

Converting Colors

YIQ(101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(101.6730, -20.5880,
9.6840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58658D
RGB	88, 101, 141
RGB Percent	35%, 40%, 55%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6039, 0.4472
CMYK	0.38, 0.28, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	225°, 23%, 45%
HSV	225°, 38%, 55%
XYZ	13.4842, 13.3053, 27.0456
YIQ	101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

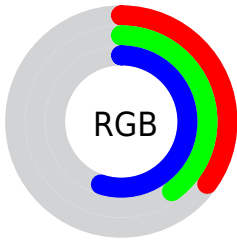
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 98, 141
Decimal	5793165
CIE Lab	43.22, 5.52, -23.62
CIE LCh	43, 24.254, 283.148
Yxy	13.3053, 0.2505, 0.2471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283983245 (0xFF58658D)
YUV	101.6730, 19.3882, -11.9912
Hunter-Lab	36.4764, 2.1519, -18.4273

Details

The YIQ color **101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **127.3270, 20.5880, -9.6840**, and the grayscale version is **101.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.3140, -20.9550, 10.8290**, and **54.3200, -21.0920, 7.8040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.0300, -25.9070, 12.4690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112.3160, -15.2690, 6.8990**.

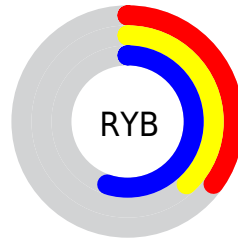
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (40%)

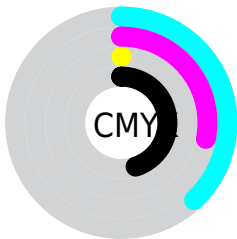
Blue (55%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (55%)

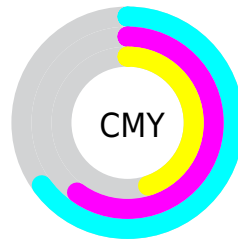


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101.6730,
-20.5880, 9.6840

■ 101.6730,
-20.5880, 9.6840

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 77.1460, -20.5420,
8.8500

■ 153.3140,
-20.9550, 10.8290

■ 54.3200, -21.0920,
7.8040

■ 179.8410,
-21.0010, 11.6630

■ 30.8960, -22.8340,
6.3340

■ 207.5420,
-21.5970, 11.4510

■ 11.0000, -17.1950,
8.7650

■ 232.8060,
-13.8930, 3.9870

■ 3.2090, -7.6580,
6.6300

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 101.6730,
-20.5880, 9.6840

■ 101.6730,
-20.5880, 9.6840

■ 91.0300, -25.9070,
12.4690

■ 112.3160,
-15.2690, 6.8990

■ 80.9740, -31.5010,
14.7310

■ 122.3720, -9.6750,
4.6370

■ 70.3310, -36.8200,
17.5160

■ 133.0150, -4.3560,
1.8520

■ 59.6880, -42.1390,
20.3010

■ 143.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 49.6320, -47.7330,
22.5630

■ 153.7140, 6.5570,
-3.1950

■ 38.6900, -53.6480,
25.1360

■ 164.6560, 12.4720,
-5.7680

■ 36.6190, -54.8860,
25.5460

■ 174.7120, 18.0660,
-8.0300

■ 185.3550, 23.3850,

-10.8150

■ 195.9980, 28.7040,
-13.6000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.2140, -41.5850, -0.7610



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



104.7960, 1.2350, 16.1710

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



102.7560, 33.1020, 5.8220



93.9440, -23.9300, -17.8660

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



127.3270, 20.5880, -9.6840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.3070, -3.0230, -16.8070



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



101.6100, 27.2810, -4.3270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



104.2430, 30.5330, 13.8370



100.2230, 14.9490, -12.1150



89.4500, -45.8460, -17.1580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



105.1950, 13.2930, 17.9090



100.2230, 14.9490, -12.1150



94.9510, -16.6400, -17.8240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



168.3290, -8.1160, 3.9160



123.6710, -27.4150, -15.2790



83.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840



122.2020, -32.1430, 15.3530



97.9290, -9.2650, 19.2390



65.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



34.7610, -52.4100, 24.7260



2.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105.3290, 27.4150, 15.2790



128.0970, 43.0480, 23.8160



131.0710, 9.2650, -19.2390



66.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



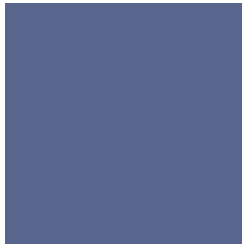
44.1270, 69.8670, 38.8830



2.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

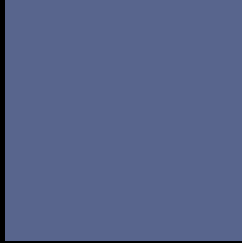
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

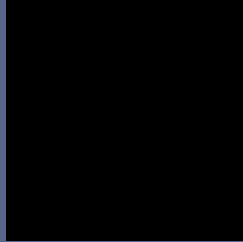
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

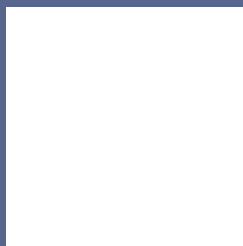
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840.

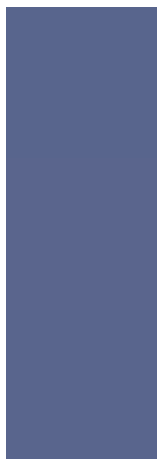


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 101.6730, -20.5880,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840

Protanopia

102.2710, -19.3960, 10.1080

Deuteranopia

101.9720, -19.9920, 9.8960



Tritanopia

99.8500, -17.1930, -2.2890

Trichromacy



Original Color

101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840

Protanomaly

101.9720, -19.9920, 9.8960

Deuteranomaly

101.9720, -19.9920, 9.8960

Tritanomaly

100.3000, -18.3400, 1.9800

Monochromacy



Original Color

101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840

Achromatopsia

102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

102.1010, -7.4740, 3.2940

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 101, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 101, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 101, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 101, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 101, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 101, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 101, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 101, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 101, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 101,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 101.6730, -20.5880, 9.6840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 101, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 101,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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