

Converting Colors

YIQ(102.6980, -29.7630,
38.3090)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(102.6980, -29.7630,
38.3090)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6256C9
RGB	98, 86, 201
RGB Percent	38%, 34%, 79%
CMY	0.6156, 0.6628, 0.2120
CMYK	0.51, 0.57, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	246°, 52%, 56%
HSV	246°, 57%, 79%
XYZ	18.9036, 13.4675, 56.8289
YIQ	102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

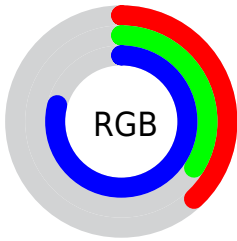
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 86, 201
Decimal	6444745
CIE _{Lab}	43.46, 35.57, -58.51
CIE _{LCh}	43, 68.474, 301.295
Yxy	13.4675, 0.2119, 0.1510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284634825 (0xFF6256C9)
YUV	102.6980, 48.4629, -4.1201
Hunter-Lab	36.6981, 27.7257, -66.1251

Details

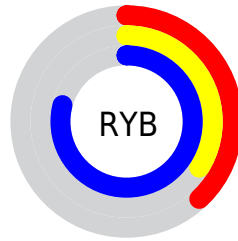
The YIQ color **102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **184.3020, 29.7630, -38.3090**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.5460, -26.2790, 41.2490**, and **50.2900, -37.6020, 31.6940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.5760, -34.9910, 44.9530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.8200, -24.5350, 31.6650**.

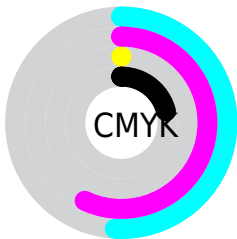
Distribution



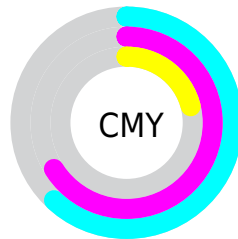
- Red (38%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 102.6980,
-29.7630, 38.3090

■ 102.6980,
-29.7630, 38.3090

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 76.4480, -32.0550,
35.7930

■ 155.5460,
-26.2790, 41.2490

■ 50.2900, -37.6020,
31.6940

■ 180.0660,
-16.4200, 33.2760

■ 24.8330, -43.7450,
27.3830

■ 204.5860, -6.5610,
25.3030

■ 10.7160, -30.1740,
29.2340

■ 229.9920, 3.6190,
17.0190

■ 9.0400, -22.6990,
20.4130

■ 249.7170, 2.4750,
4.7070

■ 7.5920, -15.8660,
12.2140

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,

6.9410

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 102.6980,
-29.7630, 38.3090

■ 102.6980,
-29.7630, 38.3090

■ 85.5760, -34.9910,
44.9530

■ 119.8200,
-24.5350, 31.6650

■ 68.4540, -40.2190,
51.5970

■ 136.9420,
-19.3070, 25.0210

■ 51.3320, -45.4470,
58.2410

■ 154.0640,
-14.0790, 18.3770

■ 34.2100, -50.6750,
64.8850

■ 171.1860, -8.8510,
11.7330

■ 29.1930, -52.0050,
66.9630

■ 188.3080, -3.6230,
5.0890

■ 206.0170, 1.3300,
-2.0780

■ 223.1390, 6.5580,
-8.7220

■ 240.2610, 11.7860,
-15.3660

■ 248.8440, 17.3340,
-16.7940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.4220, -100.2280, 10.2680



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



99.0780, 37.1730, 58.7170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



94.8330, 77.7610, -5.0790



85.8180, -68.0340, -33.5540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



184.3020, 29.7630, -38.3090

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.1030, -47.6280, -50.9560



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



96.0640, 45.5330, -26.7470

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



88.6050, 88.7120, 33.2560



87.5270, 6.8400, -46.8880



92.9030, -86.6060, -16.3500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



86.8770, 68.7160, 65.2600



87.5270, 6.8400, -46.8880



83.5380, -61.6140, -39.7740

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



218.0980, -11.4190, 14.2210



159.5710, -65.2400, -18.1040



105.8610, -6.5580, 8.7220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090



104.4460, -45.7680, 58.5520



119.7410, 4.2090, 50.3930



91.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110



23.6650, -42.1910, 54.2970



5.3000, -9.1720, 12.0440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.1270, 35.4770, 56.4130



149.6360, 54.1780, 86.4500



167.2590, -4.2090, -50.3930



93.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



65.3810, 50.2820, 79.9620



14.4120, 11.1840, 17.5840

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

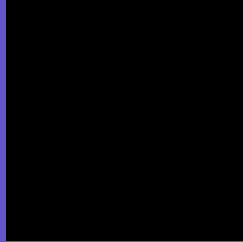
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.6980, -29.7630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090

Protanopia

82.0530, -94.6350, 13.5330

Deuteranopia

82.4970, -87.6180, 1.9980



Tritanopia

98.2620, -24.3450, -4.8330

Trichromacy



Original Color

102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090

Protanomaly

89.5400, -70.8410, 22.8470

Deuteranomaly

89.9500, -66.4840, 15.4680

Tritanomaly

99.7910, -26.7320, 10.9000

Monochromacy



Original Color

102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090

Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

102.9840, -11.0980, 13.9100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 86, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 86, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 86, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 86, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 86, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 86, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 86, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 86, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 86, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 86,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 102.6980, -29.7630, 38.3090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 86, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 86,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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