

# Converting Colors

YIQ(103.4190, 34.5280,  
-20.0320)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(103.4190, 34.5280,  
-20.0320)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C6B1F
RGB	124, 107, 31
RGB Percent	49%, 42%, 12%
CMY	0.5137, 0.5804, 0.8782
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.75, 0.51
HSL	49°, 60%, 30%
HSV	49°, 75%, 49%
XYZ	13.8168, 14.8980, 3.4472
YIQ	103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

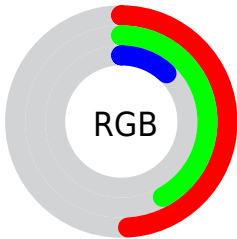
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	52, 124, 31
Decimal	8153887
CIELab	45.49, -2.16, 42.75
CIELCh	45, 42.809, 92.891
Yxy	14.8980, 0.4296, 0.4632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286343967 (0xFF7C6B1F)
YUV	103.4190, -35.7026, 18.0495
Hunter-Lab	38.5979, -3.6490, 21.7234

# Details

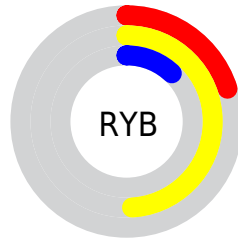
The YIQ color **103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **51.5810, -34.5280, 20.0320**, and the grayscale version is **104.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.5010, 37.2330, -19.4950**, and **56.7480, 26.4120, -16.1160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.8770, 38.9300, -22.7180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105.9610, 30.1260, -17.3460**.

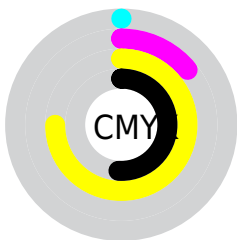
# Distribution



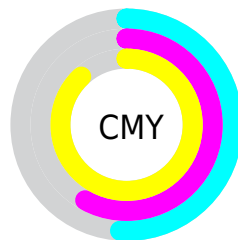
- Red (49%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 103.4190, 34.5280,  
-20.0320

■ 103.4190, 34.5280,  
-20.0320

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 77.9520, 34.3450,  
-22.2230

■ 155.5010, 37.2330,  
-19.4950

■ 56.7480, 26.4120,  
-16.1160

■ 182.8710, 39.0670,  
-19.6930

■ 36.9460, 17.2870,  
-10.4330

■ 210.3550, 40.5800,  
-19.5800

■ 17.4320, 7.2910,  
-5.4850

■ 235.8380, 34.6660,  
-22.5340

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 247.1340, 22.1490,  
-21.4590

■ 250.3260, 13.1610,

-12.7510

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,  
-3.7320

■ 103.4190, 34.5280,  
-20.0320

■ 103.4190, 34.5280,  
-20.0320

■ 100.8770, 38.9300,  
-22.7180

■ 105.9610, 30.1260,  
-17.3460

■ 97.6340, 43.9280,  
-25.1920

■ 109.2040, 25.1280,  
-14.8720

■ 96.3630, 46.1290,  
-26.5350

■ 111.7460, 20.7260,  
-12.1860

■ 114.4020, 16.0030,  
-9.1890

■ 116.9440, 11.6010,  
-6.5030

■ 120.0730, 6.9240,  
-4.3400

■ 122.7290, 2.2010,  
-1.3430

■ 125.2710, -2.2010,  
1.3430

■ 127.9270, -6.9240,  
4.3400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.8270, 51.5350, -3.3530



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



99.7080, 5.5530, -29.0630

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



89.4320, -80.9660, -19.4460



110.2540, 23.9730, 33.6130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



51.5810, -34.5280, 20.0320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.1770, -12.6590, 25.6850



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



89.9340, -87.8910, -9.5790

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



85.9150, -69.6850, -31.1650



96.3270, -66.5280, 5.2480



107.5370, 47.8610, 30.2050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



94.9530, -20.1220, -31.8180



96.3270, -66.5280, 5.2480



111.0400, 12.8320, 31.7760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



152.7870, 13.4810, -7.5350



60.7450, 49.9710, 25.0030



77.1440, 8.1620, -4.7500



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320



128.6210, 53.9700, -30.9740



104.7270, 12.5690, -35.0710



59.7290, 2.2010, -1.3430



97.2490, 46.4500, -26.8460



196.2700, 93.5420, -54.3140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.5810, -34.5280, 20.0320



48.3790, -53.9700, 30.9740



50.2730, -12.5690, 35.0710



56.2710, -2.2010, 1.3430



27.7510, -46.4500, 26.8460



55.7300, -93.5420, 54.3140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

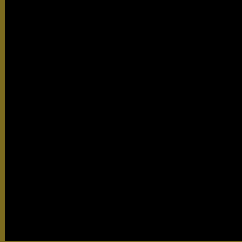
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.4190, 34.5280,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320

### Protanopia

103.1090, 32.4650, -21.1910

### Deuteranopia

104.0010, 41.8170, -14.4630



## Tritanopia

109.8820, 15.3120, 8.8480

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320

## Protanomaly

103.4080, 33.0610, -20.9790

## Deuteranomaly

103.8650, 39.2040, -16.6680

## Tritanomaly

107.8530, 22.2830, -1.8530

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320

## Achromatopsia

103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

103.0150, 12.8390, -6.9130

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 107, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 107, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 107, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 107, 31) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 107, 31) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 107, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 107, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 107, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 107, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 107,  
31) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 103.4190, 34.5280, -20.0320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 107, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
107, 31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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