

# Converting Colors

XYZ(91.4441, 100.0000,  
100.5228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(91.4441, 100.0000, 100.5228)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(90.2475, 97.7054,  
100.4887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6FFF5
RGB	246, 255, 245
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0000, 0.0392
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	114°, 100%, 98%
HSV	114°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887
YIQ	251.1690, -2.1540, -5.0180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	245, 255, 254
Decimal	16187381
CIE Lab	99.11, -4.71, 3.74
CIE LCh	99, 6.010, 141.565
Yxy	97.7054, 0.3129, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294377461 (0xFFFF6FFF5)
YUV	251.1690, -3.0413, -4.5332
Hunter-Lab	98.8460, -10.0082, 8.9169

# Details

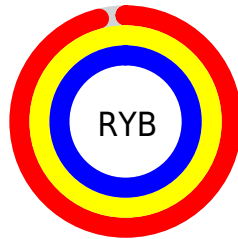
The XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 91.5761, 93.5968, 107.8472, and the grayscale version is 91.8602, 96.6441, 105.2454.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 50.6146, 55.0094, 56.0943 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 79.0598, 92.3572, 81.0246, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

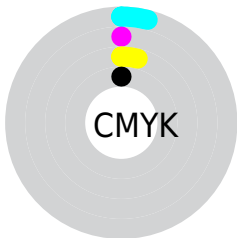
# Distribution



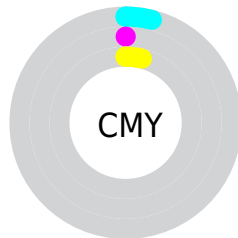
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.2475, 97.7054,  
100.4887

 90.2475, 97.7054,  
100.4887


517.0615,  
552.7902, 583.0184

 68.5229, 74.3887,  
76.0896


146.5587,  
157.9970, 163.8863

 50.5985, 55.1123,  
55.9989


181.8761,  
195.7407, 203.7219

 36.1089, 39.4916,  
39.7980


222.4550,  
239.0622, 249.5401

 24.6888, 27.1424,  
27.0685

268.6610,  
288.3458, 301.7594

 15.9729, 17.6802,  
17.3918

320.8592,  
343.9761, 360.7983

 9.5957, 10.7206,  
10.3493

379.4152,

 5.1919, 5.8793,

406.3373, 427.0754

5.5226

444.6941,  
475.8139, 501.0093

■ 2.3962, 2.7718,  
2.4930

■ 0.8432, 1.0138,  
0.8364

■ 90.2475, 97.7054,  
100.4887

■ 90.2475, 97.7054,  
100.4887

■ 79.0598, 92.3572,  
81.0246

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 69.3445, 87.7085,  
64.3146

■ 61.0408, 83.7309,  
50.2359

■ 54.0830, 80.3931,  
38.6543

■ 48.3997, 77.6616,  
29.4240

■ 43.9130, 75.4999,  
22.3841

■ 40.5366, 73.8671,  
17.3535

■ 38.1722, 72.7173,  
14.1220

■ 36.7038, 71.9962,  
12.4331

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.6311, 97.7054, 97.6466



90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887



89.5675, 97.7054, 104.9730

# Triad

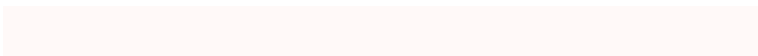
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887



92.3719, 97.7054, 116.2346



96.0402, 97.7054, 102.8715

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887



91.5761, 93.5968, 107.8472

# Split Complementary

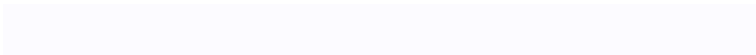
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.2446, 97.7054, 107.8087



90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887



94.1120, 97.7054, 115.6289

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



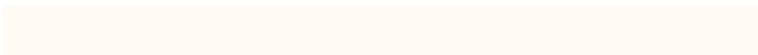
90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887



90.7839, 97.7054, 114.1365



95.5348, 97.7054, 112.5067



94.9798, 97.7054, 98.9918

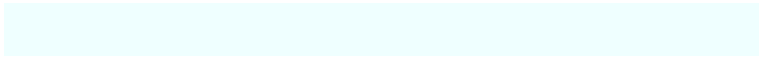


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



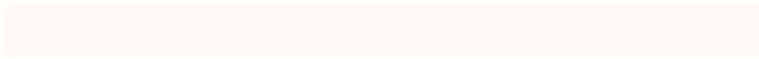
90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887



89.5988, 97.7054, 108.3340



95.5348, 97.7054, 112.5067



96.2118, 97.7054, 104.4587

# Sweetspot

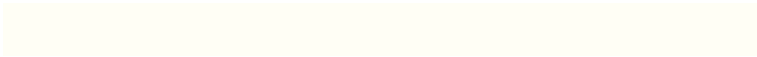
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.2484, 97.7058, 100.4902



93.8028, 99.4042, 106.7128



93.1107, 98.6307, 100.5179



20.0908, 21.2829, 22.8640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.2484, 97.7058, 100.4902



88.9682, 97.0941, 98.2533



90.4899, 97.7620, 103.5879



18.8665, 20.6978, 20.7223



18.9564, 37.5105, 6.2411



1.8991, 3.6798, 0.6102



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.5761, 93.5968, 107.8472



90.6491, 91.8922, 107.5670



91.3320, 93.5415, 104.6468



19.2749, 19.4340, 22.9852



26.4721, 12.5573, 50.4632

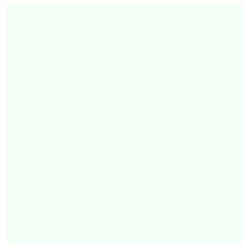


2.6271, 1.2482, 4.9157



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

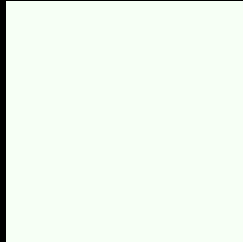
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.2475, 97.7054,

100.4387.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887

### Protanopia

93.1493, 97.7204, 103.5750

### Deuteranopia

93.6211, 97.9091, 106.0594

## **Tritanopia**

93.0053, 97.5363, 108.5322

# Trichromacy

**Original Color**

90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887

**Protanomaly**

92.2134, 97.7233, 102.8093

**Deuteranomaly**

92.3690, 97.7856, 103.6287

**Tritanomaly**

91.9622, 97.5396, 105.2469

# Monochromacy

**Original Color**

90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887

**Achromatopsia**

91.6934, 96.4686, 105.0543

**Achromatomaly**

90.9762, 96.6001, 103.4733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 255, 245) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 255, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 255, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 255, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 255, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 255, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 255, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 255, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 255, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 255,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 90.2475, 97.7054, 100.4887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 255, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
255, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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