

Converting Colors

XYZ(91.7341, 97.1848, 96.0290)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(91.7341, 97.1848, 96.0290)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(91.7786, 97.1721,
96.3569)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFCF0
RGB	255, 252, 240
RGB Percent	100%, 99%, 94%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0117, 0.0588
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	48°, 100%, 97%
HSV	48°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569
YIQ	251.5290, 5.6400, -3.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

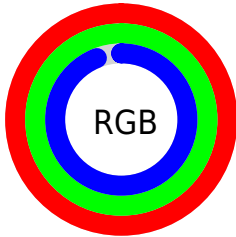
Format	Color
R_{YB}	244, 255, 240
Decimal	16776432
CIE Lab	98.90, -1.04, 6.08
CIE LCh	99, 6.169, 99.705
Yxy	97.1721, 0.3217, 0.3406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966512 (0xFFFFFCF0)
YUV	251.5290, -5.6838, 3.0441
Hunter-Lab	98.5759, -6.3163, 11.0478

Details

The XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 86.0351, 89.8442, 107.4149, and the grayscale version is 92.1790, 96.9795, 105.6106.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.4555, 54.4967, 53.1543 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 86.6769, 92.6109, 77.2622, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

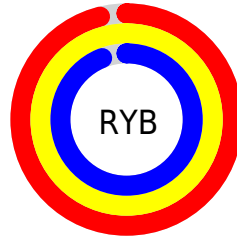
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (99%)

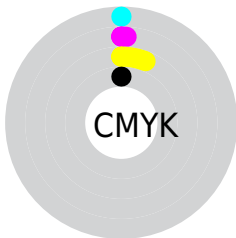
Blue (94%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (94%)

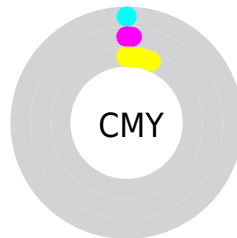


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (1%)


Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91.7786, 97.1721,
96.3569

 91.7786, 97.1721,
96.3569


521.9518,
551.0956, 569.5948

 69.7979, 73.9441,
72.6617


148.6723,
157.2621, 158.1496

 51.6408, 54.7483,
53.2093


184.3161,
194.8928, 197.0841

 36.9419, 39.2003,
37.5810


225.2448,
238.0933, 241.9356

 25.3360, 26.9155,
25.3583

271.8240,
287.2480, 293.1224

 16.4576, 17.5098,
16.1228

324.4189,
342.7411, 351.0632

 9.9415, 10.5986,
9.4558

383.3950,

 5.4221, 5.7976,

404.9572, 416.1765

4.9388

449.1175,
474.2805, 488.8809

■ 2.5343, 2.7224,
2.1533

■ 0.9126, 0.9886,
0.6472

■ 91.7786, 97.1721,
96.3569

■ 91.7786, 97.1721,
96.3569

■ 86.6769, 92.6109,
77.2622

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 82.1258, 88.3349,
60.8670

■ 78.1037, 84.3379,
47.0489

■ 74.5846, 80.6090,
35.6735

■ 71.5403, 77.1364,
26.5944

■ 68.9399, 73.9072,
19.6492

■ 66.7480, 70.9066,
14.6544

■ 64.9237, 68.1178,
11.3954

■ 63.4159, 65.5196,
9.6059

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.5615, 97.1721, 96.8013



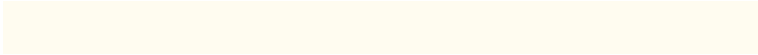
91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569



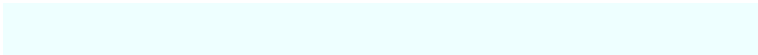
90.1718, 97.1721, 98.3800

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569



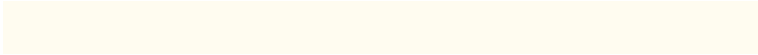
89.7292, 97.1721, 112.2448



95.6342, 97.1721, 109.2696

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569



86.0351, 89.8442, 107.4149

Split Complementary

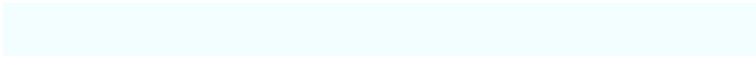
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.5816, 97.1721, 113.5921



91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569



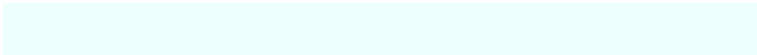
91.1672, 97.1721, 115.3481

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



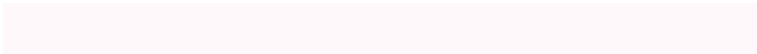
91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569



88.9988, 97.1721, 107.4789



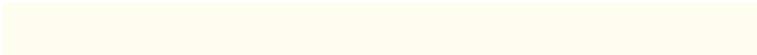
92.9422, 97.1721, 115.8490



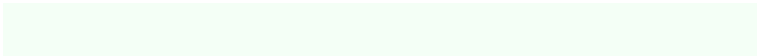
95.8031, 97.1721, 104.1464

Rectangle

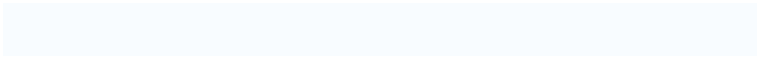
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569



89.4111, 97.1721, 100.8955



92.9422, 97.1721, 115.8490



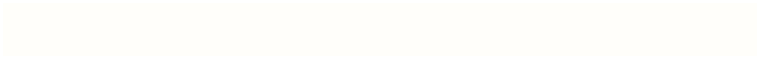
95.3714, 97.1721, 110.8689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.7808, 97.1761, 96.3590



93.9157, 99.0280, 104.5247



88.5785, 90.0524, 97.5084



20.1137, 21.2063, 22.4184



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.7808, 97.1761, 96.3590



91.1818, 96.6509, 94.0854



91.0924, 98.2280, 96.5983



19.4481, 20.6269, 19.8786



32.9522, 33.9155, 4.8096



3.2830, 3.4514, 0.4932

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.0351, 89.8442, 107.4149



84.3956, 87.9912, 107.1436



86.6930, 88.8641, 107.1910



17.8768, 18.6219, 22.9021



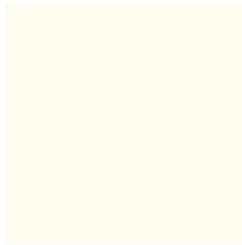
10.1303, 5.1701, 49.8986



1.0588, 0.6482, 4.8826

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

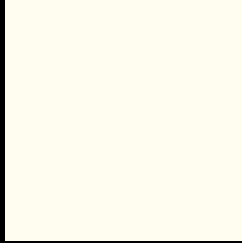
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

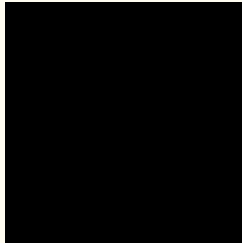
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.7786, 97.1721,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

A vertical bar on the left side of the page is divided into three colored sections: a yellow top section, a light orange middle section, and a light pink bottom section. These sections correspond to the 'Original Color', 'Protanopia', and 'Deuteranopia' labels respectively.

Original Color

91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569

Protanopia

92.5257, 96.9698, 101.8361

Deuteranopia

93.1498, 97.2194, 105.1225

Tritanopia

93.0552, 97.0970, 108.4448

Trichromacy

Original Color

91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569

Protanomaly

92.0663, 96.7860, 99.4171

Deuteranomaly

92.5257, 96.9698, 101.8361

Tritanomaly

92.6255, 96.9673, 104.2772

Monochromacy

Original Color

91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569

Achromatopsia

92.5260, 97.3445, 106.0082

Achromatomaly

92.2617, 97.2808, 102.7213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 252, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 252, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 252, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 252, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

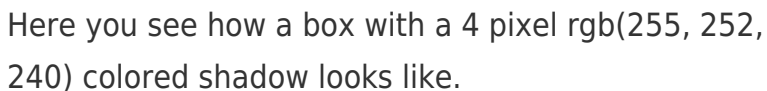
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 252, 240) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 252, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 252, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252, 240); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252, 240); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252, 240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 91.7786, 97.1721, 96.3569 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 252, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
252, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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