

Converting Colors

YIQ(102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580)
contains.

| | |
|------------------------------------------------|----|
| YIQ(102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YIQ(102.6000, 16.0460,
6.5580)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 7A5E60 |
| RGB | 122, 94, 96 |
| RGB Percent | 48%, 37%, 38% |
| CMY | 0.5215, 0.6314, 0.6235 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.21, 0.52 |
| HSL | 356°, 13%, 42% |
| HSV | 356°, 23%, 48% |
| XYZ | 14.1422, 12.9870, 12.8315 |
| YIQ | 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

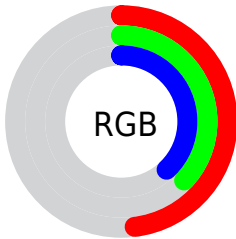
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 122, 94, 96 |
| Decimal | 8019552 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 42.74, 11.74, 3.23 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 43, 12.179, 15.365 |
| Yxy | 12.9870, 0.3539, 0.3250 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286209632 (0xFF7A5E60) |
| YUV | 102.6000, -3.2538, 17.0138 |
| Hunter-Lab | 36.0374, 6.9833, 4.1154 |

Details

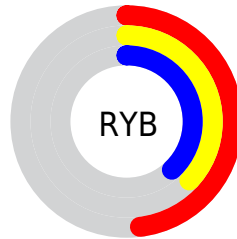
The YIQ color **102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **113.4000, -16.0460, -6.5580**, and the grayscale version is **103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.4970, 17.8340, 7.1940**, and **55.7030, 14.2580, 5.9220** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.3020, 22.8770, 9.4130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110.8980, 9.2150, 3.7030**.

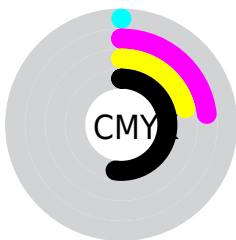
Distribution



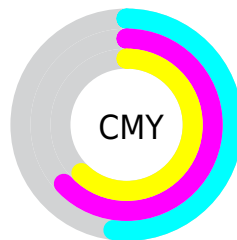
- Red (48%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 102.6000, 16.0460,
6.5580

■ 102.6000, 16.0460,
6.5580

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 78.3010, 15.4500,
6.3460

■ 153.4970, 17.8340,
7.1940

■ 55.7030, 14.2580,
5.9220

■ 180.4970, 17.8340,
7.1940

■ 34.1050, 13.0660,
5.4980

■ 208.0950, 19.0260,
7.6180

■ 10.1980, 17.2380,
6.9820

■ 234.8990, 16.6420,
6.7700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.6000, 16.0460,

■ 102.6000, 16.0460,

6.5580

■ 94.3020, 22.8770,
9.4130

■ 85.8900, 30.0290,
11.9570

■ 77.0050, 37.1350,
15.3350

■ 68.7070, 43.9660,
18.1900

■ 60.2950, 51.1180,
20.7340

■ 51.9970, 57.9490,
23.5890

■ 43.6990, 64.7800,
26.4440

■ 37.5040, 69.8230,
28.6630

6.5580

■ 110.8980, 9.2150,
3.7030

■ 119.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 128.1950, -5.0430,
-2.2190

■ 136.4930,
-11.8740, -5.0740

■ 144.9050,
-19.0260, -7.6180

■ 153.2030,
-25.8570, -10.4730

■ 161.5010,
-32.6880, -13.3280

■ 170.5000,
-40.1150, -16.3950

■ 178.7980,
-46.9460, -19.2500

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102.5440, 10.4520, 8.8200



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



102.1500, 17.1930, 2.2890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



99.0610, -1.9700, -8.3540



99.2570, -16.7810, 1.2590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



113.4000, -16.0460, -6.5580

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.7570, -21.3650, -3.7730



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



97.3850, -11.6900, -8.4100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



100.0190, 7.0160, -6.0080



97.3180, -18.7510, -7.0950



101.0840, -8.8040, 5.3720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



101.0850, 15.8180, -0.3260



97.3180, -18.7510, -7.0950



98.5340, -19.1190, -0.4230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



150.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



104.9660, 6.5080, 14.2200



74.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



127.4980, 25.2610, 10.2610



109.4160, 13.3880, -0.3400



56.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



38.4010, 71.6110, 29.2990



77.4000, 144.4140, 59.0220

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



127.4980, 25.2610, 10.2610



106.5840, -13.3880, 0.3400



56.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



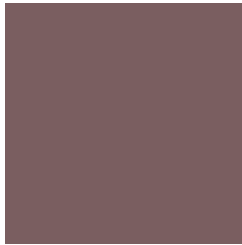
38.4010, 71.6110, 29.2990



77.4000, 144.4140, 59.0220

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.6000, 16.0460,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580

Protanopia

101.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130

Deuteranopia

102.1430, 9.9030, 2.2470



Tritanopia

102.7680, 15.6330, 8.5370

Trichromacy



Original Color

102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580

Protanomaly

101.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550

Deuteranomaly

102.4530, 11.9660, 3.4060

Tritanomaly

102.6540, 15.9540, 8.2260

Monochromacy



Original Color

102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580

Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

102.9900, 5.9600, 2.1200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 94, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 94, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 94, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 94, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 94, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 94, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 94, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 94, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 94, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 94,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 102.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 94, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 94,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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