

# Converting Colors

XYZ(98.8344, 100.0000,  
96.6045)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(98.8344, 100.0000, 96.6045)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(91.1538, 95.9225,  
96.1486)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | FFFAF0                    |
| RGB         | 255, 250, 240             |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 98%, 94%            |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.0196, 0.0588    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.02, 0.06, 0.00    |
| HSL         | 40°, 100%, 97%            |
| HSV         | 40°, 6%, 100%             |
| XYZ         | 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 |
| YIQ         | 250.3550, 6.1900, -2.0500 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

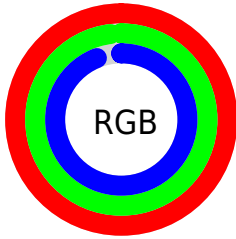
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 248, 255, 240                |
| Decimal                             | 16775920                     |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 98.40, -0.03, 5.37           |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 98, 5.366, 90.340            |
| Yxy                                 | 95.9225, 0.3218,<br>0.3387   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294966000<br>(0xFFFFFAF0)   |
| YUV                                 | 250.3550, -5.1050,<br>4.0737 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 97.9400, -5.2633,<br>10.3525 |

# Details

The XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF, and the color name is floralwhite. A complement of this color would be 86.6368, 91.0477, 107.6155, and the grayscale version is 91.1992, 95.9486, 104.4880.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 51.2322, 54.0500, 53.0799 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 85.0499, 89.3570, 76.7198, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

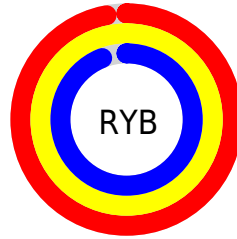
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (98%)

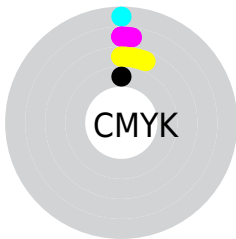
Blue (94%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (94%)

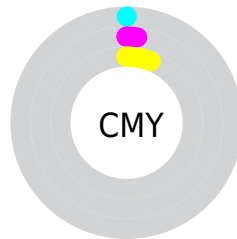


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91.1538, 95.9225,  
96.1486

91.1538, 95.9225,  
96.1486

519.9591,  
547.1141, 568.9136

69.2774, 72.9030,  
72.4892

147.8103,  
155.5385, 157.8597

51.2151, 53.8967,  
53.0691

183.3211,  
192.9037, 196.7484

36.6016, 38.5191,  
37.4698

224.1074,  
235.8197, 241.5507

25.0714, 26.3858,  
25.2728

270.5346,  
284.6708, 292.6850

16.2593, 17.1125,  
16.0596

322.9680,  
339.8414, 350.5699

9.7998, 10.3147,  
9.4115

381.7730,

5.3277, 5.6081,

401.7158, 415.6239

4.9101

447.3149,  
470.6786, 488.2657

■ 2.4775, 2.6083,  
2.1368

■ 0.8839, 0.9308,  
0.6375

■ 91.1538, 95.9225,  
96.1486

■ 91.1538, 95.9225,  
96.1486

■ 85.0499, 89.3570,  
76.7198

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 79.5715, 83.2262,  
60.0155

■ 74.6955, 77.5215,  
45.9128

■ 70.3947, 72.2293,  
34.2769

■ 66.6398, 67.3354,  
24.9608

■ 63.3983, 62.8240,  
17.8020

■ 60.6336, 58.6777,  
12.6163

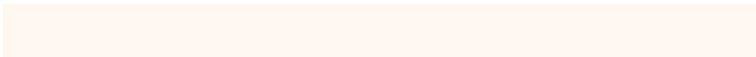
■ 58.3032, 54.8768,  
9.1886

■ 56.3548, 51.3974,  
7.2522

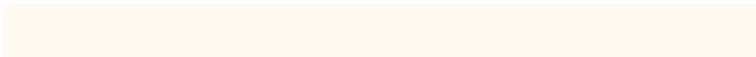
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.6524, 95.9225, 97.2093



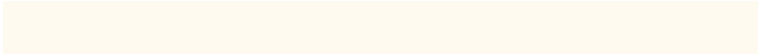
91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486



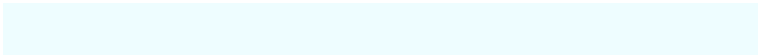
89.6762, 95.9225, 97.2575

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486



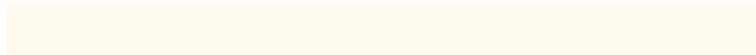
88.6266, 95.9225, 108.8088



93.7826, 95.9225, 108.7188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486



86.6368, 91.0477, 107.6155

# Split Complementary

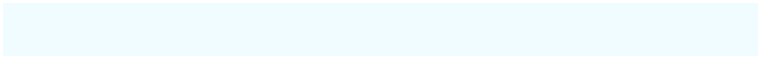
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6833, 95.9225, 111.9746



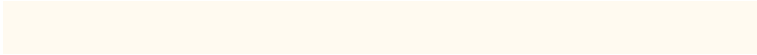
91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486



89.7064, 95.9225, 112.0275

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486



88.2272, 95.9225, 104.4939



91.1891, 95.9225, 113.2018

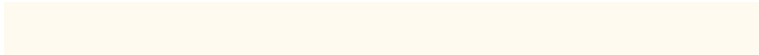


94.1805, 95.9225, 104.3927

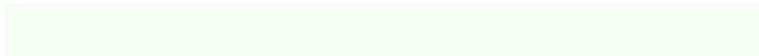


# Rectangle

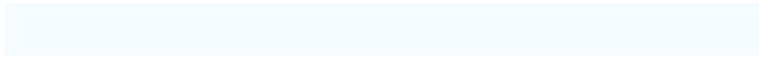
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486



88.8991, 95.9225, 99.0965



91.1891, 95.9225, 113.2018



93.4822, 95.9225, 109.9790

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.1560, 95.9264, 96.1506



93.7003, 98.5972, 104.4529



88.8822, 90.1738, 99.1078



20.0699, 21.1186, 22.4038



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

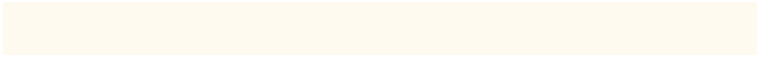


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.1560, 95.9264, 96.1506



90.4412, 95.1696, 93.8385



91.8148, 98.6004, 96.6320



19.2763, 20.2833, 19.8213



29.2121, 26.4355, 3.5629

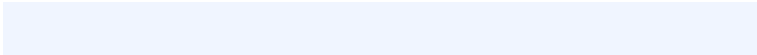


2.9448, 2.7749, 0.3804

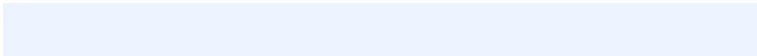


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.6368, 91.0477, 107.6155



85.1037, 89.4074, 107.3797



86.0009, 88.5073, 107.1586



18.0404, 18.9491, 22.9567



11.2469, 7.4033, 50.2708

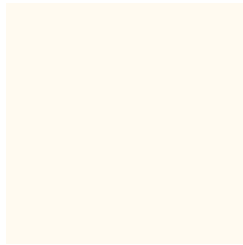


1.1907, 0.9120, 4.9266



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

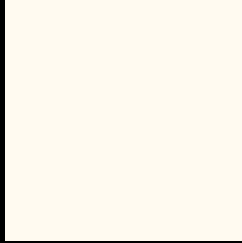
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

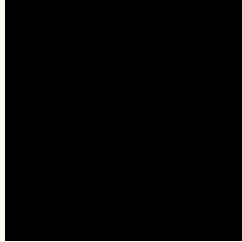
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 91.1538, 95.9225,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486

### Protanopia

91.6033, 96.1023, 98.5156

### Deuteranopia

92.2146, 95.8509, 103.2634

## **Tritanopia**

92.4337, 95.8540, 108.2376

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486

**Protanomaly**

91.4526, 96.0420, 97.7223

**Deuteranomaly**

91.7502, 95.6652, 100.8182

**Tritanomaly**

92.0041, 95.7243, 104.0700

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486

**Achromatopsia**

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055

**Achromatomaly**

90.9650, 95.7205, 100.8703

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 250, 240) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 250, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 250, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 250, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 250, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 250, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 250, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 250, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 91.1538, 95.9225, 96.1486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 250, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
250, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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