

Converting Colors

YIQ(103.2010, -13.2070,
13.5850)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850)
contains.

YIQ(103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(103.2010, -13.2070,
13.5850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63628D
RGB	99, 98, 141
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 55%
CMY	0.6117, 0.6157, 0.4471
CMYK	0.30, 0.30, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	241°, 18%, 47%
HSV	241°, 30%, 55%
XYZ	14.3201, 13.3108, 27.0053
YIQ	103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

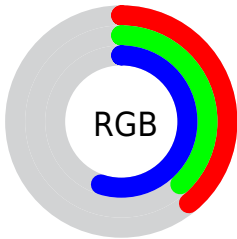
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 98, 141
Decimal	6513293
CIE _{Lab}	43.23, 10.76, -23.54
CIE _{LCh}	43, 25.886, 294.570
Yxy	13.3108, 0.2621, 0.2436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284703373 (0xFF63628D)
YUV	103.2010, 18.6349, -3.6843
Hunter-Lab	36.4840, 6.2152, -18.3474

Details

The YIQ color $103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $135.7990, 13.2070, -13.5850$, and the grayscale version is $103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $154.8420, -13.5740, 14.7300$, and $55.8480, -13.7110, 11.7050$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $90.7970, -17.7010, 17.9390$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $115.6050, -8.7130, 9.2310$.

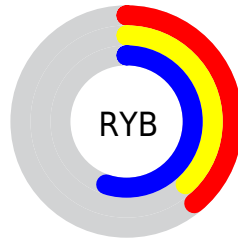
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (38%)

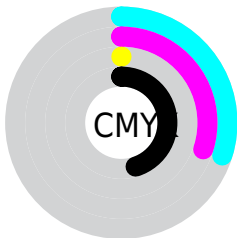
Blue (55%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (55%)

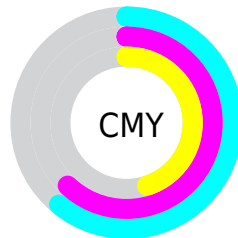


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103.2010,
-13.2070, 13.5850

■ 103.2010,
-13.2070, 13.5850

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 78.6740, -13.1610,
12.7510

■ 154.8420,
-13.5740, 14.7300

■ 55.8480, -13.7110,
11.7050

■ 181.3690,
-13.6200, 15.5640

■ 33.9080, -13.9400,
10.3480

■ 209.3690,
-13.6200, 15.5640

■ 10.1470, -13.1150,
11.9170

■ 234.6330, -5.9160,
8.1000

■ 3.2090, -7.6580,
6.6300

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 103.2010,
-13.2070, 13.5850

■ 103.2010,
-13.2070, 13.5850

■ 90.7970, -17.7010,
17.9390

■ 115.6050, -8.7130,
9.2310

■ 78.3930, -22.1950,
22.2930

■ 128.0090, -4.2190,
4.8770

■ 66.2880, -26.0930,
26.8590

■ 140.1140, -0.3210,
0.3110

■ 53.8840, -30.5870,
31.2130

■ 152.5180, 4.1730,
-4.0430

■ 41.4800, -35.0810,
35.5670

■ 164.9220, 8.6670,
-8.3970

■ 28.4890, -39.3000,
40.4440

■ 177.9130, 12.8860,
-13.2740

■ 16.9710, -43.4730,
44.4870

■ 190.0180, 16.7840,
-17.8400

■ 202.4220, 21.2780,

-22.1940

■ 214.8260, 25.7720,
-26.5480

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.1870, -36.9550, 3.4370



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



104.6830, 8.9830, 18.9270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



102.4200, 33.9280, 1.8640



90.8440, -35.3920, -19.3920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



135.7990, 13.2070, -13.5850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.7620, -11.7340, -18.6300



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



100.7190, 25.3560, -7.9880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



103.8150, 34.6140, 11.4620



98.5920, 9.3560, -15.3800



84.0830, -60.9300, -19.1220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



105.0280, 21.1330, 18.9970



98.5920, 9.3560, -15.3800



93.0360, -27.1850, -19.4490

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



168.9380, -5.4570, 5.2870



127.5560, -25.3530, -8.5930



83.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850



124.0510, -21.2320, 21.3600



109.4800, -0.6910, 18.0370



64.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



16.2870, -41.5470, 42.6210



0.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.6450, 12.1460, 22.1780



143.8560, 19.3420, 34.9420



129.5200, 0.6910, -18.0370



66.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610



55.4130, 38.0880, 69.6720



3.1900, 2.5210, 3.8730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.2010, -13.2070,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850

Protanopia

102.2000, -20.6340, 10.5180

Deuteranopia

102.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970



Tritanopia

101.6230, -9.1240, 0.1560

Trichromacy



Original Color

103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850

Protanomaly

102.6950, -17.6540, 11.5780

Deuteranomaly

102.4670, -17.0120, 10.9560

Tritanomaly

102.3010, -10.9130, 5.0470

Monochromacy



Original Color

103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850

Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

103.1230, -4.5400, 5.1880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 98, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 98, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 98, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 98, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 98, 141) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 98, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 98, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 98, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 98, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 98,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 103.2010, -13.2070, 13.5850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 98, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 98,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor