

# Converting Colors

XYZ(94.2796, 67.0077, 17.4262)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(94.2796, 67.0077, 17.4262)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(55.6140, 47.1229,  
15.6156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA059
RGB	255, 160, 89
RGB Percent	100%, 63%, 35%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3725, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.65, 0.00
HSL	26°, 100%, 67%
HSV	26°, 65%, 100%
XYZ	55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156
YIQ	180.3110, 79.4110, -1.9410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

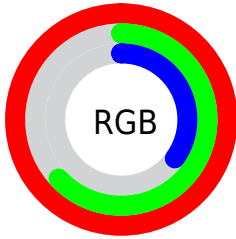
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 213, 89
Decimal	16752729
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.27, 29.11, 50.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 58.679, 60.254
Yxy	47.1229, 0.4699, 0.3982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294942809 (0xFFFFA059)
YUV	180.3110, -45.0163, 65.5023
Hunter-Lab	68.6461, 24.4820, 34.5650

# Details

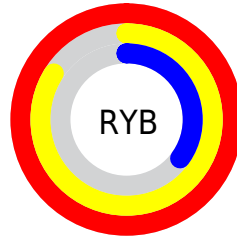
The XYZ color **55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **39.3092, 43.6224, 100.9554**, and the grayscale version is **43.7554, 46.0341, 50.1311**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.3482, 71.7840, 35.3472**, and **27.9769, 22.3409, 4.7571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3400, 42.0022, 10.1251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.5579, 52.9906, 23.1589**.

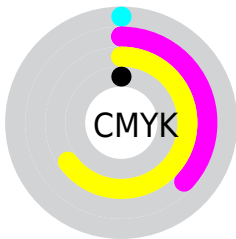
# Distribution



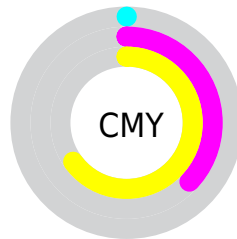
- Red (100%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



55.6140, 47.1229,  
15.6156

55.6140, 47.1229,  
15.6156

398.3339,  
375.3049, 238.8304

40.1293, 33.1328,  
9.1012

97.5831, 85.8970,  
36.6870

27.8240, 22.2282,  
4.7095

124.7982,  
111.4499, 52.0811

18.3328, 14.0247,  
2.0221

156.6541,  
141.6258, 71.2721

11.2903, 8.1378,  
0.5688

193.5162,  
176.8092, 94.6786

6.3312, 4.1833,  
0.0000

235.7499,  
217.3843, 122.7192

3.0901, 1.7766,  
0.0000

283.7205,

1.2016, 0.4725,

263.7358, 155.8123

0.0000

337.7934,  
316.2478, 194.3765

■ 0.1076, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.6140, 47.1229,  
15.6156

■ 55.6140, 47.1229,  
15.6156

■ 52.3400, 42.0022,  
10.1251

■ 59.5579, 52.9906,  
23.1589

■ 49.6822, 37.5848,  
6.4700

■ 64.2125, 59.6312,  
32.9372

■ 47.5812, 33.8316,  
4.3865

■ 69.6187, 67.0781,  
45.1153

■ 46.7165, 32.2134,  
3.7556

■ 75.8131, 75.3599,  
59.8413

82.8296, 84.5040,  
77.2516

90.6997, 94.5362,  
97.4725

95.0498, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.6722, 47.1229, 27.2714



55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156



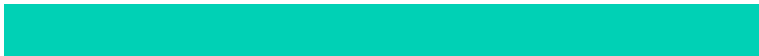
44.6990, 47.1229, 12.4052

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156



27.4274, 47.1229, 51.5669



55.7942, 47.1229, 119.5378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156



39.3092, 43.6224, 100.9554

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.8789, 47.1229, 133.9732



55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156



29.4661, 47.1229, 86.4553

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156



29.3981, 47.1229, 27.5653



35.4684, 47.1229, 119.9911



64.7872, 47.1229, 85.8250



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156



38.1336, 47.1229, 13.8504



35.4684, 47.1229, 119.9911



52.1767, 47.1229, 127.2842

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6151, 47.1253, 15.6165



79.2852, 79.9119, 68.3725



53.6576, 31.9431, 49.6993



16.5548, 16.5612, 13.6089



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6151, 47.1253, 15.6165



51.5076, 40.6492, 8.8855



74.5476, 84.9903, 21.9273



18.6482, 19.2646, 18.8799



24.5516, 17.1143, 2.0094

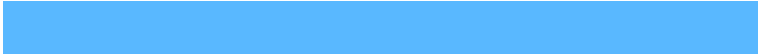


2.4963, 1.8779, 0.2309



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.3092, 43.6224, 100.9554



34.0463, 36.7833, 99.9132



27.0038, 19.0116, 96.8536



17.8660, 19.1037, 22.9957



14.9475, 14.8046, 51.5043



1.5638, 1.6584, 5.0509



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

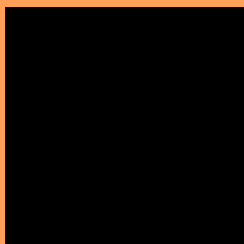
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 55.6140, 47.1229,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156

### Protanopia

43.4483, 47.2866, 18.1465

### Deuteranopia

48.1798, 47.1127, 15.3584



## Tritanopia

59.4964, 47.0515, 41.0680

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156

## Protanomaly

47.1691, 46.8402, 17.1447

## Deuteranomaly

50.8333, 47.0686, 15.4228

## Tritanomaly

57.6438, 46.8431, 29.6704

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156

## Achromatopsia

43.3819, 45.6411, 49.7032

## Achromatomaly

45.9422, 45.2591, 33.9182

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 160, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 160, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 160, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 160, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 160, 89) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 160, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 160, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 160, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 160,  
89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 55.6140, 47.1229, 15.6156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 160, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
160, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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