

# Converting Colors

XYZ(91.6057, 96.6073, 96.9759)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(91.6057, 96.6073, 96.9759)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(91.6144, 96.6052,  
97.0372)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFBF1
RGB	255, 251, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0157, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	43°, 100%, 97%
HSV	43°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372
YIQ	251.0560, 5.5940, -2.2620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	247, 255, 241
Decimal	16776177
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.67, -0.37, 5.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 5.257, 94.034
Yxy	96.6052, 0.3212, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966257 (0xFFFFBF1)
YUV	251.0560, -4.9576, 3.4589
Hunter-Lab	98.2879, -5.6237, 10.2660

# Details

The XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 86.9774, 91.2234, 107.6314, and the grayscale version is 91.7796, 96.5593, 105.1531.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.5608, 54.5388, 53.7084 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 85.8399, 90.7313, 77.6173, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

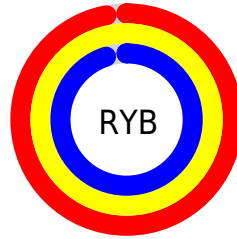
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (98%)

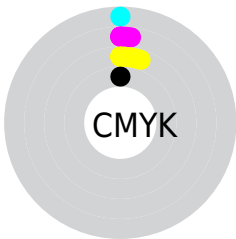
Blue (95%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (95%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91.6144, 96.6052,  
97.0372

91.6144, 96.6052,  
97.0372

521.4285,  
549.2912, 571.8166

69.6611, 73.4717,  
73.2255

148.4458,  
156.4804, 159.0958

51.5289, 54.3618,  
53.6674

184.0547,  
193.9909, 198.1797

36.8524, 38.8910,  
37.9445

224.9460,  
237.0625, 243.1915

25.2664, 26.6749,  
25.6381

271.4853,  
286.0796, 294.5496

16.4054, 17.3292,  
16.3298

324.0378,  
341.4267, 352.6727

9.9042, 10.4695,  
9.6009

382.9690,

5.3972, 5.7113,

403.4880, 417.9792

5.0330

448.6441,  
472.6480, 490.8876

■ 2.5193, 2.6704,  
2.2076

■ 0.9050, 0.9622,  
0.6787

■ 91.6144, 96.6052,  
97.0372

■ 91.6144, 96.6052,  
97.0372

■ 85.8399, 90.7313,  
77.6173

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 80.6610, 85.2308,  
60.9162

■ 76.0551, 80.0962,  
46.8116

■ 71.9959, 75.3153,  
35.1695

■ 68.4547, 70.8749,  
25.8436

■ 65.3997, 66.7609,  
18.6721

■ 62.7952, 62.9571,  
13.4722

■ 60.5998, 59.4453,  
10.0305

■ 58.7623, 56.2032,  
8.0833

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.1090, 96.6052, 97.8222



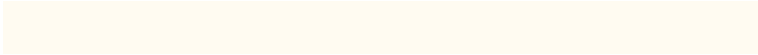
91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372



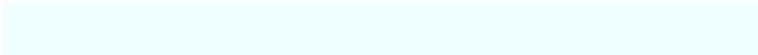
90.1904, 96.6052, 98.3857

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372



89.4139, 96.6052, 109.9528



94.4795, 96.6052, 108.9031

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372



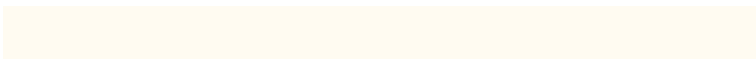
86.9774, 91.2234, 107.6314

# Split Complementary

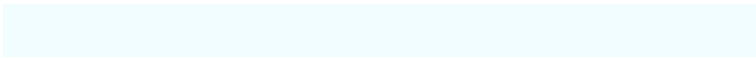
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.4698, 96.6052, 112.2940



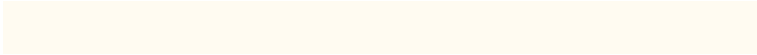
91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372



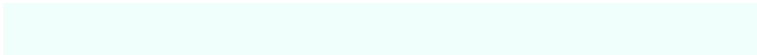
90.5436, 96.6052, 112.9117

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



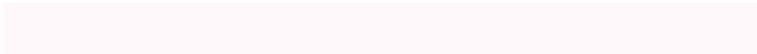
91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372



88.9289, 96.6052, 105.7780



92.0266, 96.6052, 113.7800

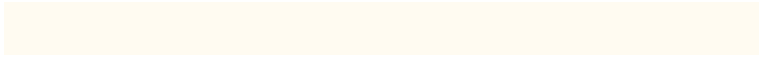


94.7738, 96.6052, 104.5975



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372



89.4696, 96.6052, 100.3356



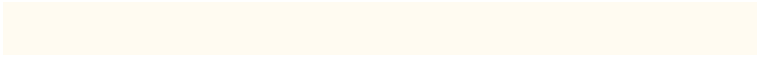
92.0266, 96.6052, 113.7800



94.2120, 96.6052, 110.1916

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.6165, 96.6091, 97.0393



93.7772, 98.7509, 104.4785



89.2080, 90.7766, 99.3673



20.0855, 21.1499, 22.4090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

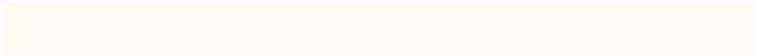


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

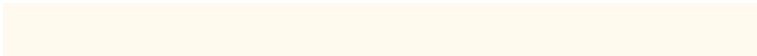


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.6165, 96.6091, 97.0393



90.7047, 95.6966, 93.9264



91.8550, 98.6039, 97.4117



19.3374, 20.4055, 19.8417



30.4493, 28.9099, 3.9753



3.0581, 3.0015, 0.4182



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.9774, 91.2234, 107.6314



84.8497, 88.8994, 107.2950



86.7452, 89.3293, 107.2781



17.9817, 18.8317, 22.9371



10.7773, 6.4641, 50.1143



1.1377, 0.8061, 4.9089



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

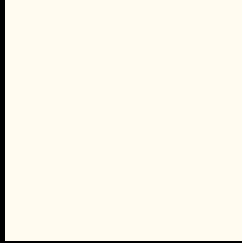
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

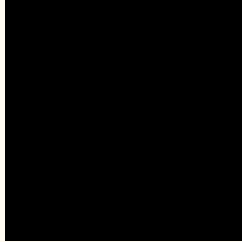
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.6144, 96.6052,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372

**Protanopia**

92.2186, 96.8469, 100.2191

**Deuteranopia**

92.6809, 96.5333, 104.1905

## **Tritanopia**

92.7436, 96.4739, 108.3409

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372

## Protanomaly

92.0663, 96.7860, 99.4171

## Deuteranomaly

92.2141, 96.3466, 101.7322

## Tritanomaly

92.3140, 96.3442, 104.1733

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372

## Achromatopsia

91.6934, 96.4686, 105.0543

## Achromatomaly

91.4306, 96.4052, 101.7848

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 251, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 251, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 251, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 251, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 251, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 251, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 251, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 251, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 91.6144, 96.6052, 97.0372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 251, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
251, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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