

# Converting Colors

YIQ(103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(103.2900, 15.1240,  
34.2920)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8B4D91
RGB	139, 77, 145
RGB Percent	55%, 30%, 57%
CMY	0.4547, 0.6981, 0.4314
CMYK	0.04, 0.47, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	295°, 31%, 44%
HSV	295°, 47%, 57%
XYZ	18.4186, 12.8417, 28.2967
YIQ	103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

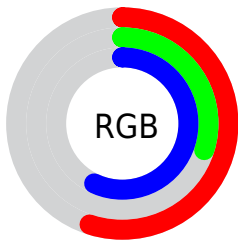
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	139, 77, 145
Decimal	9129361
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.52, 37.08, -26.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 45.712, 324.218
Yxy	12.8417, 0.3093, 0.2156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287319441 (0xFF8B4D91)
YUV	103.2900, 20.5630, 31.3177
Hunter-Lab	35.8353, 29.0336, -21.7327

# Details

The YIQ color **103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **118.7100, -15.1240, -34.2920**, and the grayscale version is **103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.8280, 16.5450, 36.0730**, and **53.1650, 13.9780, 33.0340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.1860, 18.6530, 41.9250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111.8070, 11.8700, 27.1820**.

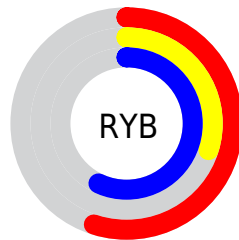
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (30%)

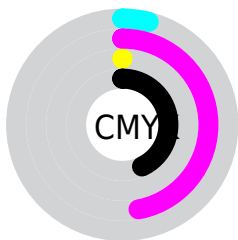
Blue (57%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (57%)

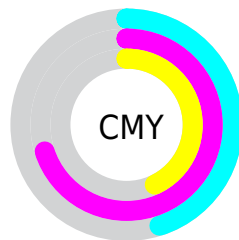


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



103.2900, 15.1240,  
34.2920

103.2900, 15.1240,  
34.2920

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

77.8770, 14.8490,  
33.7690

155.8280, 16.5450,  
36.0730

53.1650, 13.9780,  
33.0340

183.2410, 16.8200,  
36.5960

27.1050, 14.2070,  
34.3910

210.9530, 17.6910,  
37.3310

17.4320, 8.4320,  
23.4080

228.5850, 12.3750,  
23.5350

2.9640, -8.3460,  
8.0860

245.0210, 4.6750,  
8.8910

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 103.2900, 15.1240,  
34.2920

■ 103.2900, 15.1240,  
34.2920

■ 94.1860, 18.6530,  
41.9250

■ 111.8070, 11.8700,  
27.1820

■ 85.6690, 21.9070,  
49.0350

■ 121.2100, 8.9370,  
19.7610

■ 76.2660, 24.8400,  
56.4560

■ 129.7270, 5.6830,  
12.6510

■ 67.7490, 28.0940,  
63.5660

■ 138.8310, 2.1540,  
5.0180

■ 58.6450, 31.6230,  
71.1990

■ 147.3480, -1.1000,  
-2.0920


■ 55.9980, 32.1270,  
73.0790

■ 156.7510, -4.0330,  
-9.5130

■ 165.2680, -7.2870,  
-16.6230

■ 174.3720,

-10.8160, -24.2560

 182.8890,  
-14.0700, -31.3660

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.8700, -27.9720, 22.3640



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



99.6170, 44.8800, 34.6720

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



95.9640, 43.2390, -18.2090



84.0860, -74.1800, -21.2840

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



118.7100, -15.1240, -34.2920

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.7540, -61.9820, -33.1020



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



92.4550, 16.5110, -29.4170

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



97.7400, 56.3940, 2.2020



84.7350, -25.4400, -34.5600



85.8590, -83.3060, -10.0740



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



98.2620, 55.8850, 27.9570



84.7350, -25.4400, -34.5600



82.7180, -70.3280, -25.0160

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



172.2540, 5.6370, 13.4850



88.8610, -23.7530, 17.4870



84.3090, 3.8040, 8.1560



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920



123.7880, 23.1900, 53.3180



102.0060, 27.3670, 27.1670



66.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610



52.1670, 29.9730, 68.0610



3.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.0160, 38.6020, 16.2820



115.7200, 60.2870, 25.2710



119.9940, -27.3670, -27.1670



66.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



41.7330, 76.6080, 32.3520

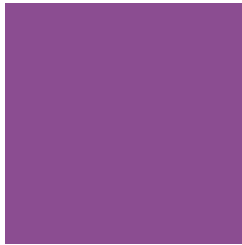


2.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

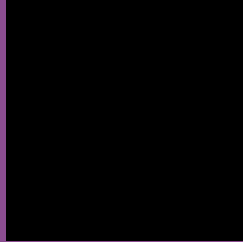
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.2900, 15.1240,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920

### Protanopia

99.1200, -34.8480, 14.8160

### Deuteranopia

100.7870, -20.9090, 9.9950



## Tritanopia

102.8400, 24.2980, 11.1940

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920

## Protanomaly

100.5030, -16.6930, 21.6990

## Deuteranomaly

101.8860, -7.7060, 18.5180

## Tritanomaly

103.1420, 20.8120, 19.3080

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920

## Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

103.3140, 5.4080, 12.1280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 77, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 77, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 77, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 77, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 77, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 77, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 77, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 77, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 77, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 77,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 103.2900, 15.1240, 34.2920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 77, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 77,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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