

# Converting Colors

XYZ(98.1829, 100.0000,  
155.7809)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(98.1829, 100.0000, 155.7809)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(89.4270, 96.6289,  
108.5457)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0FEFF
RGB	240, 254, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0588, 0.0039, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 97%
HSV	184°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457
YIQ	249.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

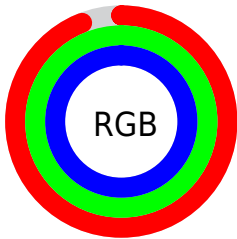
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 247, 255
Decimal	15793919
CIE Lab	98.68, -4.37, -2.07
CIE LCh	99, 4.836, 205.293
Yxy	96.6289, 0.3036, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293983999 (0xFF0FEFF)
YUV	249.9280, 2.5005, -8.7069
Hunter-Lab	98.3000, -9.6372, 3.3403

# Details

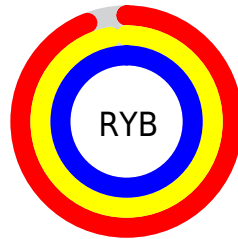
The XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 88.4226, 90.4597, 95.2397, and the grayscale version is 90.7942, 95.5226, 104.0241.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 49.9265, 54.2001, 61.2563 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 80.8378, 91.4108, 107.9912, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

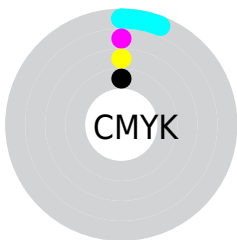
# Distribution



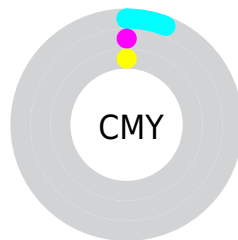
- Red (94%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.4270, 96.6289,  
108.5457

 89.4270, 96.6289,  
108.5457


514.4309,  
549.3667, 608.7363

 67.8402, 73.4915,  
82.7998


145.4246,  
156.5131, 175.0063

 50.0409, 54.3779,  
61.4853


180.5661,  
194.0286, 216.5580

 35.6639, 38.9039,  
44.1839


220.9566,  
237.1056, 264.2154

 24.3436, 26.6850,  
30.4768

266.9614,  
286.1285, 318.3970

 15.7148, 17.3368,  
19.9457

318.9459,  
341.4816, 379.5213

 9.4121, 10.4749,  
12.1719

377.2754,

 5.0702, 5.7149,

403.5495, 448.0070

6.7369

442.3153,  
472.7163, 524.2724

■ 2.3237, 2.6725,  
3.2222

■ 0.8068, 0.9633,  
1.2092

■ 89.4270, 96.6289,  
108.5457

■ 89.4270, 96.6289,  
108.5457

■ 80.8378, 91.4108,  
107.9912

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 73.4169, 86.7993,  
107.4922

■ 67.1127, 82.7705,  
107.0468

■ 61.8670, 79.2943,  
106.6523

■ 57.6163, 76.3380,  
106.3058

■ 54.2902, 73.8654,  
106.0038

■ 51.8091, 71.8352,  
105.7427

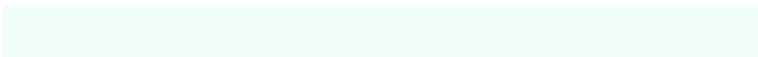
■ 50.0799, 70.1996,  
105.5181

■ 48.9871, 68.8990,  
105.3247

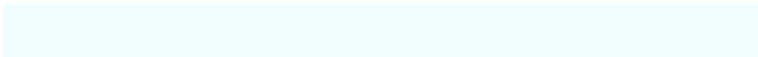
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.1823, 96.6289, 104.5802



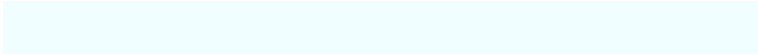
89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



90.3165, 96.6289, 111.6879

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



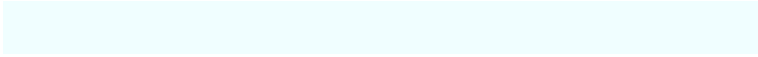
94.0769, 96.6289, 109.6699



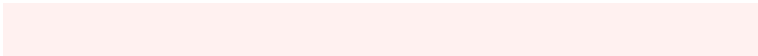
92.0642, 96.6289, 97.7039

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



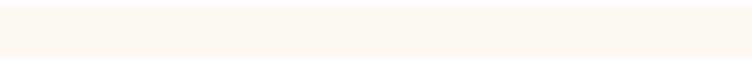
89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



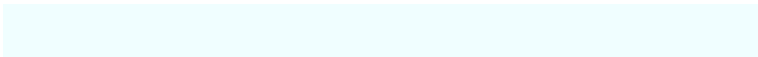
88.4226, 90.4597, 95.2397

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.3864, 96.6289, 98.9923



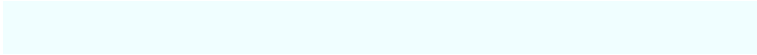
89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



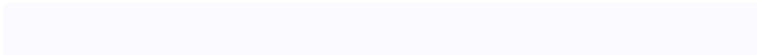
94.5559, 96.6289, 105.8472

# Square

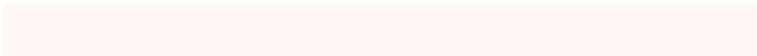
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



92.9995, 96.6289, 112.3484



94.3019, 96.6289, 101.9481

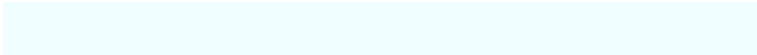


90.6959, 96.6289, 98.3852

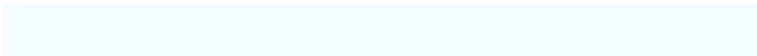


# Rectangle

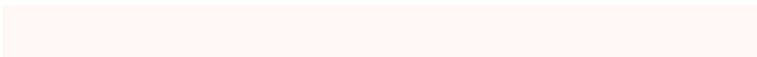
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



91.1602, 96.6289, 112.8582



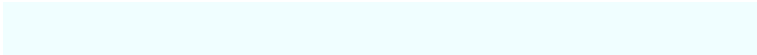
94.3019, 96.6289, 101.9481



92.5290, 96.6289, 97.9201

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.4295, 96.6329, 108.5463



93.0908, 98.8300, 108.7774



87.5360, 96.3817, 97.0148



19.9458, 21.1660, 23.2841



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

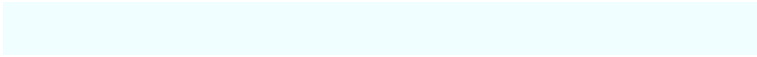


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

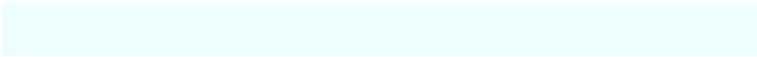


# Same Dimension

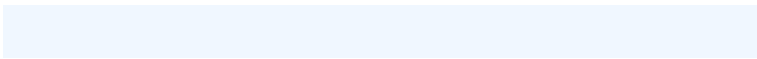
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.4295, 96.6329, 108.5463



88.4088, 96.0177, 108.4814



87.1705, 92.1150, 107.7933



18.8066, 20.4814, 23.2120



25.4659, 35.8414, 55.0105



2.5093, 3.5494, 5.3661



# Inverse Universe

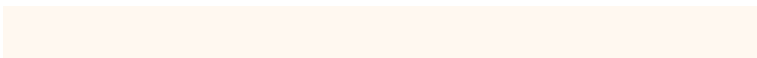
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.2910, 90.7374, 106.5260



89.4277, 89.0593, 106.0889



90.6130, 94.8406, 95.9698



19.0426, 18.8708, 22.6573



29.6422, 14.3462, 43.6279

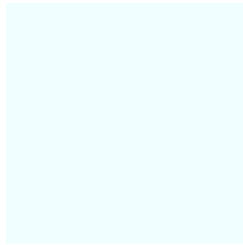


2.9012, 1.4029, 4.3271



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

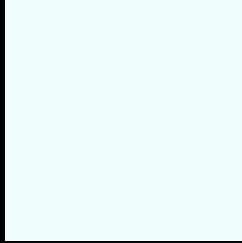
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

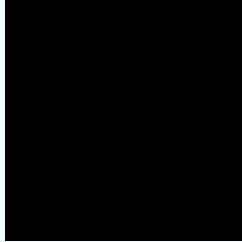
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457.



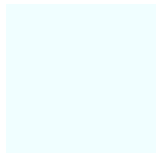
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.4270, 96.6289,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457



### Protanopia

93.1552, 96.7231, 106.6881

### Deuteranopia

92.9963, 96.6595, 105.8512

## **Tritanopia**

91.9715, 96.5384, 108.3941

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457

**Protanomaly**

91.8109, 96.4741, 107.5483

**Deuteranomaly**

91.6511, 96.4102, 106.7070

**Tritanomaly**

90.8664, 96.4336, 108.4321

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457

**Achromatopsia**

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055

**Achromatomaly**

90.0739, 95.6155, 105.8037

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(240, 254, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 254, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 254,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.4270, 96.6289, 108.5457 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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