

# Converting Colors

YIQ(103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(103.0770, 27.4640,  
-2.1360)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	806145
RGB	128, 97, 69
RGB Percent	50%, 38%, 27%
CMY	0.4980, 0.6196, 0.7293
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.46, 0.50
HSL	28°, 30%, 39%
HSV	28°, 46%, 50%
XYZ	14.2529, 13.5674, 7.5032
YIQ	103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

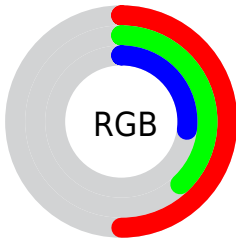
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 122, 69
Decimal	8413509
CIE Lab	43.61, 8.72, 20.77
CIE LCh	44, 22.528, 67.236
Yxy	13.5674, 0.4035, 0.3841
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286603589 (0xFF806145)
YUV	103.0770, -16.8000, 21.8575
Hunter-Lab	36.8339, 4.6116, 13.7061

# Details

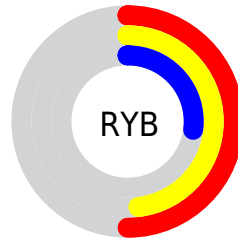
The YIQ color **103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **93.9230, -27.4640, 2.1360**, and the grayscale version is **103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **154.7460, 29.8940, -2.1220**, and **55.8100, 23.8420, -2.5740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97.4860, 33.5620, -2.5180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108.6680, 21.3660, -1.7540**.

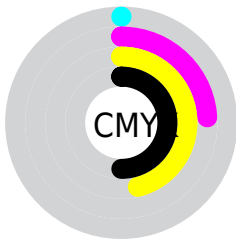
# Distribution



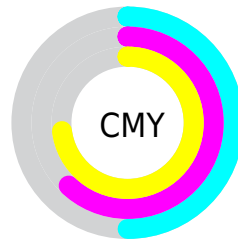
- Red (50%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 103.0770, 27.4640,  
-2.1360

■ 103.0770, 27.4640,  
-2.1360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 78.5930, 25.9510,  
-2.2490

■ 154.7460, 29.8940,  
-2.1220

■ 55.8100, 23.8420,  
-2.5740

■ 181.2300, 31.4070,  
-2.0090

■ 32.8700, 23.6130,  
-3.9310

■ 209.4150, 32.3240,  
-2.1080

■ 12.4920, 16.2300,  
3.2220

■ 233.7130, 25.4930,  
-4.9630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 251.5800, 9.6300,  
-9.3300

254.8860, 0.3210,

-0.3110

■ 103.0770, 27.4640,  
-2.1360

■ 103.0770, 27.4640,  
-2.1360

■ 97.4860, 33.5620,  
-2.5180

■ 108.6680, 21.3660,  
-1.7540

■ 92.4820, 39.3850,  
-3.4230

■ 113.6720, 15.5430,  
-0.8490

■ 87.0050, 45.1620,  
-3.4940

■ 119.1490, 9.7660,  
-0.7780

■ 81.4140, 51.2600,  
-3.8760

■ 124.7400, 3.6680,  
-0.3960

■ 75.8230, 57.3580,  
-4.2580

■ 130.3310, -2.4300,  
-0.0140

■ 74.0790, 59.5130,  
-4.7670

■ 135.3350, -8.2530,  
0.8910

■ 140.9260,  
-14.3510, 1.2730

■ 146.4030,  
-20.1280, 1.3440

■ 151.9940,  
-26.2260, 1.7260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.9130, 31.2220, 6.8540



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



101.1740, 16.6450, -9.8110

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



92.8810, -36.8140, -15.6460



105.2900, -3.2120, 14.1640

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



93.9230, -27.4640, 2.1360

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.8360, -22.6050, 7.6910



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



91.9540, -47.0850, -11.2210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



96.4070, -17.9240, -16.5800



96.6440, -39.9800, -2.3160



105.7390, 14.5770, 16.6650



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



99.9770, 6.8340, -13.7260



96.6440, -39.9800, -2.3160



104.4140, -9.4930, 12.3550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



156.3340, 10.6830, -0.8770



90.1750, 25.2130, 22.1490



78.2950, 6.4190, -0.6930



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



127.4500, 42.4110, -3.1970



120.1000, 19.4890, -17.3030



60.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850



73.4920, 59.7880, -4.2440



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.9230, -27.4640, 2.1360



113.5500, -42.4110, 3.1970



76.9000, -19.4890, 17.3030



60.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850



53.9210, -59.5130, 4.7670

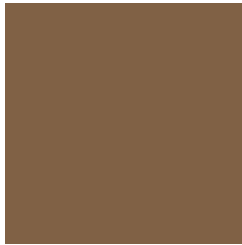


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360.

-2.1360.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360

### Protanopia

102.1570, 15.3150, -7.7330

### Deuteranopia

103.0550, 24.5300, -4.0300



## Tritanopia

105.1600, 20.4010, 10.2330

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360

## Protanomaly

102.6630, 19.7620, -5.7260

## Deuteranomaly

102.7670, 25.4010, -3.2950

## Tritanomaly

104.1940, 23.0610, 6.0770

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360

## Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

103.1490, 9.7660, -0.7780

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 97, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 97, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 97, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 97, 69) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 97, 69) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 97, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 97, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 97, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 97, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 97,  
69) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 103.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 97, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 97,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor