9389



98.1863, 98.3299, 100.6465



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941



88.5177, 98.3299, 103.5630



95.7657, 98.3299, 120.9389



98.5822, 98.3299, 110.6441

# Sweetspot

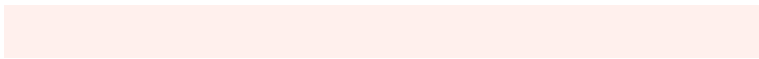
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.1916, 98.3302, 94.2956



93.9277, 99.5150, 104.6181



87.5987, 89.5192, 92.7842



20.1162, 21.3054, 22.4374



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.1916, 98.3302, 94.2956



90.6981, 98.1161, 92.4526



88.1126, 96.7429, 94.1515



19.2466, 20.9286, 19.1695



33.0595, 44.7809, 6.9012



3.2942, 4.3990, 0.6755



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.2702, 86.3149, 106.8267



82.9035, 84.5849, 106.5648



87.2951, 87.8743, 106.9682



17.2850, 17.5231, 22.7212



10.0231, 4.0776, 49.6934



1.0514, 0.4359, 4.8420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

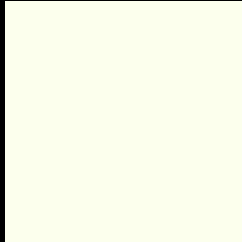
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

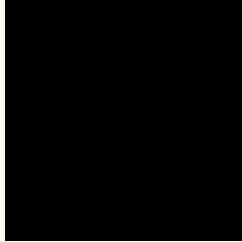
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.1909, 98.3299,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**

91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941

**Protanopia**

93.4642, 98.3501, 103.6799

**Deuteranopia**

93.9360, 98.5388, 106.1644

## Tritanopia

94.0483, 98.5414, 108.6713

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941

## Protanomaly

92.7963, 98.5470, 100.5168

## Deuteranomaly

93.1034, 98.6699, 102.1338

## Tritanomaly

92.8931, 98.5436, 102.9318

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941

## Achromatopsia

92.5260, 97.3445, 106.0082

## Achromatomaly

92.0587, 97.6614, 101.9942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 255, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 255, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 255, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 255, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 255, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 255, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 255, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 255, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 91.1909, 98.3299, 94.2941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 255, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
255, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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