

Converting Colors

YIQ(103.5710, 31.0440,
-22.9720)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720)
contains.

YIQ(103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(103.5710, 31.0440,
-22.9720)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	776E1E
RGB	119, 110, 30
RGB Percent	47%, 43%, 12%
CMY	0.5334, 0.5686, 0.8822
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.75, 0.53
HSL	54°, 60%, 29%
HSV	54°, 75%, 47%
XYZ	13.4172, 15.1664, 3.4517
YIQ	103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

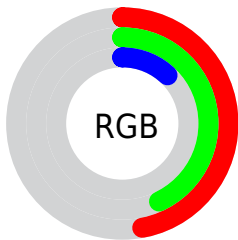
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 119, 30
Decimal	7826974
CIE _{Lab}	45.86, -6.30, 43.36
CIE _{LCh}	46, 43.815, 98.269
Yxy	15.1664, 0.4188, 0.4734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286017054 (0xFF776E1E)
YUV	103.5710, -36.2705, 13.5312
Hunter-Lab	38.9441, -6.6544, 22.0058

Details

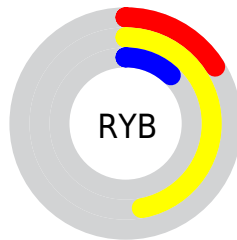
The YIQ color **103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **45.4290, -31.0440, 22.9720**, and the grayscale version is **104.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.6530, 33.7490, -22.4350**, and **57.3130, 23.2030, -18.5330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.6160, 35.1710, -26.1810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105.5260, 26.9170, -19.7630**.

Distribution



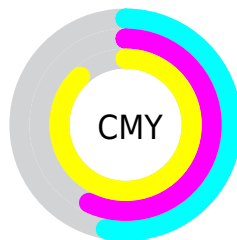
- Red (47%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103.5710, 31.0440,
-22.9720

■ 103.5710, 31.0440,
-22.9720

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 78.4030, 31.4570,
-24.9510

■ 155.6530, 33.7490,
-22.4350

■ 57.3130, 23.2030,
-18.5330

■ 182.7240, 34.9870,
-22.8450

■ 36.6250, 13.7570,
-12.5390

■ 210.9090, 35.9040,
-22.9440

■ 17.1110, 3.7610,
-7.5910

■ 237.4850, 34.1620,
-24.4140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 247.1340, 22.1490,
-21.4590

■ 250.3260, 13.1610,

-12.7510

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,
-3.7320

■ 103.5710, 31.0440,
-22.9720

■ 103.5710, 31.0440,
-22.9720

■ 101.6160, 35.1710,
-26.1810

■ 105.5260, 26.9170,
-19.7630

■ 99.6610, 39.2980,
-29.3900

■ 107.4810, 22.7900,
-16.5540

■ 98.3900, 41.4990,
-30.7330

■ 110.0230, 18.3880,
-13.8680

■ 111.9780, 14.2610,
-10.6590

■ 113.9330, 10.1340,
-7.4500

■ 115.7740, 6.3280,
-4.5520

■ 117.7290, 2.2010,
-1.3430

■ 120.2710, -2.2010,
1.3430

■ 122.2260, -6.3280,
4.5520

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106.2350, 50.2060, -6.8020



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



99.2450, -0.4530, -30.3490

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



90.8170, -83.4880, -17.7920



110.7170, 29.9790, 34.8990

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



45.4290, -31.0440, 22.9720

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111.7650, -5.5070, 28.2290



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



90.5040, -89.4960, -8.0240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



88.0010, -72.8030, -29.7230



101.0620, -55.2960, 10.9440



108.0490, 52.1710, 29.1870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



92.8100, -30.0250, -34.0650



101.0620, -55.2960, 10.9440



111.9160, 19.1130, 33.5850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



149.6620, 12.3350, -8.7930



57.7510, 49.8340, 21.9780



75.4320, 7.2910, -5.4850



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720



131.2350, 49.0650, -35.6950



98.6880, 8.3050, -34.8870



57.7290, 2.2010, -1.3430



101.0480, 42.4620, -31.6660



206.8250, 87.1250, -64.6750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.4290, -31.0440, 22.9720



40.1780, -48.7900, 36.2180



50.3120, -8.3050, 34.8870



53.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660



20.9520, -42.4620, 31.6660



43.1750, -87.1250, 64.6750

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

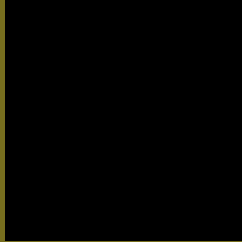
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.5710, 31.0440,

-22.9720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720

Protanopia

103.8810, 33.1070, -21.8130

Deuteranopia

104.8870, 42.1380, -14.7740



Tritanopia

110.4900, 10.5440, 7.1520

Trichromacy



Original Color

103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720

Protanomaly

103.5820, 32.5110, -22.0250

Deuteranomaly

104.7400, 38.0580, -17.9260

Tritanomaly

108.3470, 17.8360, -3.8600

Monochromacy



Original Color

103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720

Achromatopsia

104.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

103.5910, 11.0970, -8.3830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 110, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 110, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 110, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 110, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 110, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 110, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 110, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 110, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 110, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 110,  
30) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 103.5710, 31.0440, -22.9720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 110, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
110, 30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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