

# Converting Colors

XYZ(91.5456, 66.0573, 86.3509)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(91.5456, 66.0573, 86.3509)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(70.0541, 54.8956,  
85.5009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA7EB
RGB	255, 167, 235
RGB Percent	100%, 65%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3451, 0.0784
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	314°, 100%, 83%
HSV	314°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009
YIQ	201.0640, 30.6200, 39.8040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

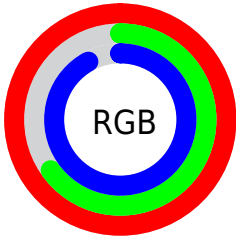
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 167, 235
Decimal	16754667
CIE Lab	78.98, 42.25, -20.76
CIE LCh	79, 47.071, 333.837
Yxy	54.8956, 0.3329, 0.2608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944747 (0xFFFFA7EB)
YUV	201.0640, 16.7304, 47.3019
Hunter-Lab	74.0916, 39.1128, -16.5560

# Details

The XYZ color **70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **60.6678, 83.3242, 59.9022**, and the grayscale version is **55.4446, 58.3320, 63.5236**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.6777, 81.2554, 105.7759**, and **37.0678, 26.9352, 45.8932** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.0112, 46.1280, 79.7563**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.0477, 65.5206, 91.6984**.

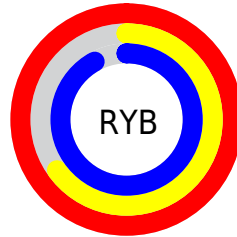
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (65%)

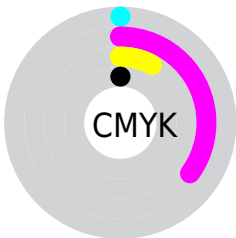
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (92%)

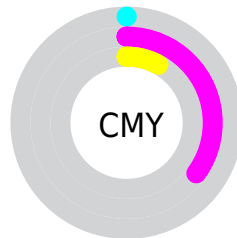


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.0541, 54.8956,  
85.5009

 70.0541, 54.8956,  
85.5009


450.0034,  
405.5161, 533.4718

 51.8504, 39.3181,  
63.7028


 118.3118, 97.3880,  
142.9532

 37.1096, 27.0073,  
45.9654


 149.0964,  
125.0717, 179.4444

 25.4664, 17.5787,  
31.8700

184.8054,  
157.5596, 221.6705

 16.5555, 10.6480,  
20.9982

225.8042,  
195.2361, 270.0499

 10.0114, 5.8306,  
12.9315

272.4580,  
238.4856, 325.0012

 5.4689, 2.7424,  
7.2512

325.1322,

 2.5624, 0.9988,

287.6925, 386.9429

3.5389

384.1922,  
343.2412, 456.2936

■ 0.9269, 0.0000,  
1.3759

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1228

■ 70.0541, 54.8956,  
85.5009

■ 70.0541, 54.8956,  
85.5009

■ 65.0112, 46.1280,  
79.7563

■ 76.0477, 65.5206,  
91.6984

■ 60.8607, 39.1020,  
74.4418

■ 83.0386, 78.0962,  
98.3635

■ 57.5434, 33.6998,  
69.5371

■ 91.0745, 92.7174,  
105.5140

■ 54.9914, 29.7856,  
65.0183

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 53.1256, 27.2018,  
60.8577

■ 51.8491, 25.7550,  
57.0216

■ 51.3231, 25.2932,  
55.0270

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.8532, 54.8956, 113.6201



70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



72.2722, 54.8956, 56.3891

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



50.9816, 54.8956, 21.6840



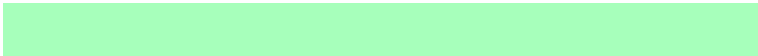
38.6099, 54.8956, 93.3109

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



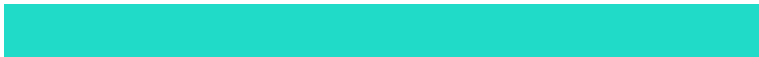
70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



60.6678, 83.3242, 59.9022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2010, 54.8956, 63.2875



70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



42.7832, 54.8956, 26.3675

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



60.5213, 54.8956, 24.4190



37.6330, 54.8956, 39.8039



44.6366, 54.8956, 118.9949



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



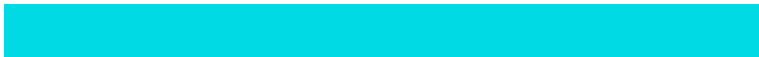
70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



70.4307, 54.8956, 41.2681



37.6330, 54.8956, 39.8039



37.3852, 54.8956, 83.1152

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.0554, 54.8979, 85.5020



86.5287, 84.4280, 101.5255



52.1369, 45.3077, 100.6051



18.2828, 17.6389, 21.5173



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.0554, 54.8979, 85.5020



66.6758, 48.9996, 81.7214



64.5673, 52.7027, 56.6025



18.6056, 18.2256, 21.8063



26.8769, 13.2401, 29.0661



2.6580, 1.3056, 3.0466



# Inverse Universe

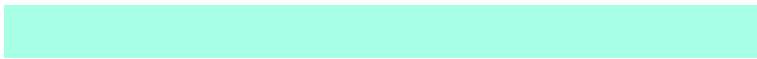
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.0554, 54.8979, 85.5020



66.6758, 48.9996, 81.7214



65.9902, 85.4532, 87.9293



18.6056, 18.2256, 21.8063



26.8769, 13.2401, 29.0661



2.6580, 1.3056, 3.0466



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

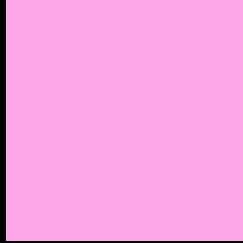
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

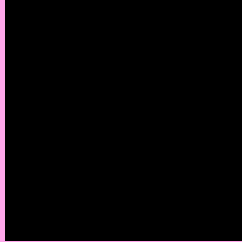
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 70.0541, 54.8956,

85.5009.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009

### Protanopia

56.0036, 55.4426, 101.5157

### Deuteranopia

56.3433, 55.0369, 83.2549



## Tritanopia

63.7776, 54.8645, 55.3726

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



## Protanomaly

59.6611, 54.2618, 95.3248



## Deuteranomaly

60.5069, 54.3422, 83.6440



## Tritanomaly

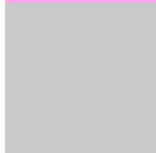
65.8678, 54.8526, 65.5085

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009



## Achromatopsia

55.5167, 58.4078, 63.6061



## Achromatomaly

60.0266, 56.5714, 70.7064

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 167, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 167, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 167, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 167, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 167, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 167, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 167, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 167, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 167, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 167,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 70.0541, 54.8956, 85.5009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 167, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
167, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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