

Converting Colors

YIQ(101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870)
contains.

YIQ(101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(101.8510, 7.4290,
-7.9870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	686950
RGB	104, 105, 80
RGB Percent	41%, 41%, 31%
CMY	0.5922, 0.5882, 0.6862
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.24, 0.59
HSL	62°, 14%, 36%
HSV	62°, 24%, 41%
XYZ	12.2084, 13.6254, 9.5783
YIQ	101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

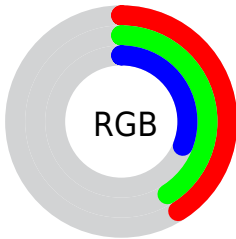
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 105, 81
Decimal	6842704
CIE _{Lab}	43.69, -5.01, 13.97
CIE _{LCh}	44, 14.838, 109.739
Yxy	13.6254, 0.3448, 0.3848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285032784 (0xFF686950)
YUV	101.8510, -10.7725, 1.8847
Hunter-Lab	36.9126, -5.5601, 10.4538

Details

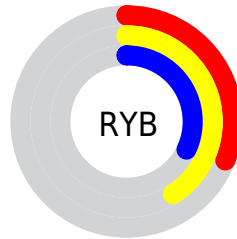
The YIQ color **101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **83.1490, -7.4290, 7.9870**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152.6230, 8.0710, -8.6090**, and **55.0790, 6.7870, -7.3650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.7110, 10.6390, -11.0970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **103.1050, 3.8980, -4.5660**.

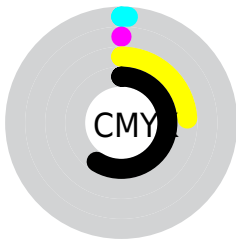
Distribution



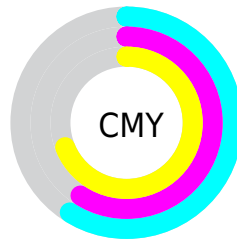
- Red (41%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101.8510, 7.4290,
-7.9870

■ 101.8510, 7.4290,
-7.9870

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 77.9650, 7.1080,
-7.6760

■ 152.6230, 8.0710,
-8.6090

■ 55.0790, 6.7870,
-7.3650

■ 179.5090, 8.3920,
-8.9200

■ 33.1930, 6.4660,
-7.0540

■ 207.3950, 8.7130,
-9.2310

■ 11.7840, 0.3680,
-6.6720

■ 235.3950, 8.7130,
-9.2310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 253.0620, 5.4570,
-5.2870

■ 101.8510, 7.4290,
-7.9870

■ 101.8510, 7.4290,
-7.9870

■ 100.7110, 10.6390,
-11.0970

■ 103.1050, 3.8980,
-4.5660

■ 99.1580, 13.5740,
-14.7300

■ 104.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 98.0180, 16.7840,
-17.8400

■ 105.7980, -2.2470,
2.1770

■ 96.4650, 19.7190,
-21.4730

■ 107.2370, -4.8610,
5.4990

■ 95.3250, 22.9290,
-24.5830

■ 108.4910, -8.3920,
8.9200

■ 93.7720, 25.8640,
-28.2160

■ 109.9300,
-11.0060, 12.2420

■ 92.6320, 29.0740,
-31.3260

■ 111.1840,
-14.5370, 15.6630

■ 91.8340, 31.3210,

■ 112.3240,

-33.5030

-17.7470, 18.7730

■ 113.8770,
-20.6820, 22.4060

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.2760, 16.5980, -3.4500



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



100.2240, -3.9870, -10.3470

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



99.1200, -26.8210, -4.0130



105.4520, 13.7070, 10.4030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



83.1490, -7.4290, 7.9870

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.4770, 3.3910, 10.1350



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



101.5170, -20.4490, 1.6550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



97.8550, -24.7570, -8.3810



104.1380, -8.8960, 7.0400



105.1660, 20.2640, 7.2080

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



99.5050, -12.1480, -11.1240



104.1380, -8.8960, 7.0400



105.8970, 10.9560, 10.7000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



136.5610, 2.6140, -3.3220



88.0620, 14.6250, 4.7770



68.3160, 1.9260, -1.8660



196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870



132.8420, 11.6480, -12.8640



98.2630, 0.2770, -10.5310



53.0170, 1.3300, -2.0780



102.4660, 35.1730, -37.2350



214.0800, 72.6850, -78.3150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.1490, -7.4290, 7.9870



102.8590, -12.2440, 12.6520



86.7370, -0.2770, 10.5310



48.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660



14.8330, -34.5770, 37.4470



30.9200, -72.6850, 78.3150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

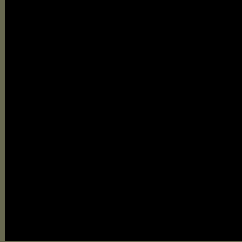
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

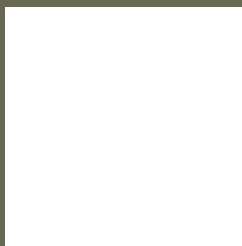
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 101.8510, 7.4290,

-7.9870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870

Protanopia

102.3570, 11.8760, -5.9800

Deuteranopia

103.5260, 18.8900, -0.9340



Tritanopia

104.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720

Trichromacy



Original Color

101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870

Protanomaly

102.3460, 10.4090, -6.9270

Deuteranomaly

102.9060, 14.7640, -3.2520

Tritanomaly

103.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840

Monochromacy



Original Color

101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870

Achromatopsia

102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

101.9740, 2.8890, -2.7990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 105, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 105, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 105, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 105, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 105, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 105, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 105, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 105, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 105, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 105,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 101.8510, 7.4290, -7.9870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 105, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
105, 80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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