

# Converting Colors

XYZ(92.3867, 99.3117,  
101.3241)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(92.3867, 99.3117, 101.3241)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(92.1782, 98.6831,  
101.3782)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFFF6
RGB	251, 255, 246
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0000, 0.0353
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	87°, 100%, 98%
HSV	87°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782
YIQ	252.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

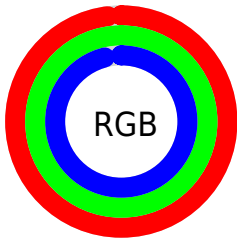
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	246, 255, 250
Decimal	16515062
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.49, -2.88, 3.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 4.785, 126.967
Yxy	98.6831, 0.3154, 0.3377
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294705142 (0xFFFBFFF6)
YUV	252.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593
Hunter-Lab	99.3394, -8.2116, 9.0307

# Details

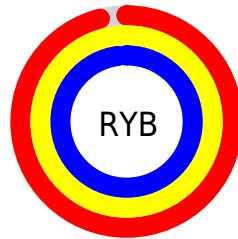
The XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 90.4308, 93.4567, 107.8805, and the grayscale version is 93.2041, 98.0579, 106.7851.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.9940, 55.7080, 56.7275 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 84.5680, 95.1815, 81.9738, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

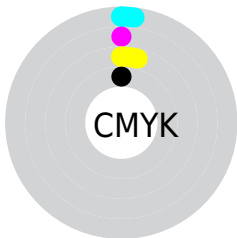
# Distribution



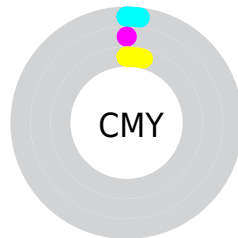
- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92.1782, 98.6831,  
101.3782

92.1782, 98.6831,  
101.3782

523.2242,  
555.8900, 585.8867

70.1309, 75.2042,  
76.8287

149.2234,  
159.3433, 165.1182

51.9132, 55.7802,  
56.6016

184.9520,  
197.2934, 205.1459

37.1599, 40.0267,  
40.2782

225.9716,  
240.8359, 251.1700

25.5055, 27.5594,  
27.4401

272.6478,  
290.3554, 303.6091

16.5848, 17.9938,  
17.6687

325.3457,  
346.2361, 362.8818

10.0324, 10.9455,  
10.5454

384.4309,

5.4829, 6.0302,

408.8625, 429.4066

5.6517

450.2686,  
478.6191, 503.6021

■ 2.5709, 2.8635,  
2.5692

■ 0.9312, 1.0609,  
0.8765

■ 92.1782, 98.6831,  
101.3782

■ 92.1782, 98.6831,  
101.3782

■ 84.5680, 95.1815,  
81.9738

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 77.7128, 92.0095,  
65.2946

■ 71.5858, 89.1562,  
51.2195

■ 66.1576, 86.6090,  
39.6166

■ 61.3962, 84.3547,  
30.3425

■ 57.2670, 82.3790,  
23.2388

■ 53.7313, 80.6658,  
18.1276

■ 50.7448, 79.1967,  
14.8026

■ 48.2547, 77.9500,  
13.0127

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.4676, 98.6831, 99.9421



92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782



91.3282, 98.6831, 104.4468

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782



92.7411, 98.6831, 114.7365



96.5058, 98.6831, 106.5122

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782



90.4308, 93.4567, 107.8805

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.3065, 98.6831, 110.5084



92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782



94.1238, 98.6831, 115.3229

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



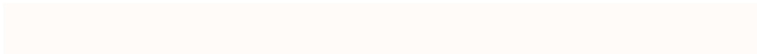
92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782



91.6509, 98.6831, 112.1750



95.4313, 98.6831, 113.7577



95.9730, 98.6831, 102.8579



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782



91.1202, 98.6831, 107.0398



95.4313, 98.6831, 113.7577



96.5223, 98.6831, 107.8595

# Sweetspot

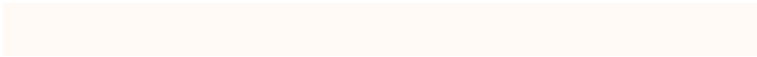
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.1790, 98.6834, 101.3797



94.2264, 99.6226, 106.7326



92.0297, 96.2237, 100.9128



20.1770, 21.3273, 22.8680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.1790, 98.6834, 101.3797



91.8029, 98.5108, 100.4022



90.6123, 97.8757, 101.3064



19.5219, 21.0267, 21.1590



24.6605, 40.4510, 6.5081



2.5268, 4.0034, 0.6396



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.4308, 93.4567, 107.8805



89.8275, 92.6048, 107.7478



92.0260, 94.2790, 107.9551



19.0221, 19.5325, 23.0175



13.1767, 5.7033, 49.8409



1.4063, 0.6189, 4.8586



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

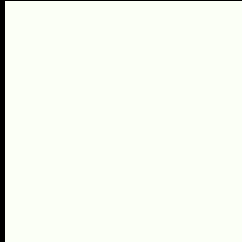
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

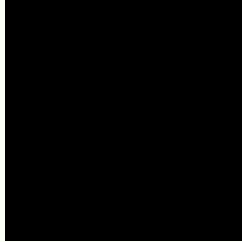
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782

### Protanopia

93.7779, 98.4756, 105.3319

### Deuteranopia

94.0949, 98.6024, 107.0013

## **Tritanopia**

94.0483, 98.5414, 108.6713

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782

## Protanomaly

93.4137, 98.7940, 103.7683

## Deuteranomaly

93.5702, 98.8566, 104.5920

## Tritanomaly

93.5205, 98.7945, 106.2357

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782

## Achromatopsia

93.3629, 98.2251, 106.9671

## Achromatomaly

92.8420, 98.4812, 104.5580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(251, 255, 246) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 255, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 255, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 255, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 255, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 255, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 255, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 255, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 255,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 92.1782, 98.6831, 101.3782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 255, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
255, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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