

Converting Colors

XYZ(91.3342, 130.4217,
144.8203)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(91.3342, 130.4217, 144.8203)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(63.4829, 83.7265,
107.4227)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85FFFF
RGB	133, 255, 255
RGB Percent	52%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.4784, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 76%
HSV	180°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227
YIQ	218.5220, -72.7120, -25.8640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

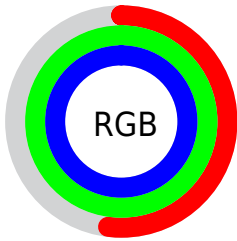
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 194, 255
Decimal	8781823
CIE _{Lab}	93.33, -34.20, -10.60
CIE _{LCh}	93, 35.800, 197.221
Yxy	83.7265, 0.2493, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286971903 (0xFF85FFFF)
YUV	218.5220, 17.9837, -75.0028
Hunter-Lab	91.5022, -36.2881, -5.5544

Details

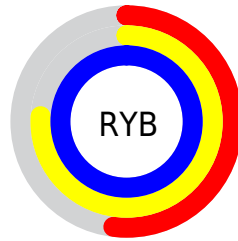
The XYZ color **63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **53.8624, 39.7303, 27.0223**, and the grayscale version is **66.9170, 70.4019, 76.6677**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.8023, 90.0775, 107.9992**, and **32.8414, 45.7306, 60.5220** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.9344, 81.8973, 107.2566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.0103, 86.0605, 107.6346**.

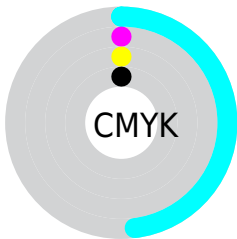
Distribution



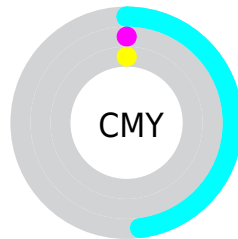
- Red (52%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63.4829, 83.7265,
107.4227

63.4829, 83.7265,
107.4227

426.9518,
507.4046, 605.1861

46.4921, 62.7897,
81.8625

108.9438,
138.5925, 173.4614

32.8406, 45.6711,
60.7171

138.1446,
173.2905, 214.7770

22.1630, 31.9863,
43.5678

172.1461,
213.3443, 262.1815

14.0940, 21.3511,
29.9962

211.3137,
259.1383, 316.0934

8.2682, 13.3809,
19.5837

256.0127,
311.0570, 376.9313

4.3203, 7.6913,
11.9117

306.6085,

1.8849, 3.8981,

369.4846, 445.1137

6.5618

363.4664,
434.8057, 521.0591

■ 0.5680, 1.6167,
3.1153

■ 0.0000, 0.3688,
1.1538

■ 63.4829, 83.7265,
107.4227

■ 63.4829, 83.7265,
107.4227

■ 59.9344, 81.8973,
107.2566

■ 68.0103, 86.0605,
107.6346

■ 57.2902, 80.5341,
107.1329

■ 73.5786, 88.9311,
107.8952

■ 55.4693, 79.5954,
107.0477

■ 80.2479, 92.3692,
108.2073

■ 54.3753, 79.0314,
106.9965

■ 88.0729, 96.4032,
108.5735

■ 53.8789, 78.7755, 95.0500, 100.0000,
106.9732 108.9000

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1704, 83.7265, 80.1512



63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



67.8865, 83.7265, 134.8491

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



93.6473, 83.7265, 131.1864



83.6588, 83.7265, 49.3121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



53.8624, 39.7303, 27.0223

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5436, 83.7265, 58.1075



63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



98.6094, 83.7265, 103.1418

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



85.0707, 83.7265, 150.3204



98.1901, 83.7265, 76.6345



74.3299, 83.7265, 50.0072

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



72.7622, 83.7265, 147.9293



98.1901, 83.7265, 76.6345



86.8099, 83.7265, 51.1702

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.4838, 83.7270, 107.4227



83.1138, 93.8466, 108.3414



49.6679, 78.2007, 34.6689



17.4406, 19.9071, 23.1732



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

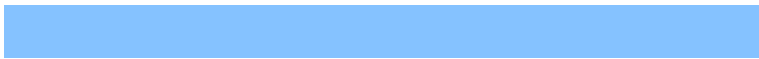
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.4838, 83.7270, 107.4227



60.1969, 82.0326, 107.2689



47.0163, 50.7919, 101.9335



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.6783, 45.2567, 99.7761



64.8282, 39.5565, 98.8261



64.7665, 61.5385, 30.6570



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



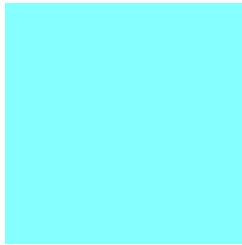
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

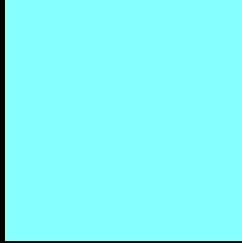
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

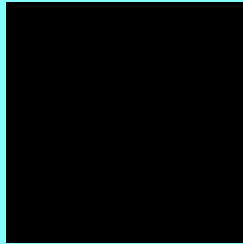
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227.

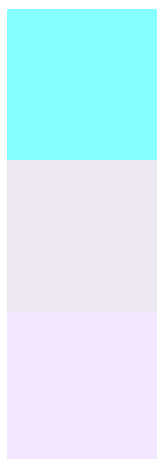


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 63.4829, 83.7265,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227

Protanopia

79.7580, 82.5215, 95.7289

Deuteranopia

83.3090, 82.8683, 106.2121



Tritanopia

72.1389, 83.1278, 106.8509

Trichromacy



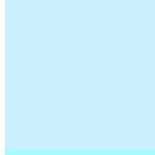
Original Color

63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



Protanomaly

71.7970, 81.7681, 99.9944



Deuteranomaly

73.5451, 81.6495, 106.4914



Tritanomaly

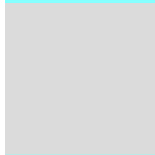
68.4120, 83.0127, 107.0251

Monochromacy



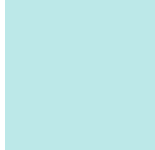
Original Color

63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227



Achromatopsia

67.3311, 70.8376, 77.1421



Achromatomaly

64.1611, 74.2308, 87.2903

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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