

# Converting Colors

XYZ(94.3047, 63.6058, 42.9474)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(94.3047, 63.6058, 42.9474)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(58.6214, 45.1564,  
41.2237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF94A5
RGB	255, 148, 165
RGB Percent	100%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4196, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.35, 0.00
HSL	350°, 100%, 79%
HSV	350°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237
YIQ	181.9310, 58.3150, 27.9710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

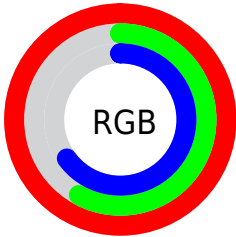
Format	Color
RYB	255, 148, 165
Decimal	16749733
CIELab	72.99, 42.01, 8.75
CIELCh	73, 42.912, 11.770
Yxy	45.1564, 0.4043, 0.3114
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294939813 (0xFFFF94A5)
YUV	181.9310, -8.3470, 64.0815
Hunter-Lab	67.1985, 38.1191, 10.6668

# Details

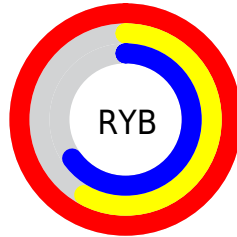
The XYZ color **58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **63.4075, 83.9899, 93.7632**, and the grayscale version is **44.4488, 46.7636, 50.9256**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.7511, 69.6130, 77.1543**, and **29.8378, 21.1124, 18.1253** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.2617, 37.3038, 30.5993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.1919, 54.9063, 53.8680**.

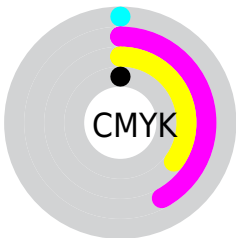
# Distribution



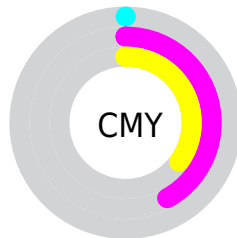
- Red (100%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 58.6214, 45.1564,  
41.2237


 58.6214, 45.1564,  
41.2237


409.4141,  
367.4066, 366.9590

 42.5536, 31.5806,  
28.1729

 101.9450, 82.9551,  
78.2807

 29.7280, 21.0414,  
18.2159


 129.9315,  
107.9467, 103.1240

 19.7793, 13.1543,  
10.9340


162.6216,  
137.5125, 132.7352

 12.3420, 7.5349,  
5.9089

200.3807,  
172.0368, 167.5329

 7.0509, 3.7988,  
2.7219

243.5742,  
211.9039, 207.9356

 3.5406, 1.5617,  
0.9544

292.5673,

 1.4457, 0.3315,

257.4983, 254.3618

0.0000

347.7255,  
309.2044, 307.2301

■ 0.2884, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 58.6214, 45.1564,  
41.2237

■ 58.6214, 45.1564,  
41.2237

■ 53.2617, 37.3038,  
30.5993

■ 65.1919, 54.9063,  
53.8680

■ 49.0345, 31.2183,  
21.8867

■ 73.0379, 66.6592,  
68.6274

■ 45.8575, 26.7640,  
14.9717

■ 82.2239, 80.5209,  
85.5939

■ 43.6359, 23.7820,  
9.7263

■ 92.8088, 96.5879,  
104.8534

■ 42.2566, 22.0814, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
6.0050 108.9000

■ 41.6316, 21.4166,  
3.9922

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.1058, 45.1564, 63.2341



58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237



54.5837, 45.1564, 26.4896

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237



34.0220, 45.1564, 24.3725



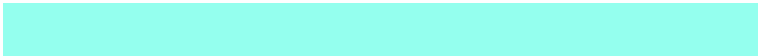
38.5697, 45.1564, 99.6779

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237



63.4075, 83.9899, 93.7632

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.0485, 45.1564, 82.0845



58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237



30.6410, 45.1564, 37.3591

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237



40.0481, 45.1564, 18.8311



30.3067, 45.1564, 58.0717



45.9256, 45.1564, 101.6174



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237



50.0998, 45.1564, 21.0426



30.3067, 45.1564, 58.0717



36.4608, 45.1564, 95.2037

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.6226, 45.1586, 41.2246



81.2025, 78.9753, 83.7205



63.6221, 46.4354, 100.2174



16.9282, 16.2200, 17.0877



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.6226, 45.1586, 41.2246



54.2197, 38.6985, 32.5257



63.6581, 57.5429, 35.7716



18.1270, 18.0341, 19.2859



21.7880, 11.2045, 2.2680



2.1536, 1.1038, 0.3903



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.6226, 45.1586, 41.2246



54.2197, 38.6985, 32.5257



55.6832, 64.3549, 104.0946



18.1270, 18.0341, 19.2859



21.7880, 11.2045, 2.2680

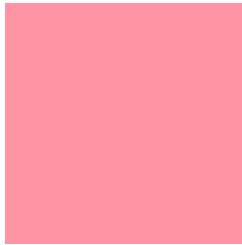


2.1536, 1.1038, 0.3903



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

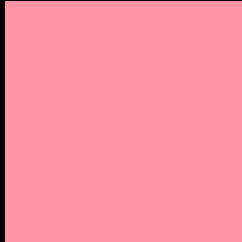
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 58.6214, 45.1564,

41.2237.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237

### Protanopia

43.8550, 45.5627, 50.7390

### Deuteranopia

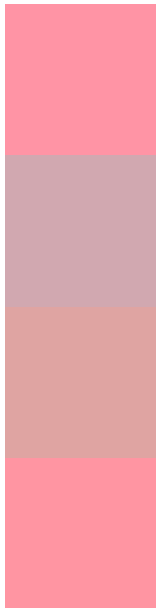
46.2784, 45.2977, 40.0224



## Tritanopia

58.3326, 45.2930, 38.9257

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237

## Protanomaly

48.1336, 44.6952, 47.1644

## Deuteranomaly

50.2285, 44.8475, 40.1915

## Tritanomaly

58.5090, 45.3635, 39.8547

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

48.5057, 45.4393, 47.2884

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 148, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 148, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 148, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 148, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 148, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 148, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 148, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 148, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 58.6214, 45.1564, 41.2237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 148, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
148, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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