

# Converting Colors

XYZ(94.3678, 80.2838, 63.8199)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(94.3678, 80.2838, 63.8199)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(73.5043, 69.4798,  
62.9629)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCEC6
RGB	255, 206, 198
RGB Percent	100%, 81%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1921, 0.2235
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	8°, 100%, 89%
HSV	8°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629
YIQ	219.7390, 31.7720, 7.9000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

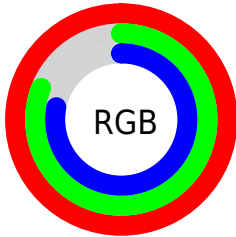
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 207, 198
Decimal	16764614
CIE Lab	86.74, 16.10, 10.52
CIE LCh	87, 19.227, 33.156
Yxy	69.4798, 0.3569, 0.3374
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954694 (0xFFFFCEC6)
YUV	219.7390, -10.7173, 30.9239
Hunter-Lab	83.3545, 11.5357, 13.5627

# Details

The XYZ color **73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.5984, 85.7446, 107.2263**, and the grayscale version is **67.9038, 71.4401, 77.7983**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **39.5510, 36.4759, 31.3415** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.8933, 58.5752, 47.1159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.3498, 82.0604, 81.6660**.

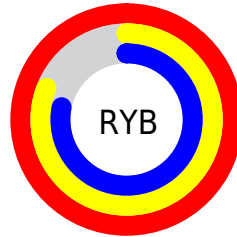
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (81%)

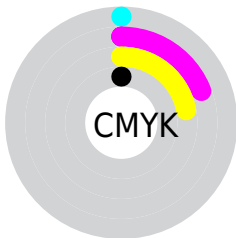
Blue (78%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (78%)

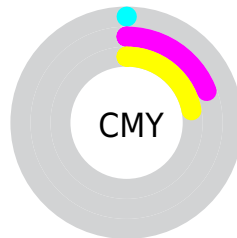


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 73.5043, 69.4798,  
62.9629

 73.5043, 69.4798,  
62.9629


461.8375,  
458.7214, 453.5391

 54.6783, 51.1026,  
45.3704


123.1921,  
118.4666, 110.7010

 39.3770, 36.2902,  
31.4042


154.7847,  
149.8450, 141.6838

 27.2352, 24.6584,  
20.6458


191.3634,  
186.3258, 177.9670

 17.8874, 15.8228,  
12.6766

233.2937,  
228.2936, 219.9692

 10.9684, 9.3988,  
7.0781

280.9409,  
276.1326, 268.1090

 6.1127, 5.0022,  
3.4318

334.6704,

 2.9551, 2.2486,

330.2273, 322.8048

1.3191

394.8475,  
390.9621, 384.4754

■ 1.1300, 0.7463,  
0.0774

■ 0.0500, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 73.5043, 69.4798,  
62.9629

■ 73.5043, 69.4798,  
62.9629

■ 65.8933, 58.5752,  
47.1159

■ 82.3498, 82.0604,  
81.6660

■ 59.4566, 49.2667,  
33.9801

■ 92.4762, 96.3739,  
103.3517

■ 54.1367, 41.4820,  
23.4043

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 49.8689, 35.1395,  
15.2209

■ 46.5820, 30.1497,  
9.2420

■ 44.1955, 26.4132,  
5.2517

■ 42.6157, 23.8163,  
2.9897

■ 41.8652, 22.5104,  
2.1384

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.0045, 69.4798, 74.3035



73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629



69.9992, 69.4798, 55.7323

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629



58.6574, 69.4798, 65.0644



66.5132, 69.4798, 103.0100

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629



74.5984, 85.7446, 107.2263

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.2301, 69.4798, 99.8282



73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629



57.8171, 69.4798, 77.0161

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629



61.4450, 69.4798, 56.8460



59.0961, 69.4798, 89.9400



70.8553, 69.4798, 98.2053



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629



67.0687, 69.4798, 53.7346



59.0961, 69.4798, 89.9400



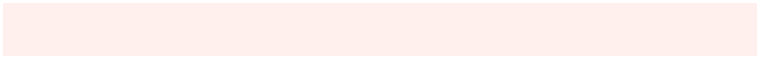
65.0188, 69.4798, 102.8403

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.5060, 69.4829, 62.9643



87.6071, 89.5015, 92.8938



78.2848, 68.3890, 97.3942



18.6206, 18.9720, 19.6028



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

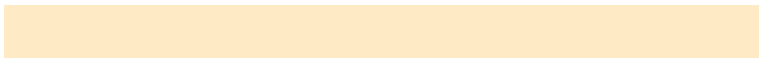
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.5060, 69.4829, 62.9643



69.8180, 64.2099, 55.2520



80.8847, 84.2402, 65.4239



18.2151, 18.3984, 18.7355



21.9375, 11.8862, 1.1380



2.1953, 1.2760, 0.1306

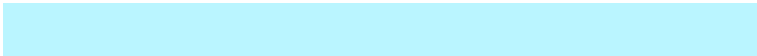


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5984, 85.7446, 107.2263



71.0888, 83.1831, 106.9169



66.6448, 69.8373, 104.5751



18.3246, 20.0208, 23.1485



22.7771, 30.4638, 54.1142



2.2749, 3.0805, 5.2880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

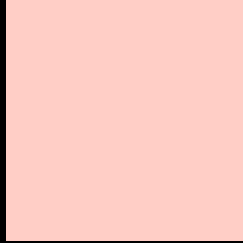
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 73.5043, 69.4798,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629

### Protanopia

66.7633, 69.9929, 67.1179

### Deuteranopia

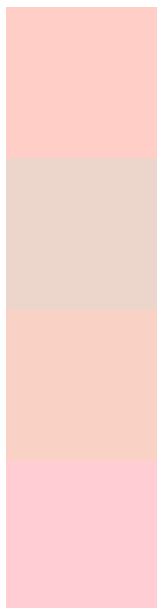
71.1307, 69.7172, 62.5311



## **Tritanopia**

75.6190, 69.5602, 76.4587

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629

## Protanomaly

69.0470, 69.6856, 65.6886

## Deuteranomaly

71.9454, 69.7719, 62.4987

## Tritanomaly

74.8292, 69.6258, 71.1232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629

## Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390

## Achromatomaly

69.7884, 70.6780, 72.2513

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 206, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 206, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 206, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 206, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 206, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 206, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 206, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 206, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 206, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 206, 198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 73.5043, 69.4798, 62.9629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 206, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
206, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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