

# Converting Colors

XYZ(93.0593, 100.0000,  
101.4325)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(93.0593, 100.0000, 101.4325)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(92.5394, 98.8693,  
101.3951)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFFF6
RGB	252, 255, 246
RGB Percent	99%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0000, 0.0353
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	80°, 100%, 98%
HSV	80°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951
YIQ	253.0770, 1.1010, -3.4350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

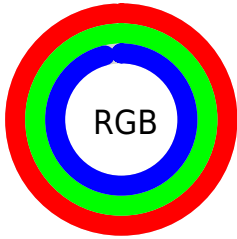
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">246, 255, 249</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16580598</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">99.56, -2.54, 3.94</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">100, 4.688, 122.875</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">98.8693, 0.3160, 0.3377</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294770678</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFCFFF6</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">253.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">99.4330, -7.8831, 9.1432</a>

# Details

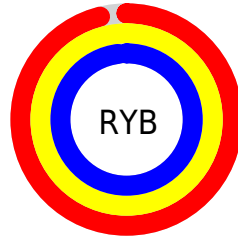
The XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 90.0734, 93.2725, 107.8637, and the grayscale version is 93.4557, 98.3227, 107.0734.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.9940, 55.7080, 56.7275 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 85.8810, 95.8583, 82.0352, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

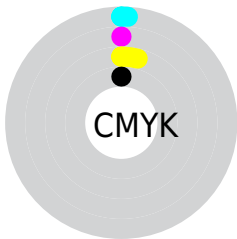
# Distribution



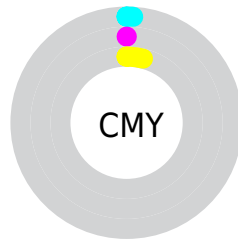
- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92.5394, 98.8693,  
101.3951

92.5394, 98.8693,  
101.3951

524.3728,  
556.4794, 585.9411

70.4319, 75.3595,  
76.8428

149.7213,  
159.5995, 165.1416

52.1596, 55.9075,  
56.6131

185.5264,  
197.5888, 205.1729

37.3571, 40.1288,  
40.2874

226.6281,  
241.1734, 251.2009

25.6590, 27.6389,  
27.4472

273.3917,  
290.7376, 303.6442

16.7001, 18.0537,  
17.6740

326.1827,  
346.6660, 362.9214

10.1149, 10.9885,  
10.5491

385.3663,

5.5380, 6.0591,

409.3428, 429.4509

5.6542

451.3079,  
479.1524, 503.6513

■ 2.6042, 2.8811,  
2.5706

■ 0.9481, 1.0700,  
0.8772

■ 92.5394, 98.8693,  
101.3951

■ 92.5394, 98.8693,  
101.3951

■ 85.8810, 95.8583,  
82.0352

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 79.8733, 93.1233,  
65.3957

■ 74.4921, 90.6544,  
51.3555

■ 69.7105, 88.4406,  
39.7829

■ 65.4994, 86.4700,  
30.5345

■ 61.8269, 84.7297,  
23.4522

■ 58.6573, 83.2052,  
18.3581

■ 55.9494, 81.8797,  
15.0462

■ 53.6534, 80.7332,  
13.2653

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8393, 98.8693, 100.2394



92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951



91.6305, 98.8693, 104.2243

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951



92.7677, 98.8693, 114.5577



96.6473, 98.8693, 107.2712

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951



90.0734, 93.2725, 107.8637

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.3536, 98.8693, 111.1538



92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951



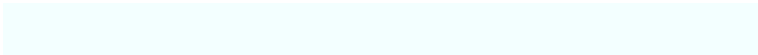
94.1054, 98.8693, 115.4210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951



91.7614, 98.8693, 111.8295



95.4199, 98.8693, 114.1609



96.2184, 98.8693, 103.5796



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951



91.3640, 98.8693, 106.7121



95.4199, 98.8693, 114.1609



96.6298, 98.8693, 108.5972

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.5402, 98.8696, 101.3966



94.3302, 99.6760, 106.7375



91.7045, 95.5734, 100.8044



20.1981, 21.3382, 22.8690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.5402, 98.8696, 101.3966



92.2114, 98.7214, 100.4213



90.9828, 98.0667, 101.3237



19.6254, 21.0801, 21.1639



27.5147, 41.9224, 6.6417



2.7950, 4.1416, 0.6521



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.0734, 93.2725, 107.8637



89.4240, 92.3968, 107.7289



91.6420, 94.0811, 107.9372



18.9201, 19.4799, 23.0127



11.5286, 4.8537, 49.7638



1.2328, 0.5294, 4.8505



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

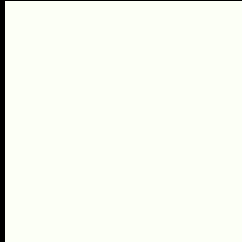
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 92.5394, 98.8693,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**

92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951

**Protanopia**

93.9360, 98.5388, 106.1644

**Deuteranopia**

94.0949, 98.6024, 107.0013

# Tritanopia

94.3649, 99.1745, 108.7768

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951

## Protanomaly

93.5702, 98.8566, 104.5920

## Deuteranomaly

93.5702, 98.8566, 104.5920

## Tritanomaly

93.5205, 98.7945, 106.2357

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951

## Achromatopsia

93.3629, 98.2251, 106.9671

## Achromatomaly

93.2051, 98.6684, 104.5749

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 255, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 255, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 255, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 255, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 255, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 255, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 255, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 255, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 255,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 92.5394, 98.8693, 101.3951 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 255, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
255, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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