

# Converting Colors

YIQ(102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(102.8510, 25.7650,  
12.1410)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	87585F
RGB	135, 88, 95
RGB Percent	53%, 35%, 37%
CMY	0.4705, 0.6550, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.30, 0.47
HSL	351°, 21%, 44%
HSV	351°, 35%, 53%
XYZ	15.5512, 12.9562, 12.5135
YIQ	102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

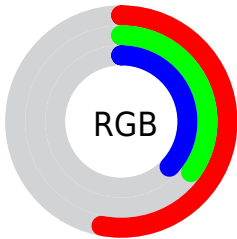
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	135, 88, 95
Decimal	8869983
CIE Lab	42.70, 20.47, 3.96
CIE LCh	43, 20.847, 10.962
Yxy	12.9562, 0.3791, 0.3158
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287060063 (0xFF87585F)
YUV	102.8510, -3.8705, 28.1947
Hunter-Lab	35.9948, 14.1285, 4.5843

# Details

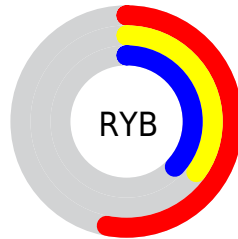
The YIQ color **102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **120.1490, -25.7650, -12.1410**, and the grayscale version is **103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **154.0470, 28.1490, 12.9890**, and **55.3560, 22.7850, 11.0810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.3790, 33.1460, 16.0420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111.8500, 18.3380, 9.0740**.

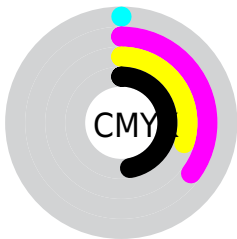
# Distribution



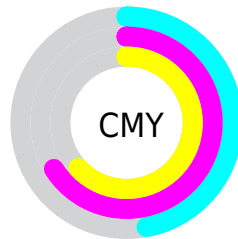
- Red (53%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 102.8510, 25.7650,  
12.1410

■ 102.8510, 25.7650,  
12.1410

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 78.2530, 24.5730,  
11.7170

■ 154.0470, 28.1490,  
12.9890

■ 54.7690, 23.0600,  
11.6040

■ 181.6450, 29.3410,  
13.4130

■ 32.5730, 20.6760,  
10.7560

■ 209.2430, 30.5330,  
13.8370

■ 11.7750, 22.9230,  
8.5790

■ 231.2630, 18.6130,  
9.5970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 251.4780, 1.6500,  
3.1380

■ 102.8510, 25.7650,  
12.1410

■ 102.8510, 25.7650,  
12.1410

■ 93.3790, 33.1460,  
16.0420

■ 111.8500, 18.3380,  
9.0740

■ 84.3800, 40.5730,  
19.1090

■ 121.3220, 10.9570,  
5.1730

■ 74.9080, 47.9540,  
23.0100

■ 130.2070, 3.8510,  
1.7950

■ 65.9090, 55.3810,  
26.0770

■ 139.7930, -3.8510,  
-1.7950

■ 56.4370, 62.7620,  
29.9780

■ 148.6780,  
-10.9570, -5.1730

■ 47.4380, 70.1890,  
33.0450


■ 158.2640,  
-18.6590, -8.7630

■ 42.6450, 74.0400,  
34.8400

■ 167.7360,  
-26.0400, -12.6640

■ 176.7350,

-33.4670, -15.7310

 186.2070,  
-40.8480, -19.6320

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.2830, 15.8610, 15.4210



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



102.1900, 28.8840, 5.1720

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



96.6710, -1.0520, -13.9800



95.9220, -34.8910, -0.9310

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



120.1490, -25.7650, -12.1410

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.7590, -42.0420, -9.0020



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



94.1620, -18.6120, -15.1240

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



99.5050, 14.2150, -9.8250



91.7180, -34.7970, -13.6530



100.2880, -18.0660, 8.0300



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



101.2450, 27.0510, -0.1570



91.7180, -34.7970, -13.6530



94.0740, -38.3750, -3.8710

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



163.7240, 9.7650, 4.7490



105.3180, 8.7530, 23.0970



82.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



125.3800, 40.5730, 19.1090



111.4450, 23.6120, 1.5960



61.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



41.0360, 71.3810, 33.4690



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410



125.3800, 40.5730, 19.1090



111.5550, -23.6120, -1.5960



61.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



41.0360, 71.3810, 33.4690

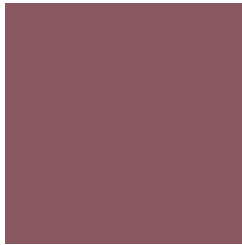


0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 102.8510, 25.7650,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

### Protanopia

101.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

### Deuteranopia

102.2140, 11.1410, 1.8370



## Tritanopia

102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

## Protanomaly

102.0230, 10.3610, 4.9610

## Deuteranomaly

102.3720, 16.6880, 5.9360

## Tritanomaly

102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410

## Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

103.3110, 9.4900, 4.2260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 88, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 88, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 88, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 88, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 88, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 88, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 88, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 88, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 88, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 88,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 102.8510, 25.7650, 12.1410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 88, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 88,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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