

Converting Colors

YIQ(102.2330, -68.9590,
10.7610)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610)
contains.

YIQ(102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(102.2330, -68.9590,
10.7610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B72C5
RGB	43, 114, 197
RGB Percent	17%, 45%, 77%
CMY	0.8314, 0.5528, 0.2278
CMYK	0.78, 0.42, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	212°, 64%, 47%
HSV	212°, 78%, 77%
XYZ	17.0839, 16.5816, 55.0717
YIQ	102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

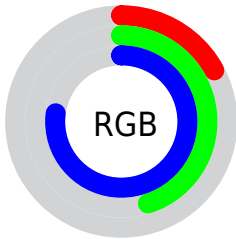
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 92, 197
Decimal	2847429
CIE _{Lab}	47.73, 7.48, -49.47
CIE _{LCh}	48, 50.036, 278.602
Yxy	16.5816, 0.1925, 0.1869
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281037509 (0xFF2B72C5)
YUV	102.2330, 46.7201, -51.9473
Hunter-Lab	40.7205, 3.6269, -51.6812

Details

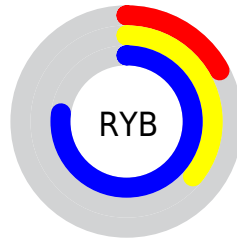
The YIQ color **102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **137.7670, 68.9590, -10.7610**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159.0000, -60.7530, 16.2310**, and **55.6310, -64.3280, 9.4320** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.7960, -77.8540, 12.2740**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114.6700, -60.0640, 9.2480**.

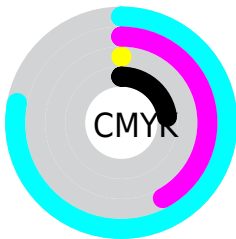
Distribution



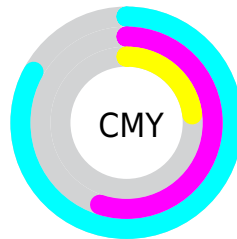
- Red (17%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 102.2330,
-68.9590, 10.7610

■ 102.2330,
-68.9590, 10.7610

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 72.0960, -78.9990,
5.4890

■ 159.0000,
-60.7530, 16.2310

■ 55.5170, -64.0070,
9.1210

■ 183.9330,
-50.6190, 8.7810

■ 40.2260, -49.8860,
12.0180

■ 209.3390,
-40.4390, 0.4970

■ 25.6360, -36.3610,
14.7030

■ 235.3320,
-30.5340, -8.3100

■ 11.7470, -23.4320,
17.1760

■ 247.8240,
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 6.7770, -14.9490,
12.1150

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,

6.3190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.2330,
-68.9590, 10.7610

■ 102.2330,
-68.9590, 10.7610

■ 89.7960, -77.8540,
12.2740

■ 114.6700,
-60.0640, 9.2480

■ 78.2450, -86.4280,
13.4760

■ 126.2210,
-51.4900, 8.0460

■ 75.8750, -88.2620,
13.6740

■ 138.6580,
-42.5950, 6.5330

■ 150.5080,
-33.4250, 5.5430

■ 162.6460,
-25.1260, 3.8180

■ 175.0830,
-16.2310, 2.3050

■ 186.9330, -7.0610,
1.3150

■ 199.3700, 1.8340,
-0.1980

■ 210.9210, 10.4080,
-1.4000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.8500, -96.2820, -6.1860



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



116.6280, -6.3790, 33.0210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



110.6200, 66.0200, 14.9800



86.1310, -62.0260, -43.3220

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



137.7670, 68.9590, -10.7610

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.4850, -1.3690, -35.7770



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



109.6610, 57.6340, -9.2620

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



111.1040, 59.5060, 33.9220



106.6330, 36.5010, -28.2590



92.3210, -76.7000, -30.6840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



115.7580, 22.7340, 39.5500



106.6330, 36.5010, -28.2590



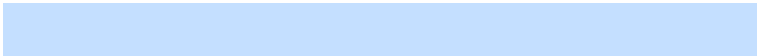
92.9180, -39.3770, -40.7930

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



218.5750, -26.3640, 4.2280



142.7460, -68.6720, -55.0400



105.4960, -15.9560, 2.8280



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610



107.5170, -107.5650, 16.5870



62.0510, -46.4540, 48.9540



93.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



62.6070, -72.9480, 11.4680



13.4960, -15.9560, 2.8280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.1400, 68.9930, 54.7290



99.4140, 107.4090, 85.4010



177.9490, 46.4540, -48.9540



93.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



57.2870, 73.0730, 57.8810



12.5880, 16.3200, 12.6080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

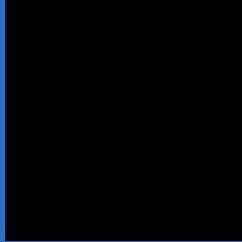
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.2330, -68.9590,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610

Protanopia

109.2960, -46.9070, 18.6050

Deuteranopia

101.9340, -69.5550, 10.5490



Tritanopia

88.6510, -77.3890, -23.7010

Trichromacy



Original Color

102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610

Protanomaly

106.4090, -54.6550, 15.8490

Deuteranomaly

101.9340, -69.5550, 10.5490

Tritanomaly

93.7090, -74.1360, -11.0640

Monochromacy



Original Color

102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610

Achromatopsia

102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

102.0590, -24.8510, 4.3410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 114, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 114, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 114, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 114, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 114, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 114, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 114, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 114, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 114, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 114,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 102.2330, -68.9590, 10.7610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 114, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 114,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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