

Converting Colors

XYZ(94.4395, 93.4247,
165.7791)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(94.4395, 93.4247, 165.7791)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(83.3557, 88.9103,
107.3758)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E7F4FF |
| RGB | 231, 244, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 91%, 96%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.0941, 0.0431, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.09, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 207°, 100%, 95% |
| HSV | 207°, 9%, 100% |
| XYZ | 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 |
| YIQ | 241.3670, -11.2790, 0.6650 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 231, 239, 255 |
| Decimal | 15201535 |
| CIE Lab | 95.54, -2.19, -6.76 |
| CIE LCh | 96, 7.104, 252.024 |
| Yxy | 88.9103, 0.2981, 0.3179 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293391615 (0xFFE7F4FF) |
| YUV | 241.3670, 6.7211, -9.0919 |
| Hunter-Lab | 94.2923, -7.2149, -1.5122 |

Details

The XYZ color **83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **87.4153, 90.5320, 88.4701**, and the grayscale version is **83.8553, 88.2223, 96.0741**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **45.8555, 49.1576, 60.4976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.3131, 78.1657, 105.8839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

Distribution



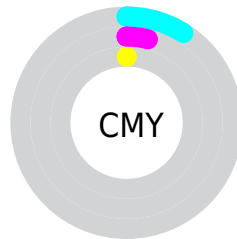
- Red (91%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

83.3557, 88.9103,
107.3758

83.3557, 88.9103,
107.3758

494.7372,
524.4797, 605.0376

62.8015, 67.0772,
81.8234

136.9995,
145.8238, 173.3968

45.9387, 49.1474,
60.6850

170.8198,
181.6730, 214.7026

32.4019, 34.7364,
43.5421

209.7929,
222.9631, 262.0965

21.8257, 23.4599,
29.9761

254.2841,
270.0784, 315.9971

13.8448, 14.9335,
19.5686

304.6588,
323.4033, 376.8230

8.0937, 8.7727,
11.9009

361.2823,

4.2073, 4.5932,

383.3222, 444.9927

6.5545

424.5200,
450.2196, 520.9247

■ 1.8201, 2.0106,
3.1109

■ 0.5297, 0.6136,
1.1515

■ 83.3557, 88.9103,
107.3758

■ 83.3557, 88.9103,
107.3758

■ 72.3131, 78.1657,
105.8839

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 62.6344, 68.4465,
104.5181

■ 54.2622, 59.7193,
103.2748

■ 47.1322, 51.9445,
102.1499

■ 41.1743, 45.0793,
101.1388

■ 36.3105, 39.0766,
100.2365

■ 32.4523, 33.8838,
99.4375

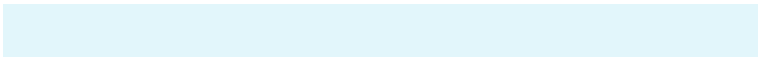
■ 29.4953, 29.4395,
98.7356

■ 27.2812, 25.6545,
98.1217

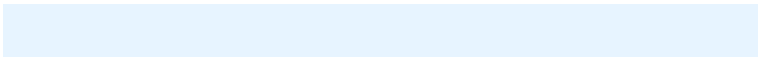
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.7541, 88.9103, 104.1694



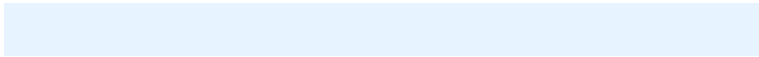
83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758



85.2893, 88.9103, 107.6851

Triad

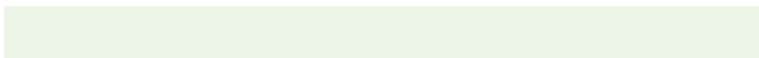
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758



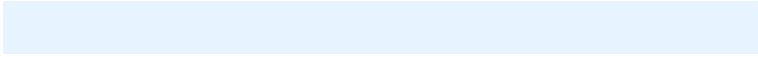
88.2237, 88.9103, 94.5904



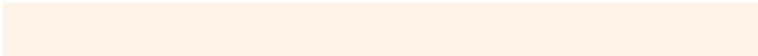
82.0235, 88.9103, 89.0550

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758



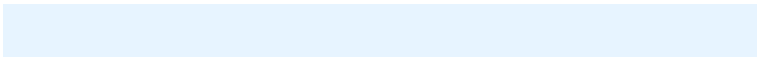
87.4153, 90.5320, 88.4701

Split Complementary

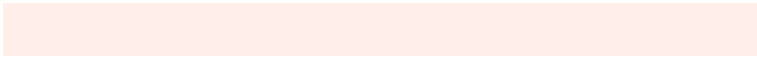
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.7286, 88.9103, 86.6896



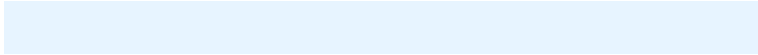
83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758



87.3201, 88.9103, 89.8023

Square

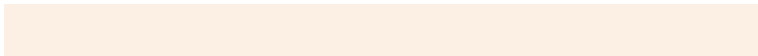
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



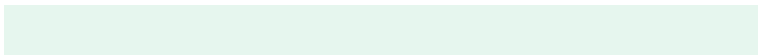
83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758



88.1201, 88.9103, 100.1572



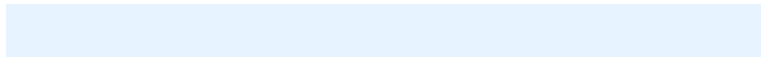
85.6680, 88.9103, 86.9578



80.9932, 88.9103, 93.5347

Rectangle

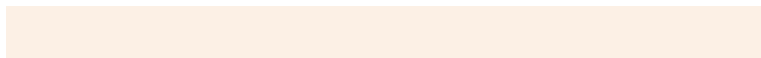
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758



86.5086, 88.9103, 106.1920



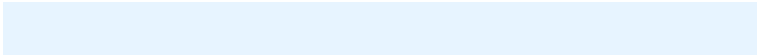
85.6680, 88.9103, 86.9578



82.5357, 88.9103, 87.9941

Sweetspot

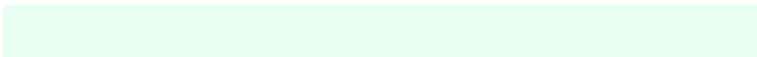
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3580, 88.9139, 107.3764



91.1834, 96.3620, 108.4016



84.7129, 94.9082, 97.7022



19.3006, 20.4209, 23.1743



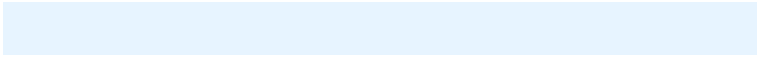
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



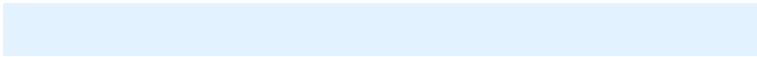
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3580, 88.9139, 107.3764



81.5093, 87.1357, 107.1306



79.9192, 82.0364, 106.2301



17.8185, 19.0087, 22.9799



14.3446, 13.5987, 51.3034



1.5060, 1.5427, 5.0317

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.1465, 84.9450, 97.4479



84.7448, 82.5906, 95.5968



91.0425, 97.7865, 89.6792



18.4210, 18.1517, 20.8344



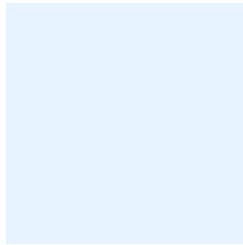
24.0287, 12.1008, 14.0674



2.3948, 1.2003, 1.6602

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

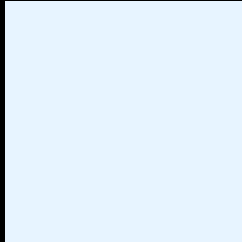
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

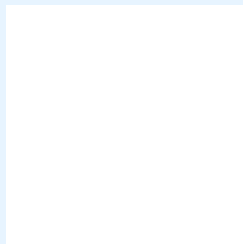
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 83.3557, 88.9103,

107.3758.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758

Protanopia

86.1471, 89.0571, 105.5778

Deuteranopia

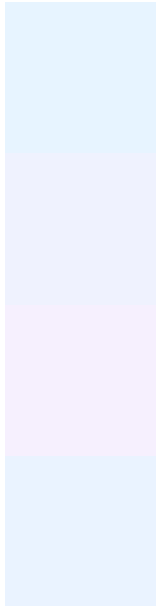
89.4136, 88.9841, 106.2290



Tritanopia

84.6927, 89.1541, 107.3524

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758

Protanomaly

85.2381, 89.0107, 106.4542

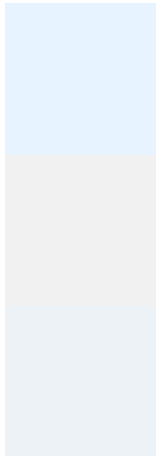
Deuteranomaly

87.0555, 89.0688, 106.3696

Tritanomaly

84.0323, 88.8136, 107.3215

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758

Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909

Achromatomaly

83.3117, 88.1626, 99.8149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 244, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 244, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 244, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 244, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 244, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 244, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 244, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 244, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 244, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 244,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 83.3557, 88.9103, 107.3758 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 244, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
244, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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